

340-376R Dufferin Street & 2 Melbourne Avenue Toronto, Ontario

Site Servicing and Stage 2 Stormwater Management Report

Final

July 20, 2022

Prepared for: Hullmark Sun Life (376 Dufferin) LP



340 – 376R Dufferin Street &2 Melbourne Avenue

Toronto, Ontario

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Hullmark Sun Life (376 Dufferin) LP

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RVA 216056 July 20, 2022

340-376R Dufferin Street & 2 Melbourne Avenue, Toronto, Ontario Site Servicing and Stage 2 Stormwater Management Report

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Hullmark Sunlife (376 Dufferin) LP (the Owner) is proposing the redevelopment of the existing lands at 340-376R Dufferin Street & 2 Melbourne Avenue, located between Melbourne Street and Milky Way Laneway in the City of Toronto (the Site).

R.V. Anderson Associates Limited (RVA) has been retained to prepare a Site Servicing and Stage 2 Stormwater Management (SWM) report in support of a Zoning By-Law Amendment (ZBA), Official Plan Amendment (OPA) and Site Plan Application (SPA). The scope of this report specifically includes:

- Identification and review of existing municipal storm, sanitary and water services available for the Site.
- Estimate water, sanitary and storm demands that will result from the redevelopment.
- Investigation of the capacity of the existing municipal water mains and sewers.
- Provide a summary of proposed servicing of the site with water, sanitary and storm services.
- Identification of the City of Toronto (City) criteria with respect to sanitary, water and storm servicing including stormwater management (SWM) criteria for the redevelopment of the Site, in accordance with the City of Toronto Wet Weather Flow (WWF) Guideline criteria and targets.
- Calculation of allowable post-development peak storm discharge rates.
- Calculation of WWF water balance target criteria and development of appropriate methods to achieve the criteria.
- Recommendation and description of proposed stormwater management (SWM) system for the site to address water balance, water quality, and discharge rate targets.

2.0 BACKGROUND

2.1 Site Location and Existing Conditions

The Site is approximately 0.75 ha in size and has the current municipal addresses of 340-376R Dufferin Street & 2 Melbourne Avenue. In its existing state, the Site is comprised of multiple buildings that are 1 to 2 storeys in height which are located on both the north and south sides of a centralized paved vehicular courtyard. These buildings generally operate as office/business spaces. Buildings with municipal addresses 350 – 376R Dufferin occupy the north half of the Site (i.e., north of the existing Dufferin Street driveway entrance) while the buildings with the municipal address 340 Dufferin Street & Melbourne Avenue occupy the South half of the Site (i.e., south of the existing Dufferin Street driveway).

The site has municipal frontage onto Milky Way Laneway to the north, Dufferin Street to the east and Melbourne Avenue to the south. A portion of the west limit of the Site is bounded by an unpaved granular driveway. Furthermore, residential houses fronting Gwynne Avenue are located just west of the Site location. Refer to Figure 2.1 below for the Site's location in context with the surrounding public roadways. Additionally refer to drawing A-002 prepared by Bousfields Inc. in Appendix A for municipal address labelling.

Figure 2.1 - Site Location



2.2 Proposed Redevelopment

The proposed redevelopment is comprised of two (2) point towers known as the "North Tower" and the "South Tower" which will be 25 storeys and 21 storeys in height respectively. These towers will sit atop a common podium that is four (4) to six (6) stories in height. The South Tower built form will also abut and interconnect with an eleven (11) storey tower known as the "South Midrise Tower".

The podium will have a combination of flex/retail/commercial/studio spaces and amenity areas while the towers will be comprised of residential units. Two floors of underground parking are proposed to be shared between the towers and the podium. A common paved courtyard is proposed at grade in between the buildings, in a similar configuration to the existing condition. A portion of the existing building is proposed to remain. This building is located at the southwest corner of the existing courtyard (350 Dufferin Street). This building will be referred to as the "existing courtyard building" in the report. Furthermore, a portion of the existing façade of the building fronting Dufferin Street will also be preserved.

Vehicular access to the Site will be available via a driveway entrance off Milky Way Laneway. A pedestrian walkway will replace the existing Dufferin Street Driveway which will provide pedestrian access to the Courtyard. There will be two vehicular access points from the Milky Way Laneway. The first location will generally be along the mid-frontage of Milky Way Laneway to provide vehicular access to the building loading area. A second Milky Way Laneway vehicular access point will be located near the northwest corner of the building which will provide access to the building underground parking garage. The pedestrian walkway off Melbourne Avenue will generally be located at the southwest corner of the Site and will provide additional pedestrian access to the Courtyard.

Lastly, the Site will likely be developed in two (2) phases. Phase 1 will include all developments north of 340 Dufferin Street which includes the North and South Towers, the four (4) and six (6) storey podium, the courtyard, and the underground parking structure within the northern Site footprint. During Phase 1, the existing building at 340 Dufferin Street site will remain in its current state. This building will be referred to as the "Existing Phase 1 (340 Dufferin & 2 Melbourne) Building" in the report. Phase 2 will include the demolition of the existing Phase 1 (340 Dufferin & 2 Melbourne) Building the underground parking garage and the South Midrise Tower. It is noted that the entirety of the development will be designed as one single building under the Ontario Building Code (OBC).

Please refer to Appendix A for the Architectural Site plan which shows the 'Phase 1' and 'Phase 2' boundary and detailed statistics for the redeveloped site.

2.3 **Resource Information**

In preparation of this report, the following information was obtained and reviewed:

- Hydrant Flow Tests completed by Lozzi Aqua Check dated May 5, 2021.
- City of Toronto provided record drawings:
 - DWG L-2829, dated 1990.

- DWG M-198, dated 1960.
- o DWG U-557-020 and DWG U-557-021, dated 2013.
- Architectural DWGs of the existing buildings.
- Architectural Drawings and Site statistics of the proposed development, prepared by Sweeny&Co Architects, dated July 15, 2022.
- Utility Circulation responses received from the Toronto Public Utilities Coordinating Committee (TPUCC), dated Feb. to March 2022.
- 'Functional Servicing and Stormwater Management Report' for 340-376 Dufferin Street prepared by Counterpoint Engineering, dated October 2021.
- Sewer and watermain network atlas drawings obtained from the City of Toronto.
- Topographical Survey Prepared by KRCMAR Surveyors Limited, dated April 25, 2021.
- 'Hydrogeological Review Report' prepared by Grounded Engineering Inc. dated December 23, 2021.
- 'Preliminary Geotechnical Engineering Report' prepared by Grounded Engineering Inc. dated December 23, 2021.
- Multiple site visits undertaken in 2022. Site visits included a general examination and photographs of the property to observe surface features that are representative of underground servicing, current surface drainage and to gather additional relevant information.
- Dye Testing Report provided by Aquaflow Technology Inc, dated March 21, 2022, to understand what part of the existing site drains out to either the combined or the storm sewer.
- CCTV and Subsurface Utility Engineering (SUE) performed by T2 in 2017, to understand the existing storm drainage from the site.

3.0 SERVICING INVESTIGATION

3.1 Foundation Drainage

The current (January 2022) City Foundation Drainage Policy prohibits any long-term discharge of foundation drainage (infiltrated or groundwater) to the municipal sanitary sewer and the long-term discharge of groundwater to any municipal sewer from the saturated zone of ground. A Hydrogeological Investigation (Hydro G report) prepared by Grounded Engineering Inc, dated December 23, 2021, has been completed for the Site.

The Hydro G report identifies that a groundwater elevation of 88.7m be used for design purposes

Since the proposed underside of basement structure will be deeper than the groundwater level, the City's Foundation Drainage Policy dictates that the groundwater influencing the basement structure cannot be discharged to the municipal sewers in the long-term scenario. Therefore, to conform to the City's Policy, the Owner will design the proposed building's underground parking structure as a watertight structure which can structurally withstand the hydrostatic forces acting on it. As such, there will be no long-term discharge of foundation drainage to the City sewer.

The existing courtyard building does have an existing groundwater collection system and sump pit in the basement that is connected to the municipal combined sewer. A letter prepared by Pinchin Ltd. (Pinchin) dated August 23, 2021, was prepared to review the existing on-site groundwater collection system(s) and water level monitoring in two existing sump pits (340 Dufferin and 350-358 Dufferin). The results of this investigation concluded that due to waterproofing completed in the existing basements, the foundation drainage discharge from both sump pits was effectively eliminated. Following consultation with the City's Environmental Monitoring and Protection Branch, the Owner will disconnect the groundwater collection systems from the on-site plumbing system so that there is no connection to the municipal sewer system. Furthermore, the Owner will elect to monitor the volume of water collected in the existing sump pits and haul it off-site as necessary by a licensed contractor.

With respect to short-term construction dewatering, groundwater samples were taken and analyzed for water quality. The results of the samples indicate that the groundwater is suitable for short-term discharge to the sanitary or combined sewer but not to storm (i.e., Municipal Code Chapter 681, Table 1, and Table 2 respectively). Therefore, pre-treatment would be required prior to short-term discharge to the storm sewer system. However, pre-treatment would not be required to discharge into the sanitary or combined sewer system in the short-term. The Hydro G report estimates a total short-term construction dewatering groundwater flow rate of 195,000 L/day or 2.26 L/s.

3.2 Sanitary Servicing

3.2.1 Sanitary Servicing Criteria

The City of Toronto's Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains (Jan 2021) and the City of Toronto's Sewer Capacity Assessment Guidelines (2021) was referenced to estimate existing and proposed sanitary demands from the Site. The criteria are generally summarized as follows:

- Average domestic (residential) sewage flows of 450 litres per capita per day for new sewer design.
- Average domestic (residential) sewage flows of 240 litres per capita per day for analysis of existing systems in fully separated sewer areas with no basement flooding concerns.
- The peak domestic sewage flow to be calculated by utilizing a calculated Harmon Peaking Factor [M = 1 + 14 / (4+P^{0.5})].
- Average commercial/industrial/institutional sewage flows of 180,000 litres per floor hectare per day for new local sewers (peaking factor included in average flow).
- Average institutional/commercial/industrial (I/C/I) sewage flows of 240 litres per capita per day for analysis of existing systems in fully separated sewer areas with no basement flooding concerns.
- A peak infiltration allowance of 0.26 L/s/ha is required for analysis of dry weather flow scenarios.
- Population Densities as follows:
 - Bachelor/1-Bedroom 1.4 persons per unit.
 - 2-Bedroom 2.1 persons per unit.
 - 3-Bedroom 3.1 persons per unit.
 - 4-Bedroom 3.7 persons per unit.

In the case of Zoning By-Law Amendment (ZBA) Applications, the City requires that the applicant demonstrate that there is no negative impact on the existing municipal sewer system and, if there is, identify how it will be mitigated. To undertake this review, the applicant must analyze the municipal system until it reaches a municipal trunk sewer in accordance with the City's Sewer Capacity Assessment Guidelines (2021).

3.2.2 Existing Sanitary Servicing

A review of the City's engineering record drawings, sewer atlas maps, and DMOG files indicate that the Site is located in an area in the City of Toronto that is serviced by combined sewers. The existing combined/sanitary sewers around the Site are:

- Milky Way Laneway: 900mm x 600mm diameter brick combined sewer draining east towards Dufferin Street.
- Dufferin Street: 600mm diameter V.P. combined sewer draining south.

• Melbourne Avenue: 375mm diameter V.P. sanitary sewer draining east towards Dufferin Street.

The Dufferin Street combined sewer conveys flows from both the Milky Way Laneway combined sewer and the Melbourne Avenue sanitary sewer. This combined sewer flows south for approximately 500m where it then discharges into a 1,350mm diameter trunk sewer at the Dufferin Steet and Liberty Street intersection.

Please refer to Appendix A for relevant sewer atlas maps around the Site.

Based on Site observations and the Combined & Storm Sewer Investigation Report Dye Test dated March 21, 2022, by Aquaflow Technology (Dye Test Investigation), there are five (5) service connections to the Dufferin Street combined sewer.

The existing estimated peak sanitary discharge rate from the Site is estimated to be approximately 0.95 L/s. Please refer to Appendix A for the Dye Test Investigation Report and Appendix B for calculations.

With respect to sewer capacity related to the short-term private water discharge, refer to Section 3.2.4 of this report.

3.2.3 Proposed Sanitary Servicing

3.2.3.1 Sanitary Demand Analysis

Based on a per capita demand of 240 L/capita/day for residential and 250 L/capita/day for commercial/retail, the proposed redevelopment will result in an estimated total peak sanitary flow rate of 13.02 L/s. This represents an estimated increase of 12.07 L/s over the existing sanitary flow from the Site. The breakdown of the peak sanitary discharge from the redevelopment is as follows:

	Peak Flow (L/s)
Residential (Phase 1)	10.56
Residential (Phase 2)	2.30
Total Residential*	12.49
Retail/Flex (Phase 1)	0.22
Retail/Flex (Phase 2)	0.02
Total Retail/Flex	0.24
Existing Courtyard Building	0.09

Table 3.1 – Proposed Sanitary Demand

	Peak Flow (L/s)
Dry Weather Flow (DWF) Infiltration Allowance (Phase 1)	0.15
Dry Weather Flow (DWF) Infiltration Allowance (Phase 2)	0.04
Total Infiltration	0.19
TOTAL (Site)	13.50 (rounded from 13.02)

* Due to Harmon's Peaking Factor, the total proposed residential peak flows are less than the summation of the two separately.

Please refer to Appendix B for a breakdown of Sanitary Demand Calculations.

3.2.3.2 Proposed Sanitary Service Connections

As stated in Section 2.2, the Site is proposed to be developed in two (2) phases. It is currently envisioned that each phase will be designed with separate sanitary plumbing systems to capture and convey sanitary flows.

Phase 1

Phase 1 will have three (3) separate sanitary service connections which will service the North Tower, the South Tower, and the Phase 1 podium. These sanitary service connections will each be 200mm Ø and connect to the existing 600mm Ø combined sewer on Dufferin Street.

In accordance with the Toronto Municipal Code Chapter 681 (sewer by-law), three (3) sanitary control maintenance holes (MHs) will be provided adjacent to the property line for each service connection. The control MHs will be incorporated into the basement structure where the basement extends out from the building at grade located at the Dufferin Street pedestrian entrance.

Phase 2

Phase 2 will have two (2) separate sanitary service connections which will service the South Midrise Tower and the Phase 2 podium. These sanitary service connections will each be 150mm \emptyset and connect to the existing 375mm \emptyset sanitary sewer on Melbourne Avenue.

Similar to Phase 1, two (2) sanitary control maintenance holes (MHs) will be provided adjacent to the property line for each service connection. The control MHs will be

incorporated into the basement structure where the basement extends out from the building at grade located at the Melbourne Avenue pedestrian entrance.

Please refer to Appendix E for Site Servicing drawing C-2.

3.2.3.3 Combined Sewer Capacity Assessment

As mentioned in Section 3.2.2, a Dye Test Investigation was completed to quantify the existing on-site drainage that is directed to both the municipal sanitary/combined and storm sewer systems. Based on the results of the Dye Test Investigation, it was found that:

- A portion of the roof drainage from the existing building located at the northeast corner of 376R Dufferin Street and a portion of the paved driveway entrance from Dufferin Street drains to the 1650mm storm sewer on Dufferin Street (± 0.022 ha drainage area).
- A portion of the roof drainage from the existing building located at the southeast corner of 340 Dufferin Street drains to the 375mm sanitary sewer located on Melbourne Avenue (±.045 ha drainage area).
- A portion of the roof drainage from the existing building located at the southwest corner of 350 Dufferin Street drains via downspouts to the unpaved granular driveway along the west side of the Site (±0.013 ha drainage area).
- The remainder of the Site (an area of about 0.6644 ha) drains to the combined sewer systems located on Milky Way Laneway and Dufferin Street.

It is noted that the unpaved granular driveway located along the west side of the Site has a fairly flat gradient associated with it. In that regard, the majority of this driveway does not have any purposeful drainage during minor events, but during larger events, drainage would be directed towards Milky Way Laneway. Therefore, the 350 Dufferin Street roof drainage directed to this laneway is not considered to contribute any purposeful flows to the existing combined sewer during minor storm events.

Please refer to Appendix A for Aquaflow Technology Inc. report and Appendix D for the Pre-Development Storm Drainage Plan STM-1.

To quantify the flows to the existing combined sewer system, a runoff coefficient of C = 0.9 was used, since the existing Site can be characterized as being entirely impervious with little to no pervious areas. During a 2-year design storm event, the 0.6644 ha combined sewer catchment area contributes 146 L/s of storm runoff to the municipal combined sewer system.

Following the redevelopment of the Site, all storm flows will be redirected to the existing storm sewer on Dufferin Street. Although the redevelopment will inherently increase the domestic flows to the combined sewer system, the removal of the more substantial peak storm flows from the combined sewer will result in a net decrease in flows to the City's combined sewer.

Tables 3.2 and 3.3 summarize the net-reduction in flows to the municipal combined sewer for the scenario when only Phase 1 is complete and the ultimate scenario when both Phase 1 and Phase 2 are complete. This can be further described as:

• Table 3.2: Phase 1 Complete + Existing Phase 1 (340 Dufferin & 2 Melbourne) Building

Flow	Existing (Pre) (L/s)	Proposed (Post) (L/s)	Reduction (L/s)
Storm (2-yr)	146.00	39.30*	-106.7
Sanitary	0.95	11.01	+10.06
TOTAL	146.95	50.31	-96.64

Table 3.2 – Pre-Post Combined Sewer Flows (Phase 1)

• Table 3.2: Phase 1 + Phase 2 Complete

* Typical 2-year storm flows from existing 340 Dufferin Street & 2 Melbourne Avenue building (to remain as part of Phase 1) to the combined sewer system.

Flow	Existing (Pre) (L/s)	Proposed (Post) (L/s)	Reduction (L/s)
Storm (2-yr)	146.00	5.00*	-141.00
Sanitary	0.95	13.50	+12.55
TOTAL	146.95	18.50	-128.45

Table 3.3 – Pre-Post Combined Sewer Flows (Phase 1 + 2)

* An allowance of 5 L/s has been established to account for any uncontrolled stormwater flows along the perimeter of the Site draining to the Milky Way Laneway.

Based on the tables above, the redevelopment of the Site will comply with Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) Procedure F-5-5, since there will be a 'net-reduction' in the overall flows to the combined sewer system during both the interim (Phase 1) and the final (Phase 1 + Phase 2) conditions. Furthermore, since the redevelopment will result in a net reduction in flows to the combined sewer, further

downstream analysis of the combined sewer system is not required in accordance with the City's Sewer Capacity Assessment Guidelines.

3.2.4 Capacity for Short-Term Private Water Discharge

As indicated in Section 3.1 of this report, the estimated short-term discharge during construction is 195,000 L/day or 2.26 L/s. Since sufficient capacity in the City's sewer system has been established for the ultimate developed peak sanitary demand of 13.50 L/s, it can be concluded that sufficient capacity exists for the much smaller 2.26 L/s short-term private water discharge rate.

3.3 Water Servicing

3.3.1 Water Servicing Criteria

The City of Toronto's Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains (January 2021) was used to analyze the water demand from the proposed development. The City's criteria are generally summarized as follows:

- Water supply systems should be designed to satisfy the greater of maximum day demand plus fire flow or peak hour demand.
- Average domestic water demands of 190 litres per capita per day for low-rise apartment buildings and condominiums with greater than six (6) units.
- Maximum day and peak hour factors for apartments are 1.30 and 2.50 respectively.
- Maximum day and peak hour factors for office/retail are 1.10 and 1.20 respectively.
- Fire flow requirements for the site shall be based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) (1999) and are to not exceed the available flow in the municipal watermain that the site will connect to at a minimum residual pressure of 140 kPa (20 psi).
- Population Densities as follows:
 - 1-Bedroom 1.4 persons per unit.
 - \circ 2-Bedroom 2.1 persons per unit.
 - \circ 3-Bedroom 3.1 persons per unit.

3.3.2 Existing Water Servicing

Based on City record drawings, water atlas maps, and DMOG files, the following watermains are present around the Site:

- Dufferin Street: 300mm diameter ductile iron watermain located along the west side of the roadway constructed in 2013.
- Melbourne Avenue: 100mm diameter cast iron watermain located along the north side of the roadway constructed in 1887 interconnected with the 300mm diameter Dufferin Street watermain.
- Melbourne Avenue: 150mm diameter cast iron watermain located along the south side of the roadway constructed in 1910 interconnected with the 300mm diameter Dufferin Street watermain.

There are also three (3) existing fire hydrants around the vicinity of the Site as follows:

- In front of 376 Dufferin Street.
- In front of 340 Dufferin Street.
- In front of 9 Melbourne Avenue, about 35m west of 340 Dufferin Street.

Furthermore, the City records indicate that there are four (4) water services connected to the 300mm diameter Dufferin Street watermain that service the existing Site. All existing water services from the Site are to be disconnected at the City main and decommissioned within the City right-of-way by City forces at the Owner's expense.

3.3.3 Proposed Water Servicing

3.3.3.1 Domestic Water Demand Analysis

The total estimated average daily flow rates, maximum day, and peak hour demand required for the proposed development are estimated to be as follows:

	Average Day Demand (L/s)	Maximum Day Demand (L/s)	Peak Hour Demand (L/s)
Residential (Phase 1)	2.20	2.86	5.50
Residential (Phase 2)	0.44	0.57	1.10
Total Residential	2.64	3.43	6.60
Retail/Flex (Phase 1)	0.13	0.15	0.21
Retail/Flex (Phase 2)	0.02	0.02	0.02
Total Retail/Flex	0.15	0.17	0.23

Table 3.4 – Proposed Water Demand

	Average Day Demand (L/s)	Maximum Day Demand (L/s)	Peak Hour Demand (L/s)
Existing Phase 1 (340 Dufferin) Building	0.07	0.04	0.04
TOTAL	2.83	3.64	6.93

Refer to Appendix C for water demand analysis calculations.

3.3.3.2 Fire Flow Analysis

In accordance with the City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains, fire flows shall not be less than 80 L/s (4,800L/min) for a 2-hour duration in addition to maximum daily domestic demand with a residual pressure of not less than 140 kPa (20 psi).

Since the site will be developed in two (2) phases, the fire flow requirements for the Site during Phase 1 and during final build-out of Phase 1 and Phase 2 should be reviewed. As discussed previously in the report, these two scenarios can be summarized as follows:

- Phase 1 Complete + Existing Phase 1 (340 Dufferin & 2 Melbourne) Building.
- Phase 1 + Phase 2 Complete.

Phase 1

As mentioned earlier, the Existing Courtyard Building will remain following the redevelopment of the Site. At this time, it is assumed that no internal access will be provided from the Existing Courtyard Building into the new proposed buildings. However, for the purposes of the fire demand calculations, it is conservatively assumed that the Existing Courtyard Building will be connected to the proposed building which will increase the floor plate area used in the FUS calculations.

Calculations using the Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) indicate a maximum required fire flow of approximately 366.70 L/s. This is based on 'fire-resistive construction' with the vertical openings and exterior vertical communications properly protected (one-hour rating) with a sprinkler system designed to National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) standards for the proposed Phase 1 building. For the Existing Courtyard Building, it's assumed to have been constructed to an 'ordinary construction' standard and no reductions were assigned for a sprinkler system. The Existing Phase 1 (340 Dufferin & 2 Melbourne) Building will require a fire flow of approximately 283.30 L/s. This assumes that the building was constructed to an 'ordinary construction' standard. Furthermore, no reductions were assigned for a sprinkler system.

Therefore, the governing Phase 1 fire flow is 366.70 L/s.

Phase 2

Following the demolition of the Existing Phase 1 (340 Dufferin & 2 Melbourne) Building and the construction of Phase 2, the fire demand will be indicative of the overall fire demand for the entire redeveloped Site.

Calculations using the Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) indicates a maximum required fire flow of approximately 371.80 L/s for the entire redeveloped Site. This is based on 'fireresistive construction' with the vertical openings and exterior vertical communications properly protected (one-hour rating) with a sprinkler system designed to NFPA standards for the proposed building. Like the Phase 1 scenario, the Existing Courtyard Building is assumed to have been constructed to an 'ordinary construction' standard with no reductions assigned for a sprinkler system.

A breakdown of the governing max day demand + fire flows and the peak hour domestic demand for the Site is as follows:

	Demand (L/s)	
Fire Flow Demand	371.80	
Max Day Demand	3.64	
TOTAL	375.43	
Peak Hour Domestic Demand	6.93	

Table 3.5 – Proposed Governing Water and Fire Demands

Refer to Appendix C for fire flow analysis calculations.

3.3.3.3 Proposed Watermain Service Connections

A total of five (5) domestic service connections are proposed for Phase 1 and Phase 2 and a common fire service is proposed for the entire development.

Phase 1 - Domestic

Similar to sanitary servicing, and in accordance with the City's Servicing Policy, three (3) service connections are proposed for Phase 1 which will service the North Tower, South Tower, and the Phase 1 podium structure. The domestic water service connections are

proposed to be 150mm Ø each and will connect to the existing 300mm Ø watermain located on Dufferin Street.

The services will be located just north of the Dufferin Street pedestrian entrance where they will enter into a mechanical room located in the P1 level of the underground parking structure.

Phase 2 – Domestic

Two (2) service connections are proposed for Phase 2, one (1) for the South Midrise Tower and one (1) for the Phase 2 podium structure. The service connections are proposed to be 150mm \emptyset each and will connect into the existing 300mm \emptyset watermain located on Dufferin Street.

The services will be located roughly along the Phase 2 mid-frontage to Dufferin Street, where they will enter into a mechanical room located in the P1 level of the underground parking structure.

Fire Service

One (1) fire service connection is proposed to service the redevelopment. It is noted that although OBC dictates that buildings higher than 84m shall be serviced with two (2) sources of water, OBC clause 3.2.1.1 indicates that the mechanical penthouse shall be excluded from the overall building height. As such, this results in a building height of less than 84m and, therefore, one (1) fire connection satisfies OBC requirements. With respect to fire systems, it is assumed that Phase 1 and Phase 2 fire systems will be interconnected to form a single overall fire system for the combined buildings.

The fire service is proposed to be 200mm \emptyset and will connect into the existing 300mm \emptyset watermain located on Dufferin Street. This fire connection will be installed in a "h" configuration in accordance with City standards and will include one of the Phase 1 domestic services branching off this fire service.

A minimum of two (2) Siamese connections will also be provided for the development, which will be located along the frontage of Dufferin Street within 45 m of an existing municipal hydrant in accordance with OBC criteria.

Refer to Appendix E for the Site Servicing drawing C-2.

3.3.4 Capacity of Existing Watermain System

A hydrant flow test was performed by Lozzi Aqua Check on May 5, 2021, on the hydrant located in front of 376 Dufferin Street. The hydrant flow tests were conducted in accordance with NFPA 291 guidelines. The theoretical flow at 20 psi was recorded to be 440.40 L/s. Refer to Appendix C for the hydrant flow test results.

As summarized in Section 3.3.3.2, the governing water demand for the redevelopment will be generated by Max Day Demand plus Fire Flow demand, which is approximately 375 L/s, which is to be delivered with a residual pressure of not less than 20 psi. Based on the hydrant flow test, the watermain can provide 440.40 L/s (6980 US GPM) at 20 psi which is sufficient to support the water demands for the redevelopment.

3.4 Storm Servicing

3.4.1 Existing Storm Servicing and Drainage Conditions

Based on City record drawings, sewer atlas maps and DMOG files, the following storm sewers are located in the vicinity of the Site:

- Dufferin Street: 1,650mm diameter brick storm sewer that drains south along Dufferin Street where it ultimately discharges to Lake Ontario.
- Melbourne Avenue: 300mm diameter V.P. storm sewer draining west.

Please refer to Appendix A for relevant sewer atlas maps around the Site.

Based on the Dye Testing Investigation, a portion of the existing rooftop drainage from the building at 376R Dufferin Street (northeast corner of the site) discharges to the existing 1,650mm storm sewer on Dufferin Street via an existing storm service lateral. Furthermore, there is also a small area of uncontrolled drainage from the existing Dufferin Street vehicular entrance that sheet drains onto Dufferin Street. This uncontrolled drainage is captured by the catchbasins on Dufferin Street which are assumed to be connected to the 1,650mm diameter storm sewer. The total storm drainage catchment area from the Site directed to the municipal storm sewer is roughly 0.022 ha. Most of the remaining storm drainage from the Site is directed to the municipal combined sewers as described in Section 3.2.3.3.

The existing Site can be characterized as impervious since the Site is comprised of mostly hardscaped surfaces and rooftop. Therefore, the Site's existing runoff coefficient is C=0.9. Using the rational method equation Q = CiA, the existing 2-year peak storm discharge rate from the Site can be calculated as:

 $Q_{2-Year} = 2.78 x CiA = 2.78 x 0.90 x 88.20 mm/hr x 0.7444ha = 164.27 L/s$

3.4.2 Proposed Storm Servicing

It is noted that the City Municipal Code, Chapter 681 generally prohibits a storm connection from a site to the municipal sewer. However, in the case of site developments that are not individual single-family lots, a storm service connection is required to meet Wet Weather Flow Management (WWFM) Guidelines (November 2006) and implement

the required SWM. The SWM plan serves as a request through the City of Toronto for a storm service connection and exemption from the associated requirements in the Sewer Code.

As required by the City municipal code with respect to sewers, a new storm service connection will be required.

In accordance with the City Sewer Code, a storm control MH will be provided near the property line for City sampling purposes. This MH will be incorporated into the basement structure where the basement extends out from the finished portion of the above ground building. Refer to Appendix E for Site Servicing drawing C-2 which shows the proposed location for the storm control MH.

The new storm service connection will be 250 mm Ø and will be connected to the existing 1,600 mm Ø storm sewer on Dufferin Street.

The storm service connection will convey controlled drainage from the on-site SWM facility which will be employed to meet the City's stormwater discharge requirements outlined in Section 3.4.3 of this report. This on-site SWM facility will manage stormwater runoff from both Phase 1 and Phase 2. A detailed SWM Plan is presented in Section 4.0 of this report.

3.4.3 Proposed Drainage Conditions

The proposed redevelopment surfaces are comprised of green roof, amenity landscaping, conventional roof, pervious surfaces at grade, and impervious at grade surfaces. As explained above in Section 3.4.2, the on-site SWM facility will be designed to manage stormwater runoff from both Phase 1 and Phase 2. Therefore, the overall Site area will be considered for SWM calculations.

The total site weighted runoff coefficient has been calculated to be 'C'=0.76. Refer to Table 3.6 for the surface and area breakdown and Figure SWM-1 in Appendix D for an illustration of the various surface types.

Surface	Runoff Coefficient ('C')	Area (m²)	% Area of Site	Weighted 'C' Component
Conventional Flat Roof	0.90	3,184	42.8	0.38
Green Roof	0.50	2,123	28.5	0.14
Landscaping at Grade	0.25	418	5.6	0.03
Impervious at Grade	0.90	1,672	22.5	0.20

Surface	Runoff Coefficient ('C')	Area (m²)	% Area of Site	Weighted 'C' Component
Uncontrolled Impervious at Grade	0.90	47	0.6	0.006
Uncontrolled Pervious at Grade	0.25	0	0	0
Total		7,444	100%	0.76

Based on the WWFM Guidelines, the allowed peak discharge from the Site is to be based on controlling the discharge rate to the pre-development 2-year storm with a maximum runoff coefficient of C=0.5 or the existing capacity of the receiving storm sewer, whichever is less. Since the existing Site has a runoff coefficient of greater than C=0.5, a runoff coefficient of C=0.5 would therefore apply to the Site and the allowable peak storm discharge from the redeveloped Site can be calculated as follows:

 $Q_{allowable (Site)} = 2.78 x CiA = 2.78 x 0.50 x 88.20 mm/hr x 0.7444 ha = 91.26 L/s$

4.0 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

4.1 Storm Drainage Criteria

The City of Toronto Wet Weather Flow Master Management Plan (WWFMMP) policy encourages the use of a "treatment train" approach to stormwater management that considers storm run-off as a resource. This philosophy considers best management measures that can be undertaken at the source, conveyance, and end of pipe locations. Opportunities to allow stormwater run-off to be infiltrated back into the ground at the source either by directing run-off to pervious surfaces or by way of infiltration/exfiltration techniques are a key component of the City's WWFMMP policy.

Based on the City of Toronto WWFM Guidelines, the following general SWM criteria would apply to the redevelopment of this site:

- <u>Water Balance</u>: Retain stormwater on-site to the extent practicable to achieve the same level of annual volume of overland runoff from the site in the predevelopment (existing) condition. The maximum allowable annual volume is 50% of the total average annual rainfall depth (this equates to the capture and retention of approximately 5mm of runoff on a daily event basis).
- <u>Water Quality</u>: Provide long-term average removal of 80% of Total Suspended Solids on an annual loading basis from the post-development site.

- <u>Water Quantity (Rate Control)</u>: Control flows from the site during all design storm events (2-year through 100-year design storms) to a rate no greater than the peak run-off rate that would be generated on the predeveloped site in a 2-year storm event with a "C" value of C=0.50, or the existing capacity of the receiving sewer, whichever is less.
- Run-off generated on the entire site, in all storm events, up to and including the 100-year event, shall be contained on-site.
- Maintain existing drainage patterns, ensuring adjacent properties are not adversely affected.

The IDF curve information for the I_2 to I_{100} storms as obtained from the City of Toronto's WWFM Guidelines are as follows:

$$I_{2} (mm/hr) = 21.8 (T)^{-0.78}, \text{ where T is in hours}$$

$$I_{5} (mm/hr) = 32.0 (T)^{-0.79}, \text{ where T is in hours}$$

$$I_{10} (mm/hr) = 38.7 (T)^{-0.80}, \text{ where T is in hours}$$

$$I_{25} (mm/hr) = 45.2 (T)^{-0.80}, \text{ where T is in hours}$$

$$I_{50} (mm/hr) = 53.5 (T)^{-0.80}, \text{ where T is in hours}$$

$$I_{100} (mm/hr) = 59.7 (T)^{-0.80}, \text{ where T is in hours}$$

These equations can be re-expressed in the traditional IDF format (where T is in minutes) as follows:

 $I_{2} (mm/hr) = 531.391/ (T + 0)^{0.78}$ $I_{5} (mm/hr) = 812.623 / (T + 0)^{0.79}$ $I_{10} (mm/hr) = 1023.840 / (T + 0)^{0.80}$ $I_{25} (mm/hr) = 1195.800 / (T + 0)^{0.80}$ $I_{50} (mm/hr) = 1415.390 / (T + 0)^{0.80}$ $I_{100} (mm/hr) = 1579.41 / (T + 0)^{0.80}$

4.2 **Proposed Stormwater Management**

4.2.1 General Description of Proposed SWM Plan

As mentioned in Section 3.4.2, Phase 1 and Phase 2 will have a combined SWM facility. The existing gradient of Dufferin Street falls at roughly a 0.5% gradient from south to north along the frontage of the Site to about the location of the existing Dufferin Street driveway. North of the Dufferin Street driveway, the gradient of Dufferin Street slopes at roughly 5.0% north towards Queen Street. Due to the profile of the Dufferin Street roadway, the north limit of the Site is approximately 2m lower than the vehicular driveway entrance off Dufferin Street.

For this reason, the SWM facility is proposed to be located at the northeast corner of the Site which represents the lowest elevation around the Site. The SWM facility is proposed to be incorporated into the basement structure of the building at an area where a portion of the basement extends beyond the building at grade to permit maintenance access through MH lids at grade. Due to the façade retention of 360 Dufferin Street, the building at grade is proposed to be constructed to the limits of the property line with the exception of a small area at the northeast corner of the Site. Due to the façade retention, this further limits the location of the SWM facility to the northeast corner of the Site where there is a proposed setback of the building at grade from the property line.

The proposed Phase 1 and Phase 2 buildings will both employ green roof surfaces on portions of the rooftop surfaces and amenity areas. These green roof surfaces will serve to reduce the rate and quantity of runoff, as well as provide on-site stormwater quality benefits. In addition to the green roof surfaces, planters will be employed to the extent possible on both the podium amenity areas and at ground level. Refer to Table 3.6 for a breakdown and Figure SWM-1 in Appendix D for an illustration of the various site surface areas.

Studies of extensive green roofs in Toronto and other areas in Canada and the United States have demonstrated that they can effectively reduce annual runoff by as much as 60% through evapotranspiration, with intensive green roofs and planters exceeding that level. At this time, it is anticipated that the green roof selected for this Site will be representative of an intensive green roof system capable of providing at least 7.0 mm (60% annual average rainfall) rainfall/runoff reduction.

The runoff reduction that will result from the "green" surfaces will be insufficient to meet the City's requirement of capturing a minimum of 5 mm of runoff over the Site. Rainwater harvesting for reuse will be employed by the Owner which will include either irrigation or a greywater toilet flushing system to supplement the pervious "green" surfaces to meet the water balance target.

With respect to stormwater quality, a large portion of the Site is comprised of roof surfaces that are relatively clean in terms of TSS loading. However, the vehicular driveways, and at-grade walkways/courtyard within the Site will be subject to TSS loading from vehicular traffic and/or associated winter sanding etc. The other miscellaneous hardscape surfaces at grade may also present a higher TSS loading due to their use. Consequently, it is

proposed to utilize a stormwater treatment device within the basement level certified for 80% TSS removal efficiency by field performance data (verified under TARP Tier II Testing Protocols used in the NJDEP assessment certification program). The use of a Stormfilter[®] manufactured by Contech Engineered Solutions LLC is proposed to meet this requirement. The chambers into which the Stormfilter[®] filtration system will be housed, will be cast into the basement structure. The Stormfilter[®] chamber will be part of the overall SWM facility and will, as such, be located at the northeast corner of the Site. An access lid for the Stormfilter[®] chamber will be provided above the chamber to allow for regular maintenance and replacement of the filter cartridges.

All of the captured stormwater on Site will be directed to the Stormfilter[®] chamber, which, in turn, will discharge to the rainwater harvesting cistern located below the outlet of the detention tank. This cistern will retain stormwater runoff for reuse on-site. This is discussed in greater detail in below.

The SWM detention tank will be designed to capture the 100-year storm from the Site, with the allowable release rate being limited to a 2-year storm with a runoff coefficient C = 0.5. For storm events that exceed the detention tank's capacity (i.e., greater than the 100-year design storm), emergency overland flow will be provided via the at grade MH access opening to the tank (at elevation ±90.40m) to safely convey the excess to Dufferin Street.

The details and configuration of all components regarding the SWM plan are shown on the Site Servicing and SWM drawings in Appendix E. The following section outlines the specific calculations associated with the various SWM targets.

4.2.2 Calculation Methodology

4.2.2.1 Detention Volume

To calculate the proposed discharge rates and required detention volumes, a Visual Otthymo Model (VO2) was created to simulate the storage and discharge characteristics of the site.

The following commands were used to model the site:

Image: (1,2) The StandHyd command was used to model the at grade portion of the Site. IA values of 7 mm and 1 mm were assigned to the pervious and impervious components, respectively. Furthermore, a CN value of 95 was applied to mimic the high potential for stormwater to be converted to runoff for rainfall events that exceed the assigned IA values in consideration that the ground floor slab is expected to be roughly 300 mm – 1,500 mm below the surface grade.

- (3,4) *StandHyd* commands were used to model the roof areas of the Site. IA values of 7 mm and 1mm were assigned to the green roof components and conventional flat roof portion respectively. Furthermore, a CN value of 98 was applied to mimic the high potential for stormwater to be converted to runoff for rainfall events that exceed the assigned IA values.
- (5) The *AddHyd* command was used to add the individual area catchments.
- (6) The *RouteReservoir* command was used to simulate the detention and discharge characteristics for the Site's combined SWM detention tank.
- **M**(7) *StandHyd* command were used to model the relatively minor perimeter areas that are considered uncontrolled drainage.

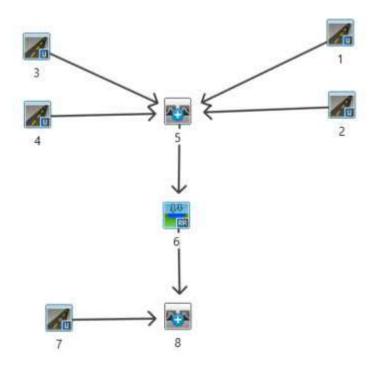


Figure 4.1– V02 Model Schematic

A 155 mm Ø orifice plate will serve to control the peak Site discharge rate. Based on the configuration of the tank and the orifice, a stage storage discharge curve was produced to develop the VO2 route reservoir module. **Table 4.1** summarizes the results for the model simulations for the 2-year to 100-year design storms and **Table 4.2** summarizes the Site stormwater detention storage volumes in the combined detention tank.

Storm Event	Allowable Peak Discharge Rate [L/s]	Peak Discharge to Municipal Storm Sewer [L/s]	Peak Uncontrolled Discharge [L/s]	Total Peak Site Discharge* (L/s)
2-Year	91.26	44	1	45
5-Year	91.26	58	2	58
10-Year	91.26	67	2	67
25-Year	91.26	74	2	74
50-Year	91.26	83	3	83
100-Year	91.26	89	3	89

Table 4.1 – Proposed Peak Discharge Rate from Site

*Accounts for time to peak variances in individual hydrographs

Table 4.2 – Proposed Site Stormwater Storage

Storm Event	Total Storage Required (m ³)	Total Storage Provided (m ³)
2-Year	60	300
5-Year	97	300
10-Year	128	300
25-Year	157	300
50-Year	197	300
100-Year	228	300

The VO2 model output indicates that the post-development peak flow rates for the 2-year through 100-year events are less than the allowable flow rate to the municipal sewer. Refer to Appendix D for Post-Development Controlled Peak Discharge Rate & Storage Calculations for complete VO2 output as well as input parameters.

4.2.2.2 Water Balance

The City of Toronto Wet Weather Flow Management (WWFM) Guidelines target for water balance is to retain stormwater on-site, to the extent practicable, to achieve the same level of annual volume of overland runoff from the Site in the predevelopment (existing) condition, with a maximum allowable annual volume of overland runoff of 50% of the total average annual rainfall depth.

Using Figure 2 from the WWFM Guidelines, greater than 50% of the average annual rainfall depth leaves the Site as runoff. As a result, the maximum allowable volume of overland runoff is 50% of the annual depth of rainfall.

Using Figure 1a from the WWFM Guidelines, it was determined that based on an allowable runoff of 50% of the average annual rainfall depth, 3.5 mm of rainfall from the green roofs and impervious at grade surfaces must be retained on-site. A spreadsheet table was prepared to summarize the daily depth of rain "captured" over the site. The site was divided according to surface condition (column 1), and respective areas of each surface condition (columns 2 and 3). Furthermore, an initial abstraction (I.A.) value (column 4) was derived for each surface condition. The initial abstraction effectively represents the depth of daily rain that falls on the surface and is not converted to runoff. As the initial abstraction values alone are not enough to reduce the volume of runoff to 50% of the total annual average rainfall over the entire site, an additional depth of rainfall will be directed from the roof to the rainwater harvesting cistern (column 5) for rainwater harvesting re-use. The total effective IA (column 6) which is the sum of columns 4 - 5, was compared to Figure 1a of the WWFM guidelines, and a percent of total annual average rainfall was derived for each surface area (column 7). This was then weighted over the total site (column 8) so that a total average annual capture can be totaled.

Refer to Table 4.3 for a summary of the surface conditions, initial abstraction values, corresponding areas, and rainfall capture depths for the site.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Surface	Area (m²)	% Total Site Area	Surface IA (mm)	Depth Directed to Cistern (mm)	Total Effective IA (mm)	% Of Total Annual Average Rainfall (%)	% Of Total Annual Average Rainfall Over Site
Conventional Flat roof	3184	42.8	1.0	3.5	4.5	47	20.1
Green Roof	2123	28.5	7.0*	0.0	7.0	60	17.1
Landscaping at Grade	418	5.6	7.0**	0.0	7.0	60	3.4
Impervious at Grade	1672	22.5	1.0	3.5	4.5	47	10.6
Uncontrolled Impervious at Grade	47	1.2	1.0	0.0	1.0	15	0.1
Uncontrolled Pervious at Grade	0	0	7.0**	0.0	7.0	60	0.0
Total	7444	100%					51.2%

 Table 4.3 – Water Balance

* Intensive Green Roof

** Due to the nature of the pervious areas at grade requiring significant soil depths to support the proposed landscaping (450mm – 1,500mm), the areas are being considered intensive green roofs with an IA of 7 mm.

4.2.2.3 Water Quality

The City of Toronto Wet Weather Flow Management (WWFM) Guidelines water quality target is for the long-term average removal of 80% of Total Suspended Solids (TSS) on an annual loading basis from all runoff leaving the proposed development site based on the post-development level of imperviousness. The rationale for effective TSS removal rates corresponding to the surfaces on the Site is as follows:

- Conventional Flat Roofs, Green Roofs, & Amenity Landscaping: Rooftop areas are subject only to airborne particles and insignificant amounts of sediment transported by foot traffic. As such, an effective removal efficiency of 80% to 90% is often considered to be reasonable on a traditional flat roof or green roof. In this regard, the City of Toronto generally accepts a performance rating of 80% for roof surfaces.
- **Pervious & Impervious at Grade:** Runoff from ground level surfaces will be directed to the Stormfilter[®] before being directed into the stormwater detention tank. The Stormfilter[®] has been designed to provide 80% TSS removal from the at grade runoff.
- Uncontrolled Perimeter Drainage: There are minor areas around the perimeter of the Site which are uncontrolled. These areas are relatively small and with respect to the overall Site, they are considered insignificant with respect to achieving the stormwater quality target.

In summary, due to most of the site surfaces (>99% of the Site area) receiving TSS removal efficiency rates of 80%, the City's water quality target is met.

4.2.3 Maintenance

The stormwater management and drainage system for the Site does require regular maintenance to ensure that it functions as intended and continues to meet the by-law requirements of the City. Key components of the system and applicable maintenance issues are as follows:

SWM Tanks: The SWM detention tank and the rainwater harvesting cistern will receive runoff that is either from a relatively "clean" rooftop source or runoff that has passed through a Stormfilter[®] system. Nevertheless, the SWM detention tank and rainwater harvesting cistern should be inspected at a minimum annually and cleaned out when sediment accumulates to a greater depth than 25 mm or as prescribed by the

designer/supplier. Any additional requirements set out by the irrigation and or greywater system supplier/manufacturer should also be met.

Stormwater Treatment Unit: The Stormfilter[®] system will require regular maintenance as well as regular replacement of the individual filter cartridges. The capture and removal of sediment from the stormwater will degrade the filter media to a point where it can no longer function properly and, as a result, regular replacement of the filters will be required. The duration between filter changes will depend on the quality of the runoff entering the system and the frequency of rain events. These units should be maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and it is suggested that a maintenance contract for inspection and required change out of filters be entered into with a qualified contractor.

Area Drains/Catchbasins/Roof Drains: Area drains, and roof drains should be inspected at a minimum semi-annually to ensure that they are free of debris that may clog them.

Pump Systems: The rainwater harvesting cistern will incorporate pumps and control systems specified by the mechanical and/or specialty irrigation/greywater consultants. Specifics of the operations and maintenance required will be identified by the Mechanical Engineer and the irrigation and/or greywater system's supplier /manufacturer(s) once the final system is selected. During annual commissioning of the system prior to turning on the irrigation system, the cistern tanks should be inspected and cleaned of sediment/debris.

Green Roofs: As a living system, the plant material will require periodic maintenance in addition to regular watering until plant material is established. Specifics of the green roof maintenance will be identified by the Architect and Landscape Architect once the final system is selected.

5.0 EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DURING CONSTRUCTION

Measures are to be taken during construction to ensure that erosion and/or transportation of sediments off-site is controlled. Mitigation measures include:

- Erection of sediment control fence prior to construction, and maintenance throughout construction activities.
- Construction of a clear-stone "mud-mat" at construction site exists to control the tracking of sediments off-site from the tires of vehicles.
- Use of watering for dust control.

• Application to the City for a permit to discharge construction water, including the testing and sediment removal pre-pumping measures required to meet the City permit requirements and sewer use bylaw.

6.0 CONCLUSION

With respect to the proposed redevelopment at 340-376R Dufferin Street & 2 Melbourne Avenue, the proposed site servicing and stormwater management system will address the requirements of the City of Toronto, as follows:

Foundation Drainage

The Hydrogeological report estimates a short-term discharge rate of 195,000 L/day (2.26 L/s). It is the Owner's intent to design the underground parking structure as a watertight structure which can structurally withstand the hydrostatic forces acting on it. As such, the Owner is not proposing the long-term discharge of foundation drainage to the municipal sewer.

With respect to the 'existing courtyard building' (350 Dufferin Street) which will remain, it was found to have no foundation drainage discharge based on a letter prepared by Pinchin Ltd. (Pinchin) dated August 23, 2021. It was concluded that this was due to recent waterproofing updates done to the existing basement structure. Post development, the groundwater collection system from the building will be disconnected from the on-site plumbing system and the owner will monitor the volume of water collected in the existing sump pits and haul it off site as necessary by a licensed contractor.

<u>Sanitary</u>

'Phase 1' of the development will have three (3) 200mm Ø sanitary services to the 600mm Ø combined sewer on Dufferin Street. 'Phase 2' of the development will have two (2) 150mm Ø sanitary services to the 375mm Ø sanitary sewer on Melbourne Avenue. It is currently envisioned that each phase will be designed with separate sanitary plumbing systems to capture and convey sanitary flows.

There will be a net-reduction in total flows to the combined sewer system, since all existing uncontrolled storm drainage that drains out to the combined sewer system, will instead have controlled discharge out to the 1650mm storm sewer from the redeveloped site. This will result in a net decrease of flows of about 128.45 L/s. Hence, a further downstream analysis of the combined sewer system is not required.

<u>Water</u>

'Phase 1' of the development will have three (3) 150mm Ø domestic water services to the 300mm Ø watermain on Dufferin Street. 'Phase 2' of the development will have two (2)

150mm Ø domestic water services to the 300mm Ø watermain on Dufferin Street. The development will be serviced by one (1) 200mm Ø fire service, which will be installed in a "h" configuration in accordance with City standards and will include one of the Phase 1 domestic services branching off this fire service. A fire flow plus Max day water demand of 375 L/s has been estimated for the proposed development, and a hydrant flow test indicated the existing municipal watermain system has a capacity of 440.40 L/s, which should be sufficient to support the proposed development.

<u>Storm</u>

The development will have one (1) 250 mm Ø storm service connection to the 1,600 mm Ø storm sewer located on Dufferin Street. The service will convey a maximum controlled discharge of less than 91.2 L/s from the proposed site SWM system. A 300 m³ detention tank with a 155 mm Ø orifice plate will provide the required detention volume for that discharge rate.

The implementation of rainwater harvesting for reuse as irrigation and/or toilet flushing will serve to meet the City's water balance target and limit the total average annual runoff volume to 49% of the annual average rainfall to match pre-development conditions.

Effectively 99% of the proposed site receives a TSS efficiency removal rate of 80% and, as a result, the clean nature of roof runoff and the filtered at grade surfaces will serve to meet the City's 80% TSS removal water quality requirement.

Summary of Key SWM Parameters

- Stormwater Detention Volume: 228 m³ required, 300 m³ provided.
- Stormwater discharge control: 155 mm Ø orifice plate.
- Rainwater Harvesting Cistern Volume = ±30 m³.
- 100-year Water level in SWM Facility = ±89.625m.
- SWM Facility emergency overland flow elevation = ±90.40m.

We trust that this report satisfies the requirements of the City of Toronto with respect to the subject development. Should you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

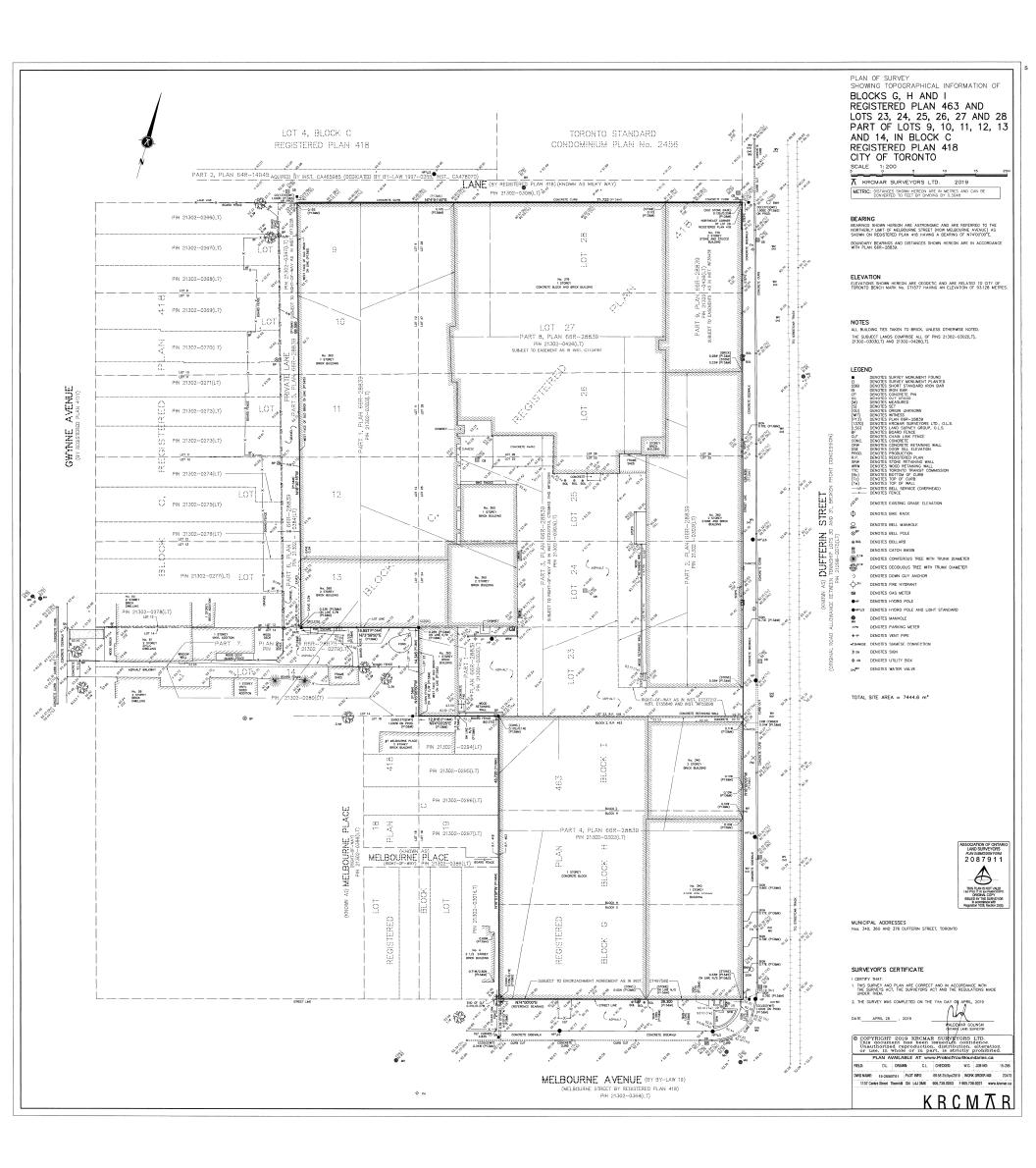
R. V. ANDERSON ASSOCIATES LIMITED

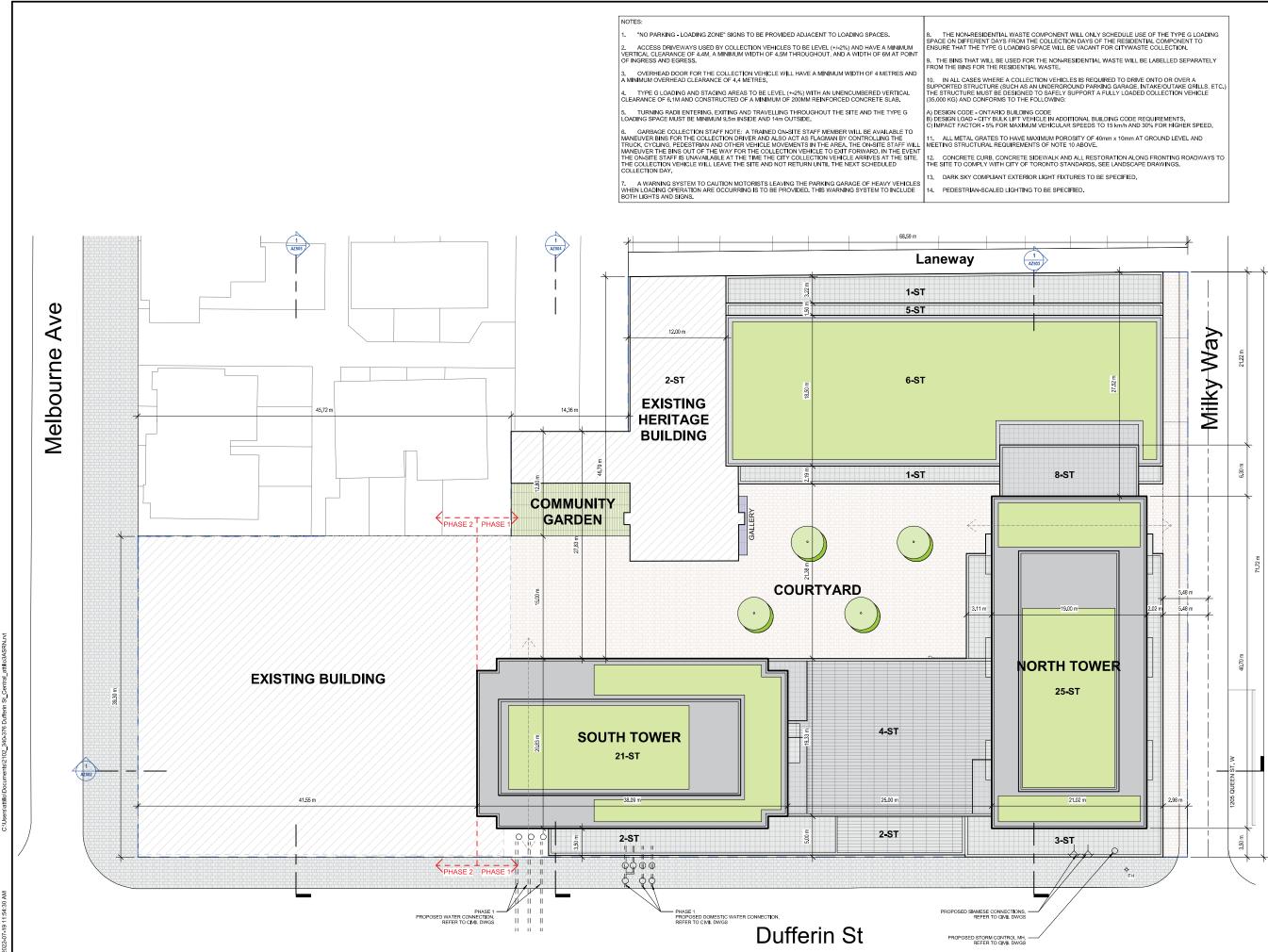
Report Prepared By:

Mufaddal Shabbir, P.Eng. Project Engineer

APPENDIX A

ARCHITECTURAL PLANS, SITE STATISTIC AND BACKGROUND INFORMATION





DRAW	NG NOT TO BE SCALED
the job and re	ust check and verify all dimensions on port any discrepancies to the architect re proceeding with the work.
purposes until This drawing, a	g shall not be used for construction signed by the consultant responsible as an instrument of service, is provided property of Sweeny & Co. Architects
ISSUED	
2022-07-15	ssued for OPA/ZBA/SPA
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Sweeny&Co Architects

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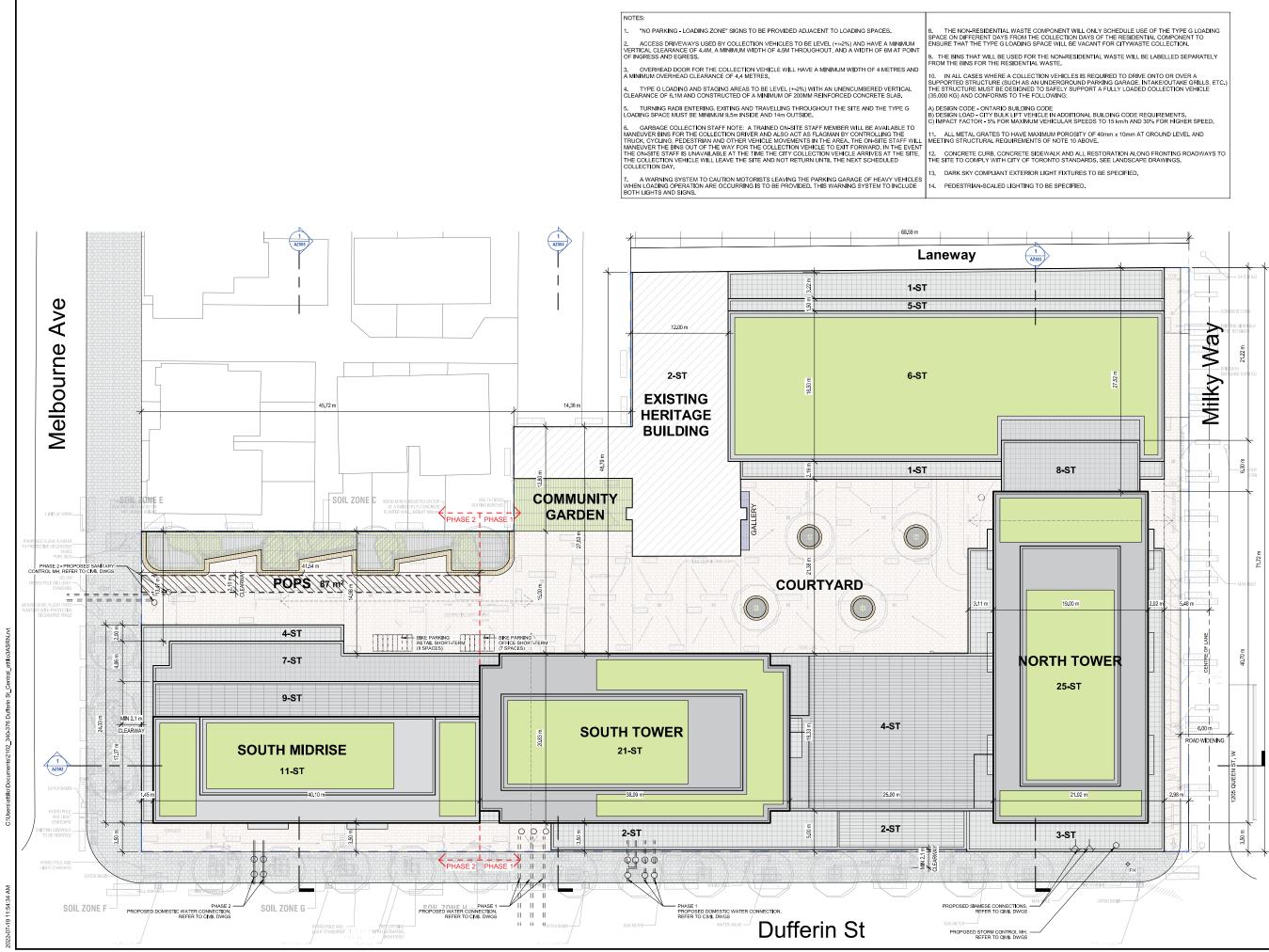
PROJ. NAME 340-376 Dufferin St. Toronto, Ontario

^{owner} Hullmark

DWG TITLE Site Plan Phase 1

DATE : 2022-07-15 SCALE : 1:200 DRAWN : AR, MDL CHECKED : HH PROJ. No.: 2102

DWG No AZ101-A



DRAW	NG NOT TO BE SCALED								
Contractor must check and verify all dimensions on the job and report any discrepancies to the architect before proceeding with the work.									
purposes until This drawing, a	g shall not be used for construction signed by the consultant responsible as an instrument of service, is provided property of Sweeny & Co. Architects,								
ISSUED									
2022-07-15	ssued for OPA/ZBA/SPA								
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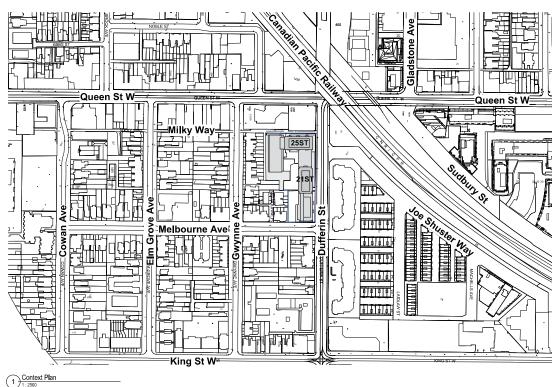
PROJ. NAME 340-376 Dufferin St. Toronto, Ontario

^{owner} Hullmark

DWG TITLE Site Plan Phase 2

DATE : 2022-07-15 SCALE : 1:200 DRAWN : AR, MDL CHECKED : нн PROJ. No.: 2102

DWG No AZ101-B



4	A C.C.				Area SF		
		-					
1316.0				2632.0	28330.6		
Area m ^z	Area Sh	Area m ^e	Area SF	Area m ^e	Area Sh		
1327.8	14292.4	0.0	0.0	1327.8	14292.4		
552.1	5942.3	68.6	738.6	620.7	6680.9		
77.6	834.9	413.8	4454.3	491.4	5289.1		
34.1	366.7	159.4	1716.2	193.5	2082.9		
1991.5	21436.2	641.9	6909.1	2633.4	28345.3		
3.0	m²/unit	1.0	m²/unit	4.0	m² / unit		
	PA	RKING					
SHORT	TTERM	LON	G TERM	TO	TAL		
					93		
	0	1	139	1	39		
0	52		170	2	32		
0.09	Space/Unit	0.2	6 Space/Unit	0.35 Space/			
				TOTAL			
6	56	1	593	6	59		
+							
4	18	1	304	352			
1	18		30	48			
3	0	1	259	259			
	56	1	503	659			
-							
SHOR	T TERM			LONG	TERM		
152	1.42			152	1.42		
					15		
			00 m2		.06		
		REQUIRED			4		
)	8	PROVIDED			4		
					TERM		
					8.92		
					19		
			00 m2		.86		
	7	REQUIRED			4		
	1327.8 552.1 77.6 34.1 1991.5 3.0 5HOR (0.15PAC (0.15PAC (0.15PAC (0.15PAC (0.15PAC (0.15PAC) (0	3316.0 1436.5 1321.6 1436.5 1322.8 1432.4 552.1 5942.3 77.6 814.9 34.1 365.4 93.1 152.1 3.0 m ⁴ /unit 6 0 6.2 0.09 Space/Unit 0.09 Space/Unit 66 116 0 6.6 10.1 SPACS / UNIT) 6.6 11521.42 1521.42 151 7.50 5.4 8 8 8 5HORT TERM 1521.42 152 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50	3316.0 14365.3 res m ² res sy. res sy. res m ² res sy. res sy. res m ² res sy. res sy. 552.1 5942.3 866.7 541.3 566.7 1594.4 34.1 366.7 1594.4 1991.5 2145.2 641.9 3.0 m ³ / unit 1.0 SHORT TERM LOW 0.09 Space/Unit 0.2 1.1 10 SHORT TERM 1521.42 15 1.5 7.56 1.521.42 15 7.50 0.2 every 1 8 REQUIRED SHORT TERM 1521.42 15 7.56 152 0.2 every 1 8 REQUIRED 5HORT TERM 152.02 15 7.56 15 0.2 every 1 19 0.2 every 1 6.85 0.2 every 1	1316.0 14165.3 Areas m ² Areas 35 Areas 35 Areas 35 Areas 44 Areas 35 Areas 44 Areas 35 Areas 44 Areas 44 Areas 44 Areas 44 Areas 56 159.4 Areas 56 159.4 Areas 56 159.4 Areas 57 Areas 44 Areas 57 Areas 44 <td>3316.0 14365.3 2682.0 2682.0 Area m² Area m³ Area m⁴ Area m⁴ System Area m⁴ Area m⁴ Area m⁴ Area m⁴ Area m⁴ Area m⁴ Area m⁴ SHORT TERM LONG TERM O Area m⁴ G. 259 2 C 48 304 3 Area m⁴ Area m⁴ 151 30 Area m⁴ Area m⁴ Area m⁴ 151 Area m⁴<!--</td--></td>	3316.0 14365.3 2682.0 2682.0 Area m ² Area m ³ Area m ⁴ Area m ⁴ System Area m ⁴ Area m ⁴ Area m ⁴ System Area m ⁴ Area m ⁴ Area m ⁴ System Area m ⁴ Area m ⁴ Area m ⁴ System Area m ⁴ Area m ⁴ Area m ⁴ System Area m ⁴ SHORT TERM LONG TERM O Area m ⁴ G. 259 2 C 48 304 3 Area m ⁴ Area m ⁴ 151 30 Area m ⁴ Area m ⁴ Area m ⁴ 151 Area m ⁴ </td		

 RESIDENTIAL AMENITY AREA

 REQUIRED by Zoning
 INDOOR AMENITY
 TOTAL

 By-law 569-2013
 2.0
 m⁷/unit
 No requirement
 4.0
 m²/unit

M TORONTO	Stutistics Template – Toronto Green Standard Version 4.0 Mid to High Rise Residential and all New Non-Residential Development
	all New Non-Residential Development

44,470 m²

N/A

1,521 m² N/A

ection 1: For Stand Alone Zoning Bylaw Amendment Ap

Low Emissions Transportation

of parking spaces with EVSE (residential

Cycling Infrastructure

mber of long-term bicycle parking located on:

a) first storey of building

c) first level below-ground

b) second storey of building

nber of long-term bicycle parking spaces (all-uses)

lumber of Parking Spaces

mitted as part of the appl

Commercial

Industrial

or Zoning Bylaw Amendment applications

Institutional/Other 1,929 m²

Total number of residential units 658

Template is submitted with Site Plan

DI TORONTO

ns and

Cycling In Number o

Number of Tree Cano Total Soil V Soil volun Soil Volum

Level -2 PARKING TOTAL	1 4.00 m	417.33 m ²	4,492 SF 17,732 SF	218.75 m ² 1.186.46 m ²	2,355 SF 12.771 SF	~	-		-	218.75 m ² 1.186.46 m ²	2,355 SF	-	-			-		-	-	-	~			
U/G TOTAL	2 8.00 m	1,647.37 m ²	17,732 SF	1,186.46 m ²						1,186.46 m ²	14)111-01													
UGTOTAL	2 8.00 m	1,64/.3/ m*	17,732 SF	1,186.46 m*	12,//1 SF			-		1,186.46 M*	12,771 SF	-	-							-				
	HEIGHT	TFA								g By-Law 569-2013									RENTABLE			1	OTAL RESIDENTIA	AL UNIT COUNT
ABOVE GRADE	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	112/22	20	RESIDE		FLE Area m ²		COMME		GFA T Area m ²		INDOOR A		OUTDOOR		Area m ^z			EX Area PE	COMME Area m ^z		BACH 10		80.0 380 380.0 T
121 STATES CONTRACTOR STATES	Storeys Metres	Area m ²	Area SF	Area m ^z	Area SF	Area m-	Area SF	Area m ²	Area SF	Area m*	Area SF	Area m ^z	Area SF	Area m ²	Area SF	Area m*	Area SF	Area m ^z	Area SF	Area m-	Area SF	BACH 1BL	180+0 280 28	BD+D 3BD 3BD+D TO
PHASE 1 - GROUND FLOOR Level 1	1 4.50 m	3.578.82 m ²	38.522 SF	776.39 m²	8.357 SF	1,400.21 m ²	15,072 SF	833.57 m ²	8,972 SF	3,010.18 m ²	32.401 SF			-				1,400.21 m ²	15,072 SF	833.57 m ²	8,972 SF			
Level 2	1 4.00 m	2.533.96 m ²	27,275 SF	123.83 m ²	1.333 SF	528.70 m ²	5.691 SF	633.37 11	0,972 SF	652.53 m ²	7.024 SF	1.327.80 m ²	14,292 SF	-	-	-	-	528.70 m ²	5.691 SF	033.37 111-	0,972 3F			
SUBTOTAL	2 8.50 m	6,112.78 m ²	65,797 SF	900.22 m ²	9,690 SF	1.928.92 m ²	20,763 SF	833.57 m ²	8,972 SF	3.662.71 m ²	39,425 SF	1,327.80 m ²	14,292 SF					1,928.92 m²	20,763 SF	833.57 m ²	8.972 SF	-		
																						-		
PHASE 1 - PODIUM + TOWERS																								
Level 3	1 3.00 m	3,266.35 m ²	35,159 SF	2,507.53 m ²	26,991 SF	-			-	2,507.53 m ²	26,991 SF	552.06 m ²	5,942 SF	68.61 m ²	739 SF	2,320.90 m ²	24,982 SF	-	-	-	-	2	2 27 6	- 4 -
Level 4	1 3.00 m	3,048.01 m ² 2,639,14 m ²	32,808 SF	2,795.22 m ²	30,088 SF	-	-	-	-	2,795.22 m ² 2.368.11 m ²	30,088 SF	-	-	-		2,497.64 m ²	26,884 SF	-	-	-	-	9	8 4 7	1 2 -
Level 5 Level 6	1 3.00 m 1 3.00 m	2,639.14 m ² 2,553.30 m ²	28,407 SF 27,483 SF	2,368.11 m ² 2,362.29 m ²	25,490 SF 25,428 SF	-	-		-	2,368.11 m ² 2.362.29 m ²	25,490 SF 25,428 SF	77.56 m ²	835 SF	413.82 m ²	4,454 SF	2,141.79 m ² 2,159.52 m ²	23,054 SF 23,245 SF		-				7 - 9	- 8 -
Level 7	1 3.00 m	1.608.12 m ²	17,310 SF	1.489.58 m ²	16.034 SF					1.489.58 m ²	16.034 SF				-	1.383.08 m ²	14.887 SF				-		8 6	- 7 -
Level 8	1 3.00 m	1,608.12 m ²	17,310 SF	1,489.58 m ²	16,034 SF	-	-	-	-	1,489.58 m ²	16,034 SF	-		-	-	1,383.08 m ²	14,887 SF	-	-	-	-	-	8 - 6	- 2 -
Level 9	1 3.00 m	1,501.04 m ²	16,157 SF	1,385.62 m ²	14,915 SF	-	-	-	-	1,385.62 m ²	14,915 SF		-	-	-	1,283.74 m ²	13,818 SF	-	-	-	-		7 - 5	- 2 -
Level 10	1 3.00 m	1,501.04 m ²	16,157 SF	1,385.62 m ²	14,915 SF	:	-	-	1	1,385.62 m ²	14,915 SF					1,283.74 m ²	13,818 SF	-					7 - 5	- 2 -
Level 11	1 3.00 m	1,501.04 m ²	16,157 SF	1,385.62 m ²	14,915 SF		-		-	1,385.62 m ²	14,915 SF			-		1,283.74 m ²	13,818 SF	-	-	-	-	-	7 - 5	- 2 -
Level 12	1 3.00 m	1,501.04 m ² 1.501.04 m ²	16,157 SF 16,157 SF	1,385.62 m ² 1,385.62 m ²	14,915 SF 14,915 SF		-	-	-	1,385.62 m ² 1,385.62 m ²	14,915 SF 14,915 SF	-		-	-	1,283.74 m ² 1.283.74 m ²	13,818 SF 13,818 SF		-	-	-		7 - 5	- 2 -
Level 13 Level 14	1 3.00 m 1 3.00 m	1,501.04 m ²	16,157 SF 16,157 SF	1,385.62 m ²	14,915 SF 14,915 SF	-	-	-	-	1,385.62 m ²	14,915 SF 14,915 SF	-		-		1,283.74 m ²	13,818 SF 13.818 SF	-	-		-		7 - 5	- 2 -
Level 15	1 3.00 m	1,501.04 m ²	16,157 SF	1.385.62 m ²	14,915 SF					1,385.62 m ²	14,915 SF					1,283.74 m ²	13,818 SF	-						- 2 -
Level 16	1 3.00 m	1,501.04 m ²	16,157 SF	1,385.62 m ²	14,915 SF	-	-	-	-	1,385.62 m ²	14,915 SF			-	-	1,283.74 m ²	13,818 SF	-	-		-	-	7 - 5	- 2 -
Level 17	1 3.00 m	1,501.04 m ²	16,157 SF	1,385.62 m ²	14,915 SF	-	-	-	-	1,385.62 m ²	14,915 SF		-	-	-	1,283.74 m ²	13,818 SF	-	-	-	-	-	7 - 5	- 2 -
Level 18	1 3.00 m	1,501.04 m ²	16,157 SF	1,385.62 m ²	14,915 SF			-	-	1,385.62 m ²	14,915 SF					1,283.74 m ²	13,818 SF			-	-		7 - 5	- 2 -
Level 19	1 3.00 m	1,501.04 m ²	16,157 SF	1,385.62 m ²	14,915 SF	-	-	-	-	1,385.62 m ²	14,915 SF		-	-	-	1,283.74 m ²	13,818 SF	-		-		-	7 - 5	- 2 -
Level 20	1 3.00 m	1,501.04 m ²	16,157 SF	1,385.62 m ²	14,915 SF	-	-	-	-	1,385.62 m ²	14,915 SF		-	-	-	1,283.74 m ²	13,818 SF	-	-	-	-	-	7 - 5	- 2 -
Level 21 Level 22 / MPH South	1 3.00 m 1 3.00 m	1,501.04 m ² 1,102.09 m ²	16,157 SF 11,863 SF	1,385.62 m ² 694.81 m ²	14,915 SF 7,479 SF	-	-	-	-	1,385.62 m ² 694.81 m ²	14,915 SF 7,479 SF			-	-	1,283.74 m ² 636.41 m ²	13,818 SF 6,850 SF	-	-		-	-	7 - 5	- 2 -
Level 227 MPH South	1 3.00 m	1,102.09 m ²	8,082 SF	694.81 m ²	7,479 SF 7,440 SF		-			694.81 m ²	7,479 SF 7,440 SF	-	-	-		636.41 m ²	6,850 SF	-		-	-	-	8 - 3	- 1 -
Level 24	1 3.00 m	750.80 m ²	8.082 SF	691.20 m ²	7.440 SF	-				691.20 m ²	7.440 SF					636.41 m ²	6.850 SF						8 - 3	1 1
Level 25	1 3.00 m	750.80 m ²	8,082 SF	691.20 m ²	7,440 SF					691.20 m ²	7,440 SF			-		636.41 m ²	6,850 SF	-				-	8 - 3	- 1 -
MPH North	- 5.00 m	364.02 m ²	3,918 SF	6.84 m ²	74 SF	-	-	12		6.84 m ²	74 SF			-				-	-			-		
SUBTOTAL	23 74.00 m	37,955.00 m²	408,544 SF	33,800.57 m²	363,826 SF	-	-	-	-	33,800.57 m²	363,826 SF	629.62 m ²	6,777 SF	482.43 m ²	5,193 SF	31,120.32 m ²	334,976 SF	-	-	-		12 34	3 32 121	1 55 -
TOTAL PHASE 1	23 74.00 m	44.067.79 m ²	474.342 SF	34,700.79 m²	373.516 SF	1.928.92 m ²	20,763 SF	833.57 m ²	8.972 SF	37,463.28 m²	403.251 SF	1.957.43 m ²	21,070 SF	482.43 m²	5 103 SE	31.120.32 m ²	334,976 SF	1.928.92 m ²	20.763 SF	833.57 m ²	8.972 SF	2.1% 60	3% 5.7% 21.5%	0.2% 9.8%
TOTAL PRIAGE T	23 74.00 11	44,007.7311	474,042.01	34,700.73 m	575,570 57	1,320.32 11	20,703 07	000.07 11	0,372 01	01,400.20 m	400,201 01	1,001.40 11	21,070 01	402.45 m	0,130 01	01,120.02 m	004,970 07	1,020.02 11	20,703.07	000.07 11	0,372.01			
PHASE 2 - GROUND FLOOR																								
Level 1	1 4.50 m	1,021.51 m ²	10,995 SF	245.36 m ²	2,641 SF	-	-	687.85 m ²	7,404 SF	933.22 m ²	10,045 SF					-	-	-	-	687.85 m ²	7,404 SF	-		
Level 2	1 4.00 m	55.42 m ²	597 SF	7.97 m ²	86 SF			-		7.97 m ²	86 SF			-			-		-			-		
SUBTOTAL	2 8.50 m	1,076.93 m²	11,592 SF	253.33 m²	2,727 SF		**	687.85 m²	7,404 SF	941.18 m²	10,131 SF				**					687.85 m²	7,404 SF	-		
										,														
PHASE 2 - PODIUM		011.10	0.040.05	001.01.21	0.000.05					004.04 3	0.000.05					004.07	0.001.05							
Level 3 Level 4	1 3.00 m 1 3.00 m	911.40 m ² 911.29 m ²	9,810 SF 9,809 SF	861.04 m ² 860.93 m ²	9,268 SF 9,267 SF	-	-	-	-	861.04 m ² 860.93 m ²	9,268 SF 9,267 SF					804.87 m ² 804.80 m ²	8,664 SF 8,663 SF		-		-		4 - 3	- 4 -
Level 5	1 3.00 m	820.52 m ²	8,832 SF	770.17 m ²	8,290 SF	-	-	-	-	770.17 m ²	8,290 SF			-	-	711.92 m ²	7,663 SF	-	-	-	-		5 6	
Level 6	1 3.00 m	822.27 m ²	8.851 SF	771.92 m ²	8,309 SF	-	-	-		771.92 m ²	8,309 SF	-	-	-	-	711.92 m ²	7,663 SF	-	-				5 - 6	1
Level 7	1 3.00 m	820.52 m ²	8,832 SF	770.17 m ²	8,290 SF				-	770.17 m ²	8,290 SF					711.92 m ²	7,663 SF					-	5 - 6	- 1 -
Level 8	1 3.00 m	651.28 m ²	7,010 SF	600.93 m ²	6,468 SF		-		144	600.93 m ²	6,468 SF			-		542.68 m ²	5,841 SF	-	-		-	-	6 - 4	
Level 9	1 3.00 m	651.28 m ²	7,010 SF	600.93 m ²	6,468 SF	-		~	-	600.93 m ²	6,468 SF					542.68 m ²	5,841 SF	-	-	-		-	6 - 4	
Level 10	1 3.00 m	504.56 m ²	5,431 SF	412.85 m ²	4,444 SF	-	-	-	3.55	412.85 m ²	4,444 SF	34.06 m ²	367 SF	159.44 m ²	1,716 SF	361.32 m²	3,889 SF	-	-	-		-	8	
Level 11 MPH Midrise	1 3.00 m - 5.00 m	504.71 m ² 278.60 m ²	5,433 SF 2,999 SF	413.00 m ² 3.63 m ²	4,445 SF 39 SF	-	-		-	413.00 m ² 3.63 m ²	4,445 SF 39 SF				-	361.47 m ²	3,891 SF	-	-	-	-		8	
SUBTOTAL	- 5.00 m 9 32.00 m	6.876.43 m ²	74,017 SF	6.065.56 m ²	65.289 SF	-	-	-		6.065.56 m ²	65,289 SF	34.06 m ²	367 SF	159 SF	1,716 SF	5,553.57 m ²	59,778 SF	-	-		-		1 - 32	- 11 -
																			-			- 54	7 - 32 3% - 34.0%	- 11.7%
TOTAL PHASE 2	9 32.00 m	7,953.36 m ²	85,609 SF	6,318.89 m²	68,016 SF			687.85 m²	7,404 SF	7,006.74 m ²	75,420 SF	34.06 m ²	367 SF	159.44 m²	1,716 SF	5,553.57 m ²	59,778 SF			687.85 m²	7,404 SF			
A/G TOTAL	25 82.5 m	52.021.14 m ²	559,951 SF	41.019.68 m ²	441,532 SF	1.928.92 m ²	20,763 SF	1.521.42 m ²	16.376 SF	44,470.02 m ²	478.671 SF	1,991,49 m ²	21,436 SF	641.87 m ²	6.909 SF	36,673.89 m ²	394,755 SF	1,928.92 m ²	20,763 SF	1.521.42 m ²	16,376 SF	12 3	4 32 153	1 66 -
	HEIGHT	TFA		RESIDE		FLE		COMME		GFA T		INDOOR A		OUTDOOR		RESIDE		FI		COMME		12	426 154	66 6
		IFA		RESIDE	IN INC	FLE	^	COMME	ROME	GFA	OTAL	INCICIENT A	AND CALL A	COTLICIOR	AWEIGHT	RESIDE	INTOAL	FL		C.CIMINE	ACOAL	1.2		

ZONING				
By-law : Height limit :	City of Toronto Zoning By-Law 569-2013 14.0 m	l .		
Gross Floor Area :	44,470 m²			
Density :	5.97			
Building height :	82.50 m (incl. MPH)			
Building height :	82.50 m (incl. MPH)]	
	HEIGHT	TFA	DEDID EN INVAL	ATT 411 - C

		EIGHT				11 C			GFA - City o	f Toronto Zoning	By-Law 569-2013		Ge				-		SALEABLE / F	ENTABLE		
	н	EIGHT		FA	RESIDEN	ITIAL	FLEX		COMMER	CIAL	GFA TO	TAL	INDOOR A	MENITY	OUTDOOR	AMENITY	RESIDEN	ITIAL	FLEX	(COMMER	RCIAL
UNDERGROUND	Storeys	Metres	Area m ²	Area SF	Area m ²	Area SF	Area m ²	Area SF	Area m ²	Area SF	Area m ²	Area SF	Area m ²	Area SF	Area m ²	Area SF	Area m ²	Area SF	Area m ²	Area SF	Area m ²	Area S
PARKING																						
Level -1	1	4.00 m	1,230.04 m ²	13,240 SF	967.71 m ²	10,416 SF			-		967.71 m ²	10,416 SF							-			
Level -2	1	4.00 m	417.33 m ²	4,492 SF	218.75 m ²	2,355 SF		-		-	218.75 m ²	2,355 SF	-		-		-	-	-		-	- 6
PARKING TOTAL	2	8.00 m	1,647.37 m ²	17,732 SF	1,186.46 m²	12,771 SF	**		-		1,186.46 m ²	12,771 SF		-		**	-	-				
U/G TOTAL	2	8.00 m	1,647.37 m ²	17,732 SF	1,186.46 m ²	12,771 SF					1,186.46 m ²	12,771 SF	-					-				

Project: Address : District: Site Area : Parking spaces: The Radiator 340-370 Dufferin St. Toronto, Ontario 7,444 m² 80,122 SF 330 NING

GENERAL

 N/A
 312

 N/A
 N/A
 N/A

 N/A
 N/A
 N/A
 e) other levels below-ground

Number of parking spaces with EVSE (non-residential) 16 16 100%

601

N/A

N/A 30

259

3 1 1 Poge 1 of 3

100% 100%

100%

Area SF	
-	

Mid to High Rise Residential and all New Non-Residential Development

of short-term bicycle parking spaces	66	66	100%
of shower and change facilities (non-residential)	N/A	N/A	N/A
рру	Required	Proposed	Proposed %
Volume (40% of the site area + 66 m2 x 30 m3)	1354	820	
e provided within the site area (m ³)		513	
ne provided within the public boulevard (m3)		257	

DRAWING NOT TO BE SCALED Contractor must check and verify all dimensions on the job and report any discrepancies to the architect before proceeding with the work.

This drawing shall not be used for construction purposes until signed by the consultant responsible. This drawing, as an instrument of service, is provided by and is the property of Sweeny & Co. Architects.

ISSUED

2022-07-15 Issued for OPA/ZBA/SPA

Sweeny&Co Architects

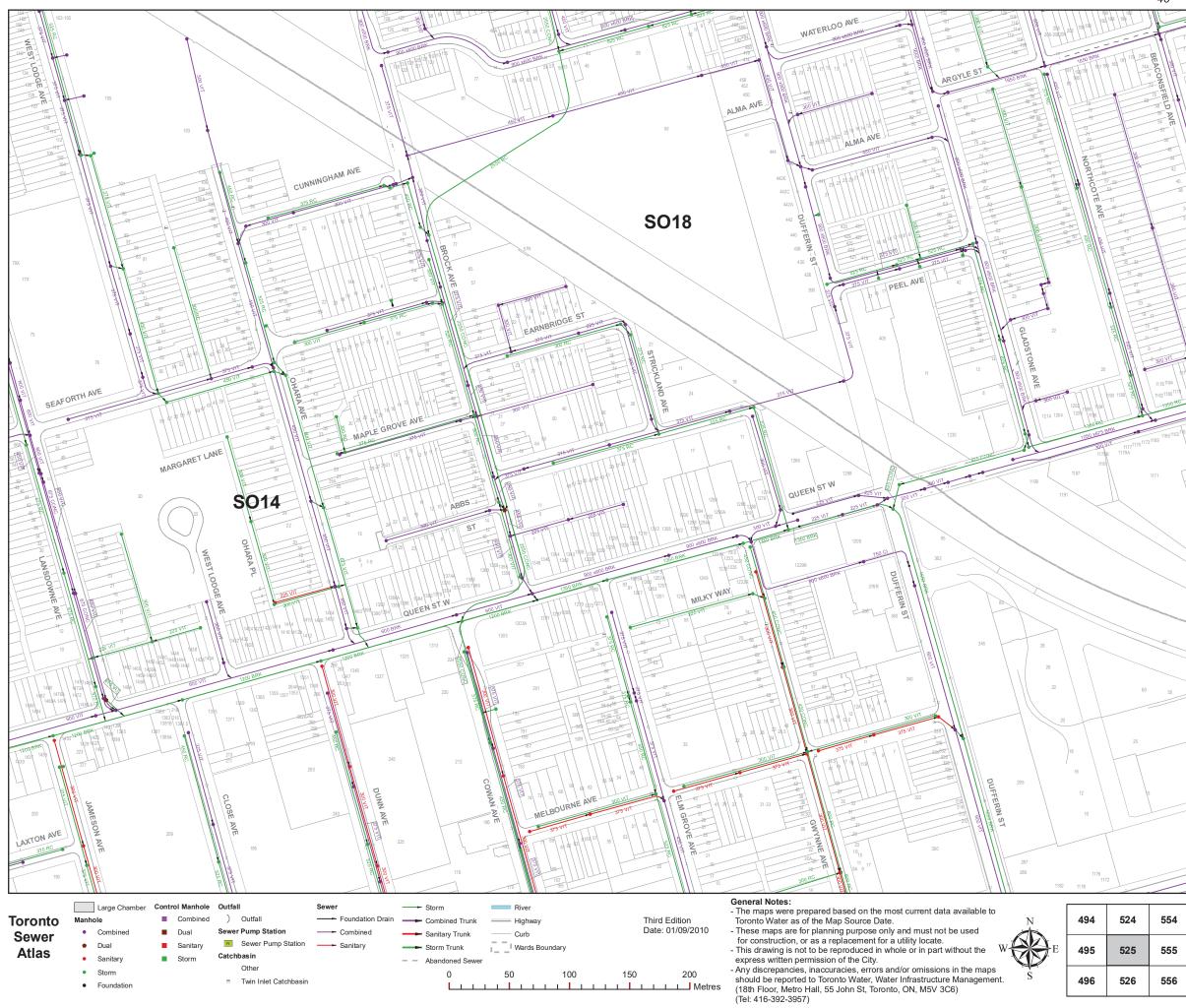
134 PETER STREET | SUITE 1601 TORONTO, ONTARIO | M5V 2H2 | CANADA P: 416-971-5252 | F: 416-971-5420 E: info@andco.com | www.sweenyandco.com

PROJ. NAME 340-376 Dufferin St. Toronto, Ontario

^{owner} Hullmark

DWG TITLE Context Plan & Project Statistics

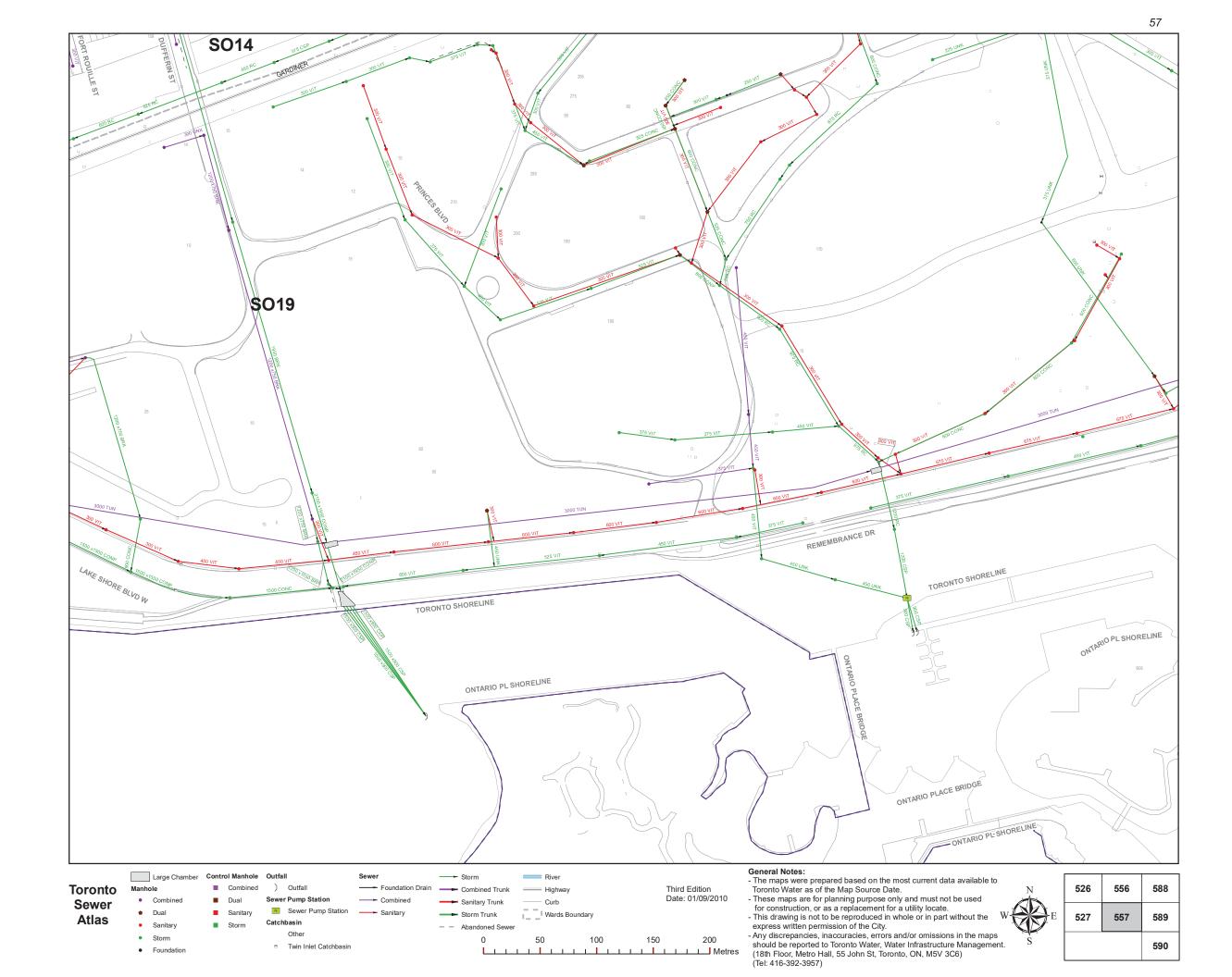
DATE :	2022-07-15
SCALE :	1:2500
DRAWN :	AR
CHECKED :	AG
PROJ. No. :	2102 DWG No.
	AZ001

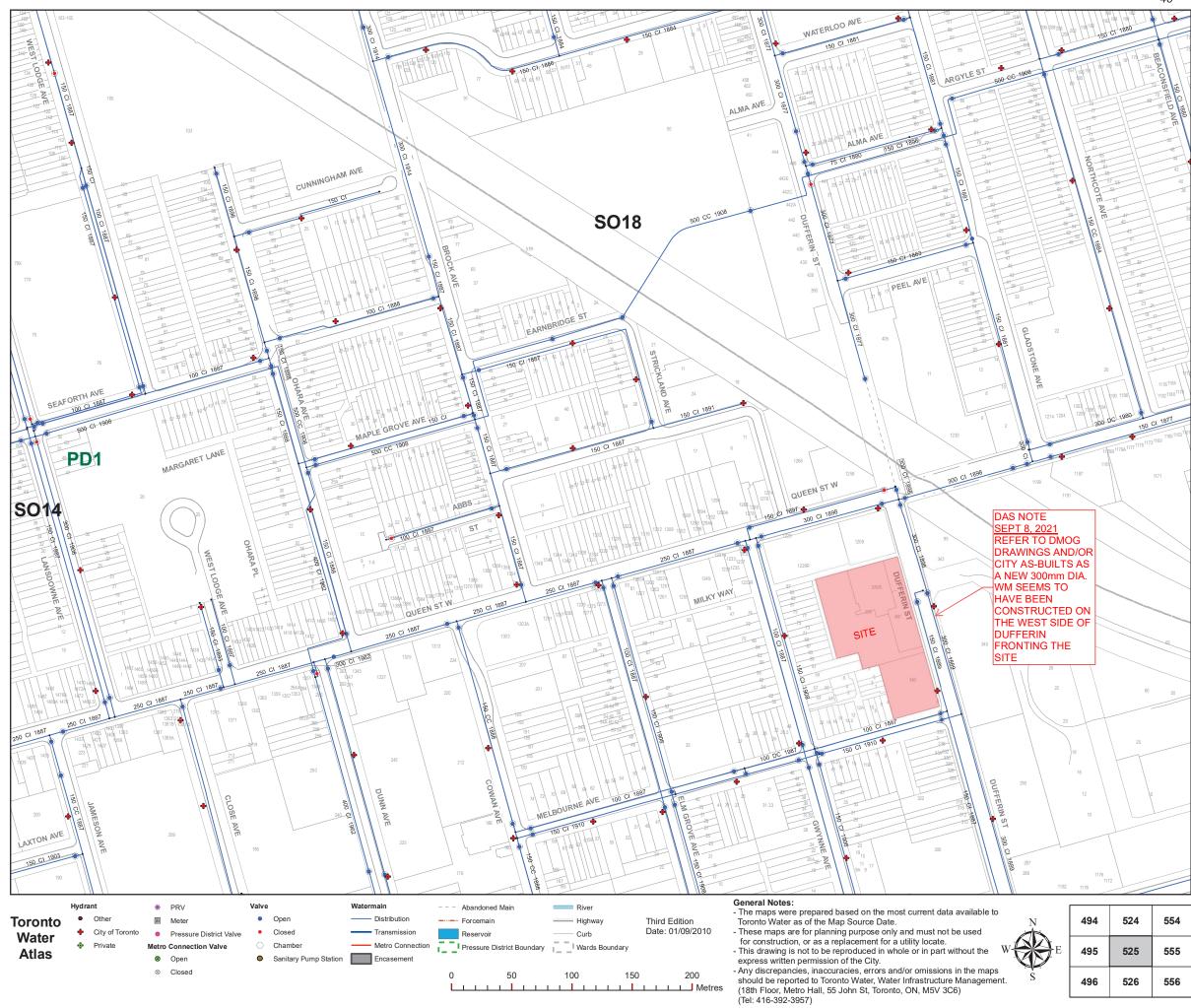


data available to N	494	524	554
not be used			
art without the W	495	525	555
ions in the maps sture Management. S / 3C6)	496	526	556



data available to N	495	525	555
not be used			
te. art without the $W E E$	496	526	556
ions in the maps S ture Management. S / 3C6)	497	527	557





data available to	494	524	554
not be used	-0-		004
art without the W	495	525	555
ions in the maps cture Management. S V 3C6)	496	526	556



226 WILKINSON ROAD, BRAMPTON, ONTARIO L6T 4N7 (905) 792-8169

COMBINED & STORM SEWER INVESTIGATION REPORT DYE TEST

100 MM - 600 MM COMBINED SEWERS & 100 MM - 1650 MM DIAMETER STORM SEWERS

FOR

340 - 376 DUFFERIN STREET (RADIATOR)

CITY OF TORONTO

CONSULTING ENGINEER: R.V. ANDERSON CONSULTING ENGINEER'S REPRESENTATIVE: DAVID STAFFORD OWNER: HULLMARK

MONDAY, MARCH 21ST, 2022

INDEX:

- 1. TITLE PAGE AND INDEX
- 2. SUMMARY REPORT AND CONCLUSIONS
- 3. SKETCH OF SEWERS INSPECTED

SEWER CLEANING, VIDEO INSPECTION, INSITU REPAIRS & MUNICIPAL ENGINEERING SERVICES

2. SUMMARY REPORT AND CONCLUSIONS:

The investigation of the combined & storm sewers at 340 - 376 Dufferin Street was carried out by Steven Lostracco, P.Eng. of Aquaflow Technology, and was authorized by David Stafford of R.V. Anderson. The investigation was carried out on Monday March, 21st, 2022.

The purpose of this report was to determine which municipal sewer the storm drains connect to.

 Two small areas connect to the 1650 mm storm sewer on Dufferin Street:
 a) North East corner of the Uberflip roof at #370 Dufferin St (area shaded in green), Two roof drains.

b) Paved driveway at entrance to parking lot, overland flow drains toward Dufferin Street catchbasins (area shaded in green).

2. One roof drain at #340 Dufferin Street connects to the sanitary sewer on Melbourne Avenue (drain highlighted in yellow)

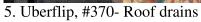
3. The remainder of the site connects to the 600 mm dia. combined sewer on Dufferin Street and the 900x600 combined sewer on Milky Way. This includes roof drains, overland flow and parking lot catchbasins.



3.Uberflip, #370 Dufferin (storm)

4. Uberflip, #370- Roof drains







6. Uberflip, #370- Roof drains



7. Uberflip, #370- Roof drains



8. Uberflip, #370- Roof drains



9. Uberflip, #370- Roof drains







11. #350- Roof drains



12. #358- Roof drains



13. #358- Roof drains



14. #358- Roof drains



15. #358- Roof drains



16. #358- Roof drains

17. #358- Roof drains



18. #360- Roof drains



19. #360- Roof drains



20. #360- Roof drains





21. #340- Roof drains

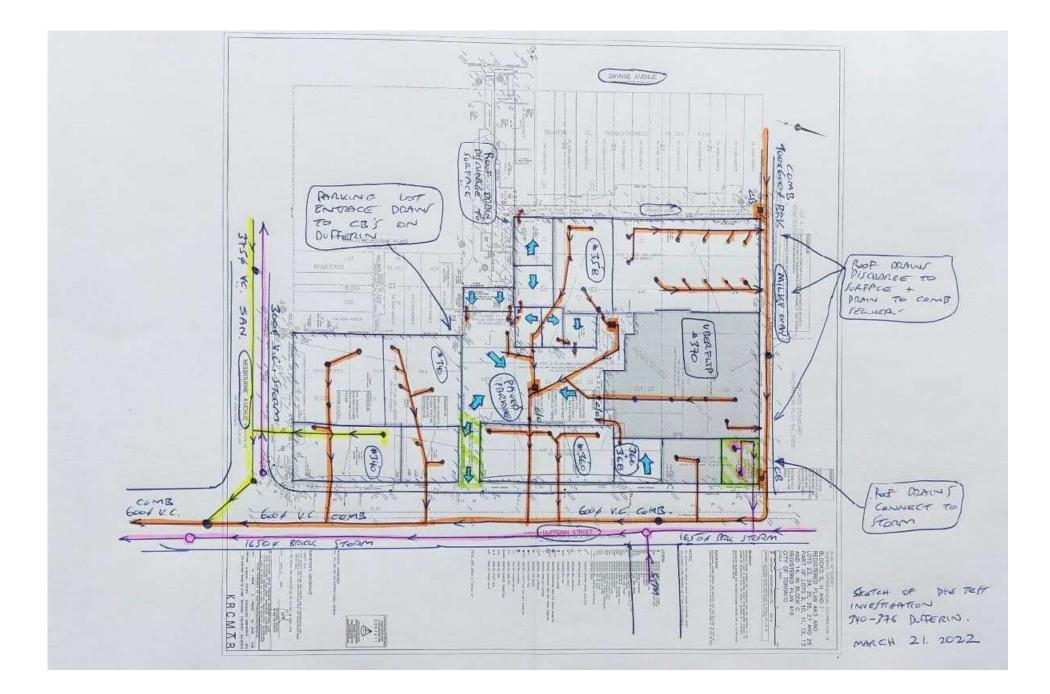
22. #340- Roof drains



Report Prepared by:

Steven Lostracco, P. Eng.





APPENDIX B

SANITARY DEMAND ANALYSIS

TABLE B1 - EXISTING SITE

		Total
Total Office Floor Area**	m ²	7,916
Total Office Floor Area	ha	1
Total Equivalent Population @ 3.3 persons/100m2*	L/s/ha	261
Total Office Flow @ 250L/cap/day*	L/s	0.76
Total Site Area	m²	7,444
Total Site Area	ha	0.74
Total Infiltration	L/s	0.19
Total Sanitary Peak Flow	L/s	0.95

* as per City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains - Jan. 2021.

** estimated footprint of existing buildings using Topographic Survey from KRCMAR Surveyors LTD. Dated April 25, 2019.

		TOTAL
Total Units**	units	564
Total One Bedroom Units	%	69%
Total Bachelor & One Bedroom Units**	units	387
Persons Per Unit*	persons/unit	1.4
Total Two Bedroom Units	%	21.6%
Total Two Bedroom Units**	units	122
Persons Per Unit*	persons/unit	2.1
Total Three Bedroom Units	%	9.8%
Total Three Bedroom Units**	units	55
Persons Per Unit*	persons/unit	3.1
Total Residential Population	persons	969
Total Population Used for Calculation Purposes***	persons	1,000
Total Residential Flow @ 240 L/person/day*	L/day	240,000
Total Residential Flow	L/s	2.78
Peaking Factor****		3.80
Total Residential Peak Flow- Phase 1	L/s	10.56

TABLE B2 - PROPOSED TOTAL SANITARY FLOW ESTIMATE - RESIDENTIAL - PHASE 1

* as per City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains - Jan 2021.

**Based on Architectural Stats received from Sweeny and Co Architects. dated Mar 17, 2022

*** The population was rounded up to provide a conservative figure for demand calculations.

**** Peaking Factor calculated by using Harmon's Formula (1+ 14/(4 + $P^{0.5}$)).

		Total
Total Retail Floor Area**	m²	988
Total Retail Floor Area	ha	0.0988
Total Equivalent Population @ 1.1persons/100m2*	persons	11
Total Retail Flow @ 250L/cap/day	L/s	0.03
Total Retail Peak Flow - Phase 1	L/s	0.03

TABLE B3 - PROPOSED TOTAL SANITARY FLOW ESTIMATE - RETAIL AREA - PHASE 1

* as per City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains - Jan 2021.

**Based on Architectural Stats received from Sweeny and Co Architects. dated Mar 17, 2022

		Total
Total Flex Floor Area**	m²	1,975
Total Flex Floor Area	ha	0.1975
Total Equivalent Population @ 3.3persons/100m2*	persons	65
Total Flex Flow @ 250L/cap/day	L/s	0.19
Total Flex Peak Flow - Phase 1	L/s	0.19

TABLE B4 - PROPOSED TOTAL SANITARY FLOW ESTIMATE - FLEX AREA - PHASE 1

* as per City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains - Jan 2021.

**Based on Architectural Stats received from Sweeny and Co Architects. dated Mar 17, 2022

		Total
Total Building Floor Area	m²	898
Total Building Floor Area	ha	0.0898
Total Equivalent Population @ 3.3persons/100m2*	persons	30
Total Building Flow @ 250L/cap/day	L/s	0.09
Total Building Peak Flow - Phase 1	L/s	0.09

TABLE B5 - PROPOSED TOTAL SANITARY FLOW ESTIMATE - EXISTING BUILDING - PHASE 1

* as per City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains - Jan 2021.

** estimated footprint of existing building using Topographic Survey from KRCMAR Surveyors LTD. Dated April 25, 2019.

Site Area	m²	5771
Site Area	ha	0.5771
Infiltration Allowance*	L/s/ha	0.26
Total Infiltration Peak Flow-Phase 1	L/s	0.15

TABLE B6 - PROPOSED TOTAL SANITARY FLOW ESTIMATE - INFILTRATION - PHASE 1

* as per City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains - Jan 2021.

		TOTAL
Total Residential Peak Flow	L/s	10.56
Total Retail Peak Flow	L/s	0.03
Total Flex Peak Flow	L/s	0.19
Total Office Peak Flow (Existing Building)	L/s	0.09
Total Infiltration Peak Flow	L/s	0.15
Total Sanitary Peak Flow - Phase 1	L/s	11.01

TABLE B7 - PROPOSED TOTAL SANITARY FLOW ESTIMATE - PHASE 1

		TOTAL
Total Units**	units	100
Total One Bedroom Units	%	50%
Total Bachelor & One Bedroom Units**	units	50
Persons Per Unit*	persons/unit	1.4
Total Two Bedroom Units	%	38.0%
Total Two Bedroom Units**	units	38
Persons Per Unit*	persons/unit	2.1
Total Three Bedroom Units	%	12.0%
Total Three Bedroom Units**	units	12
Persons Per Unit*	persons/unit	3.1
Total Residential Population	persons	187
Total Population Used for Calculation Purposes***	persons	200
Total Residential Flow @ 240 L/person/day*	L/day	48,000
Total Residential Flow	L/s	0.56
Peaking Factor****		4.15
Total Residential Peak Flow- Phase 2	L/s	2.30

TABLE B8 - PROPOSED TOTAL SANITARY FLOW ESTIMATE - RESIDENTIAL - Phase 2

* as per City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains - Jan 2021.

**Based on Architectural Stats received from Sweeny and Co Architects. dated Mar 17, 2022

*** The population was rounded up to provide a conservative figure for demand calculations.

**** Peaking Factor calculated by using Harmon's Formula (1+ 14/(4 + $P^{0.5}$)).

		Total
Total Retail Floor Area**	m²	752
Total Retail Floor Area	ha	0.0752
Total Equivalent Population @ 1.1persons/100m2*	persons	8
Total Retail Flow @ 250L/cap/day	L/s	0.02
Total Retail Peak Flow-Phase 2	L/s	0.02

TABLE B9 - PROPOSED TOTAL SANITARY FLOW ESTIMATE - RETAIL - PHASE 2

* as per City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains - Jan 2021.

**Based on Architectural Stats received from Sweeny and Co Architects. dated Mar 17, 2022

Site Area	m²	1673
Site Area	ha	0.1673
Infiltration Allowance*	L/s/ha	0.26
Total Infiltration Peak Flow-Phase 2	L/s	0.04

TABLE B10 - PROPOSED TOTAL SANITARY FLOW ESTIMATE - INFILTRATION - PHASE 2

* as per City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains - Jan 2021.

		TOTAL
Total Residential Peak Flow	L/s	2.30
Total Retail Peak Flow	L/s	0.02
Total Infiltration Peak Flow	L/s	0.04
Total Sanitary Peak Flow-Phase 2	L/s	2.37

TABLE B11 - PROPOSED TOTAL SANITARY FLOW ESTIMATE - PHASE 2

		TOTAL
Total Units**	units	664
Total One Bedroom Units	%	66%
Total Bachelor & One Bedroom Units**	units	437
Persons Per Unit*	persons/unit	1.4
Total Two Bedroom Units	%	24.1%
Total Two Bedroom Units**	units	160
Persons Per Unit*	persons/unit	2.1
Total Three Bedroom Units	%	10.1%
Total Three Bedroom Units**	units	67
Persons Per Unit*	persons/unit	3.1
Total Residential Population	persons	1,156
Total Population Used for Calculation Purposes***	persons	1,200
Total Residential Flow @ 240 L/person/day*	L/day	288,000
Total Residential Flow	L/s	3.33
Peaking Factor****		3.75
Total Residential Peak Flow- Phase 1&2	L/s	12.49

TABLE B12 - PROPOSED TOTAL SANITARY FLOW ESTIMATE - RESIDENTIAL - Phase 1&2

* as per City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains - Jan 2021.

**Based on Architectural Stats received from Sweeny and Co Architects. dated Mar 17, 2022

*** The population was rounded up to provide a conservative figure for demand calculations.

**** Peaking Factor calculated by using Harmon's Formula (1+ 14/(4 + P^0.5)).

		TOTAL
Total Residential Peak Flow	L/s	12.49
Total Retail Peak Flow	L/s	0.06
Total Flex Peak Flow	L/s	0.19
Total Office Peak Flow (Existing Building)	L/s	0.09
Total Infiltration Peak Flow	L/s	0.19
Total Sanitary Peak Flow-Phase 1&2	L/s	13.02
Total Sanitary Peak Flow-Phase 1&2*	L/s	13.50

TABLE B13 - PROPOSED TOTAL SANITARY FLOW ESTIMATE - OVERALL (PHASE 1 & 2)

*The sanitary peak flow was rounded up to provide a conservative figure for demand calculations.

APPENDIX C

WATER DEMAND ANALYSIS

Massimo Lozzi Cell: 416 990-2131 E-mail: lozziaquacheck@gmail.com

Hydrant Flow Test Form

Job Location: 340 - 376 Dufferin St, Toronto

Date: May 5,2021

Time of Test: 9:30 am

Location of Flow Hydrant: at S/E corner of Melbourne Ave and Dufferin St.

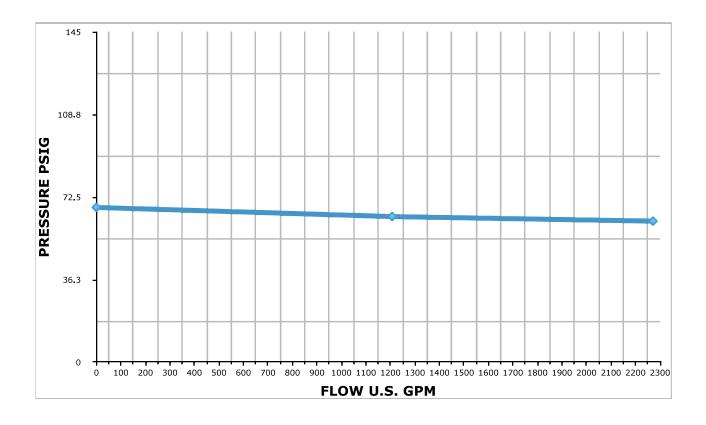
Residual : First hydrant south of Queen St on Dufferin St.

Main Size: 300 mm.

Static Pressure: 68 psi

	Number of Outlets & Orifice Size	Pitot Pressure (psi)	Flow (U.S. G.P.M.)	Residual Pressure (psi)
1.	Static	0	0	68
2.	1 x 2 ½	52	1207	64
3.	2 x 2 ½	46	2271	62

Note :Flow test conducted in accordance with NFPA Std 291



		TOTAL
Total Units	units	564
Total One-Bedroom Units	%	69%
Total One-Bedroom Units**	units	387
Persons Per Unit*	persons/unit	1.4
Total Two Bedroom Units	%	21.6%
Total Two Bedroom Units**	units	122
Persons Per Unit*	persons/unit	2.1
Total Three Bedroom Units	%	9.8%
Total Three Bedroom Units**	units	55
Persons Per Unit*	persons/unit	3.1
Total Residential Population	persons	969
Total Population Used for Calculation Purposes***	persons	1,000
Per Capita Demand @ 190 L/person/day*	L/day	190,000
Equivalent Population Demand	L/s	2.20
Peak Hour Peaking Factor*		2.5
Peak Hour Design Demand Rate	L/s	5.50
Peak Hour Design Demand Rate (m ³ /day)	m ³ /day	475
Maximum Day Peaking Factor*		1.3
Maximum Day Design Demand Rate	L/s	2.86
Maximum Day Design Demand Rate (m ³ /day)	m ³ /day	247

TABLE C1 - PROPOSED PEAK WATER DEMAND CALCULATIONS - RESIDENTIAL - PHASE 1

* as per City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains - Jan. 2021

**Based on Architectural Stats received from Sweeny and Co Architects. dated Mar 17, 2022

***The population was rounded up to provide a conservative figure for demand calculations.

		TOTAL
Total Retail Floor Area**	m²	1,000
Equivalent Population Density*	persons/100m ²	1.1
Equivalent Population	persons	11
Per Capita Demand @ 190 L/person/day*	L/day	2,090
Total Retail Demand	L/s	0.02
Peak Hour Peaking Factor*		1.2
Peak Hour Design Demand	L/s	0.03
Peak Hour Design Demand	m ³ /day	3
Maximum Day Peaking Factor*		1.1
Maximum Day Design Demand	L/s	0.03
Maximum Day Design Demand	m ³ /day	2

TABLE C2 - PROPOSED PEAK WATER DEMAND CALCULATIONS - RETAIL - PHASE 1

* as per City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains - Jan. 2021

**Based on Architectural Stats received from Sweeny and Co Architects. dated Mar 17, 2022

		TOTAL
Total Flex Floor Area**	m²	1,500
Equivalent Population Density*	persons/100m ²	3.3
Equivalent Population	persons	50
Per Capita Demand @ 190 L/person/day*	L/day	9,405
Total Flex Demand	L/s	0.11
Peak Hour Peaking Factor*		1.9
Peak Hour Design Demand	L/s	0.21
Peak HourDesign Demand	m ³ /day	18
Maximum Day Peaking Factor*		1.1
Maximum Day Design Demand	L/s	0.12
Maximum Day Design Demand	m ³ /day	10

TABLE C3 - PROPOSED PEAK WATER DEMAND CALCULATIONS - FLEX -

* as per City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains - Jan. 2021 **Based on Architectural Stats received from Sweeny and Co Architects. dated Mar 17, 2022

		TOTAL
Total Building Floor Area**	m²	500
Equivalent Population Density*	persons/100m ²	3.3
Equivalent Population	persons	17
Per Capita Demand @ 190 L/person/day*	L/day	3,135
Total Water Demand	L/s	0.04
Peak Hour Peaking Factor*		1.9
Peak Hour Design Demand	L/s	0.07
Peak Hour Design Demand	m ³ /day	6
Maximum Day Peaking Factor*		1.1
Maximum Day Design Demand	L/s	0.04
Maximum Day Design Demand	m ³ /day	3

TABLE C4 - PROPOSED PEAK WATER DEMAND CALCULATIONS - EXISTING BUILDING - PHASE 1

* as per City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains - Jan. 2021 ** estimated footprint of existing buildings using Topographic Survey from KRCMAR Surveyors LTD. Dated April 25, 2019.

		PEAK HOUR	MAXIMUM DAY	AVERAGE
Residential Demand	L/s	5.50	2.86	2.20
Retail Demand	L/s	0.03	0.03	0.02
Flex Demand	L/s	0.21	0.12	0.11
Existing Building Demand	L/s	0.07	0.04	0.04
Total Flow Rate	L/s	5.80	3.05	2.37
Total Flow Rate	L/min	348	183	142

TABLE C5- PROPOSED PEAK WATER DEMAND CALCULATIONS - DOMESTIC - PHASE 1

		TOTAL
Total Building Floor Area**	m²	2,000
Equivalent Population Density*	persons/100m ²	3.3
Equivalent Population	persons	66
Per Capita Demand @ 190 L/person/day*	L/day	12,540
Total Water Demand	L/s	0.15
Peak Hour Peaking Factor*		1.9
Peak Hour Design Demand	L/s	0.28
Peak Hour Design Demand	m³/day	24
Maximum Day Peaking Factor*		1.1
Maximum Day Design Demand	L/s	0.16
Maximum Day Design Demand	m³/day	14

TABLE C6 - PROPOSED PEAK WATER DEMAND CALCULATIONS - EXISTING PHASE 2 BUILDING

* as per City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains - Jan. 2021 ** estimated footprint of existing buildings using Topographic Survey from KRCMAR Surveyors LTD. Dated April 25, 2019.

		TOTAL
Total Units	units	100
Total One-Bedroom Units**	%	50%
Total One-Bedroom Units	units	50
Persons Per Unit*	persons/unit	1.4
Total Two Bedroom Units	%	38.0%
Total Two Bedroom Units**	units	38
Persons Per Unit*	persons/unit	2.1
Total Three Bedroom Units	%	12.0%
Total Three Bedroom Units**	units	12
Persons Per Unit*	persons/unit	3.1
Total Residential Population	persons	187
Total Population Used for Calculation Purposes***	persons	200
Per Capita Demand @ 190 L/person/day	L/day	38,000
Equivalent Population Demand	L/s	0.44
Peak Hour Peaking Factor*		2.5
Peak Hour Design Demand Rate	L/s	1.1
Peak Hour Design Demand Rate (m ³ /day)	m ³ /day	95
Maximum Day Peaking Factor*		1.3
Maximum Day Design Demand Rate	L/s	0.57
Maximum Day Design Demand Rate (m ³ /day)	m ³ /day	49

TABLE C7 - PROPOSED PEAK WATER DEMAND CALCULATIONS - RESIDENTIAL - PHASE 2

* as per City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains - Jan. 2021

**Based on Architectural Stats received from Sweeny and Co Architects. dated Mar 17, 2022

***The population was rounded up to provide a conservative figure for demand calculations.

		TOTAL
Total Retail Floor Area**	m²	800
Equivalent Population Density*	persons/100m ²	1.1
Equivalent Population	persons	9
Per Capita Demand @ 190 L/person/day*	L/day	1,672
Total Retail Demand	L/s	0.02
Peak Hour Peaking Factor*		1.2
Peak Hour Design Demand	L/s	0.02
Peak HourDesign Demand	m³/day	2
Maximum Day Peaking Factor*		1.1
Maximum Day Design Demand	L/s	0.02
Maximum Day Design Demand	m³/day	2

TABLE C8 - PROPOSED PEAK WATER DEMAND CALCULATIONS - RETAIL - PHASE 2

* as per City of Toronto Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains - Jan. 2021 **Based on Architectural Stats received from Sweeny and Co Architects. dated Mar 17, 2022

PEAK HOUR MAXIMUM DAY AVERAGE **Residential Demand** L/s 1.10 0.57 0.44 **Retail Demand** 0.02 L/s 0.02 0.02 Total Flow Rate L/s 1.12 0.59 0.46 Total Flow Rate L/min 67 36 28

TABLE C9- PROPOSED PEAK WATER DEMAND CALCULATIONS - DOMESTIC - PHASE 2

		PEAK HOUR	MAXIMUM DAY	AVERAGE
Residential Demand	L/s	6.60	3.43	2.64
Retail Demand	L/s	0.05	0.05	0.04
Flex Demand	L/s	0.21	0.12	0.11
Existing Building Demand	L/s	0.07	0.04	0.04
Total Flow Rate	L/s	6.93	3.64	2.83
Total Flow Rate	L/min	416	218	170

TABLE C10 - PROPOSED PEAK WATER DEMAND CALCULATIONS - DOMESTIC - PHASE 1&2

		PHAS	6E 1	EXISTING COU BUILDI	
Coefficient for type of construction:		Fire-resistive	0.6	Ordinary	1
Height in Stories			23		2
3rd Floor Area (Largest Floor Area)	m²		3,261		
Stories to Use in Calculation (3rd + 25% of each of two immediately adjoining floors)	m²	(4th + 5th) * 25%	1420		
Total Area	m²		4,681		500
Fire Flow Required	L/min		10,000		5,000
Occupancy Charge	L/min	15% Reduction for Limited Combustible	-1,500	0% Reduction for Combustible	0
Fire Flow Required	L/min		8,500		5,000
SUBTOTAL	L/min		13,500		
Reduction for Automatic Sprinklers	L/min	30%	-2,550	0%	0
SUBTOTAL	L/min		-2,550		
Charge for Building Separation					
North: Nearest Building			5m	20%	
East: Nearest Building			25m	10%	
South: Nearest Building			0m	25%	
West: Nearest Building			8m	20%	
Charge for Building Separation	L/min		10,125		
Fire Flow Required	L/min	22,000			

TABLE C16 - FIRE DEMAND CALCULATIONS - BASED ON F.U.S. GUIDELINES - PHASE 1 & EXISTING COURTYARD BUILDING - 2

		PHASE	1&2	EXISTING COU BUILDI	
Coefficient for type of construction:		Fire-resistive	0.6	Ordinary	1
Height in Stories			25		2
3rd Floor Area (Largest Floor Area)	m²		4,174		
Stories to Use in Calculation (3rd + 25% of each of two immediately adjoining floors)	m²	(4th + 5th) * 25%	1853		
Total Area	m²		6,027		500
Fire Flow Required	L/min		11,000		5,000
Occupancy Charge	L/min	15% Reduction for Limited Combustible	-1,650	0% Reduction for Combustible	0
Fire Flow Required	L/min		9,350		5,000
SUBTOTAL	L/min		14,350		
Reduction for Automatic Sprinklers	L/min	30%	-2,805	0%	0
SUBTOTAL			-2805		
Charge for Building Separation					
North: Nearest Building			5m	20%	
East: Nearest Building			25m	10%	
South: Nearest Building			0m	25%	
West: Nearest Building			8m	20%	
Charge for Building Separation	L/min	10,763			
Fire Flow Required	L/min		22,308		
Fire Flow Required	L/s		371.8		

TABLE C20 - FIRE DEMAND CALCULATIONS - BASED ON F.U.S. GUIDELINES - PHASE 1&2 & EXISTING COURTYARD BUILDING - 2

TABLE C22 - TOTAL WATER DEMAND

PER CITY OF TORONTO DESIGN CRITERIA AND MOE DESIGN GUIDELINES, WATER SUPPLY SYSTEMS SHOULD BE DESIGNED TO SATISFY <u>THE GREATER</u> OF EITHER OF THE FOLLOWING DEMANDS:

-MAXIMUM DAY DOMESTIC DEMAND PLUS FIRE FLOW

-PEAK HOUR DOMESTIC DEMAND

MAX DAY & FIRE FLOWS

MAX DAY	3.64 L/S
FIRE	371.8 L/s
Total Max Day & Fire Flow	375.4 L/s

PEAK HOUR DOMESTIC DEMAND

PEAK RATE 6.93 L/s

THEREFORE, MAX DAY + FIRE FLOW IS GOVERNING REQUIREMENT

WATER DEMAND

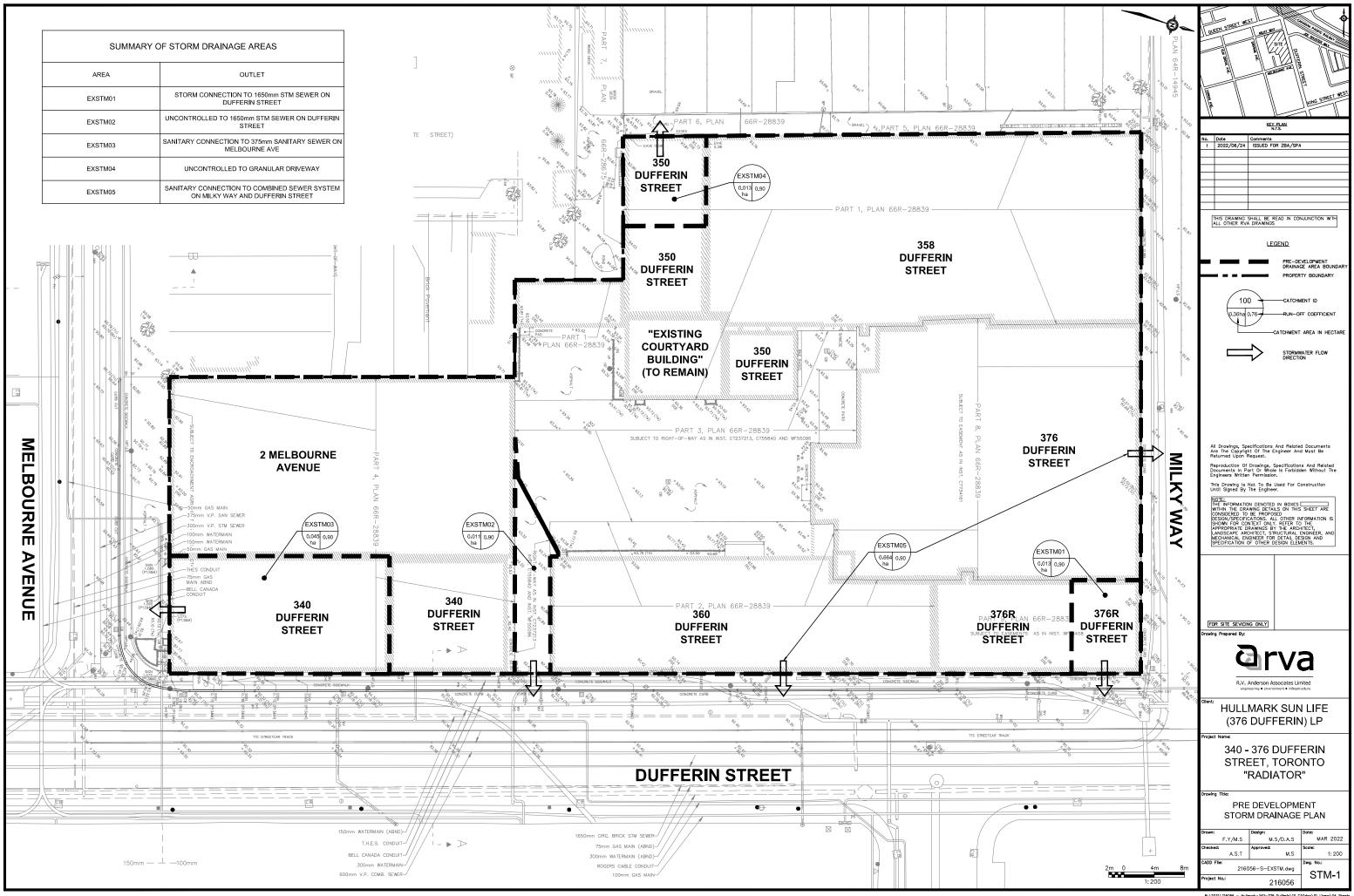
Max Day Demand	3.64 L/s	218 L/min
Fire Flow*	371.8 L/s	22,308 L/min
Total Water Demand Requirement	375.4 L/s	22,526 L/min

Note (*): Per City of Toronto's Design Criteria for Sewers and Watermains, in accordance with the Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS), fire flows will not be less than 4,800L/minute for a 2-hour duration in addition to maximum daily domestic demand, delivered with a residual pressure of not less than 140kPa (20psi).

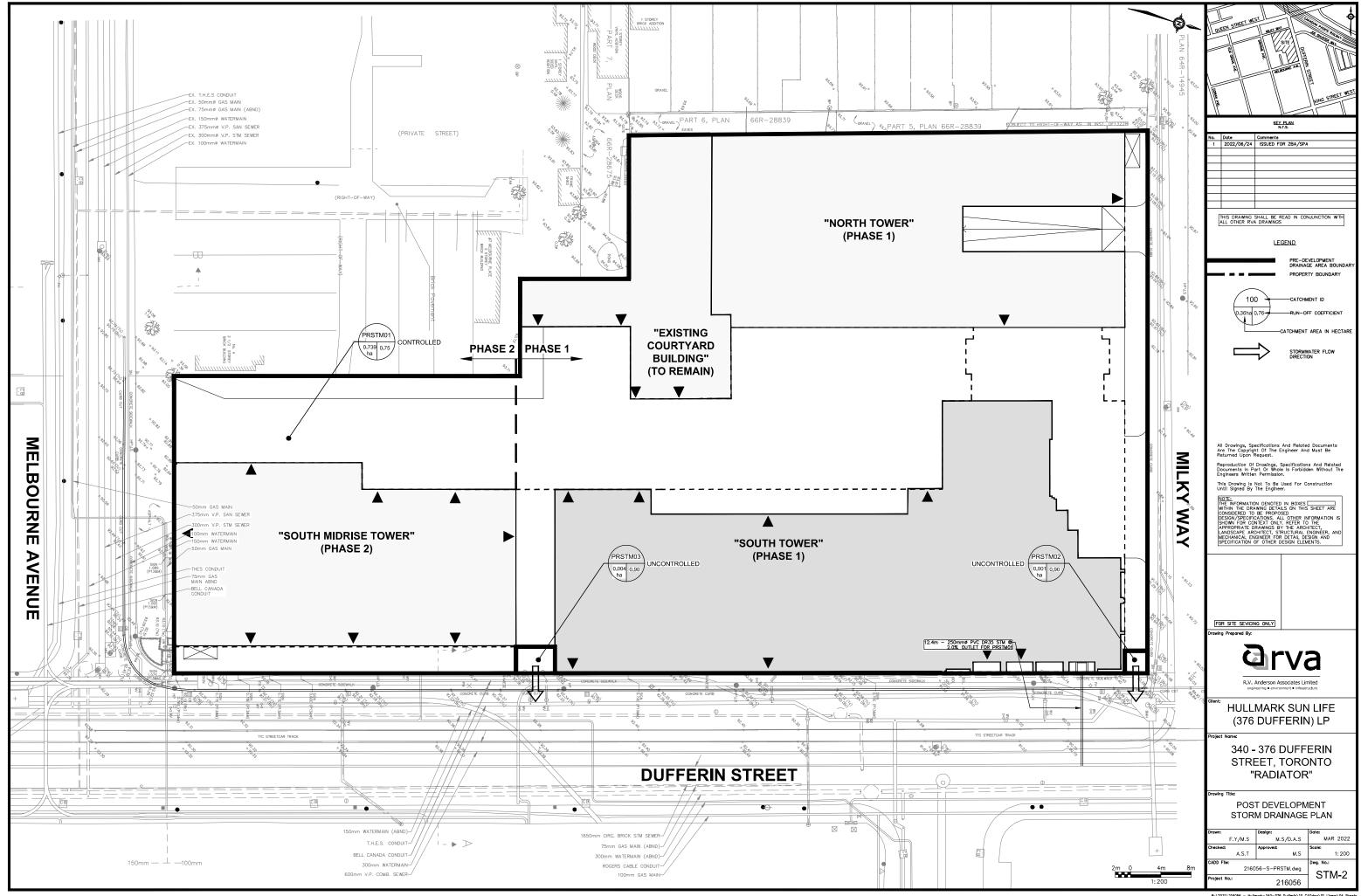
Note: The total water demand shows the worst case where Phase 1 and 2 have been constructed and the existing courtyard building has remained separate.

APPENDIX D

POST DEVELOPMENT PEAK DISCHARGE RATE AND REQUIRED STORAGE



R:\2021\216056 - Hullmark-340-376 DufferIn\10 CADdwg\01



R:\2021\216056 - Hullmark-340-376 DufferIn\10 CADdwg\01 Line

CRITERIA: REDUCE POST DEVELOPMENT FLOWS FROM THE 2 TO 100-YEAR EVENTS TO THE 2-YEAR PRE-DEVELOPMENT PEAK FLOW RATE WITH A MAXIMUM RUNOFF COEFFICIENT OF "C"=0.50

	ALLOWABLE FOR SITE - Phase 1 & 2					
2-YEAR TOR A= B= C= AREA	DNTO 531.391 0.0 0.78	TIME OF CONCENTRATION (Tc) 10 INTENSITY = A/(t+B)^C 88.2 mm/hr				
7,444 RUN-OFF CO C=	m ² EFFICIENT 0.50					
PEAK FLOW Q = CiA Q =	91.2 L/s					

Storm Event Modelling - Storage System Characteristics - Condominium Detention System

Tank Area (m²)	77.00		Storage System Discharge Details				
		-	Orifice Equation (Orifice Plate)		$Q=C_{d}A(2g(h_2-h_1))^{0.5}$		
			Orifice Coefficient	(C _d)	0.62		
			Orifice Diameter (mm)		155		
			Orifice Area (m²)		0.0189		
Elevation	Description	Depth of Storage	Orifice Head	Storage	Orifice Discharge		
(m)		(m)	(m)	(m ³)	(L/s)		
87		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
87.41		0.332	0.332	25.583	29.869		
87.74		0.665	0.665	51.167	42.242		
88.07		0.997	0.997	76.750	51.735		
88.41		1.329	1.329	102.333	59.739		
88.74		1.661	1.661	127.916	66.790		
89.07		1.994	1.994	153.500	73.165		
89.40		2.326	2.326 179.083		79.027		
89.74		2.658	2.658	204.666	84.484		
90.07		2.990	2.990 230.249		89.608		
90.40		3.323	3.323	255.833	94.455		

NOTE: SEE OTTHYMO RESULTS FOR MODEL

340-376 Duffein Street POST-DEVELOPMENT WATER BALANCE - ALL SURFACES TO CISTERN

Surface	Area (sq.m)	% of Total Site Area	Surface IA (mm)	% of Average Annual Rain Capture Based on Surface IA	% of Total Annual Average Rainfall Depth Weighted Over Entire Site based on surface IA		Depth to SWM Tank (mm)	Total Effective IA (mm)	% of Average Annual Rain Capture	% of Total Annual Average Rainfall Depth Weighted Over Entire Site	Volume to Cistern (m ³)	Volume to SWM Tank (m ³)
TOWER CONTROLED AREAS												
Conventional Roof*	3184	42.8%	1.0	15.0%	6.42%	3.50	0.00	4.50	47.0%	20.1%	11.14	
Ammenity Terrace	0	0.0%	1.0	15.0%	0.00%	0.00	0.00	1.00	15.0%	0.0%	0.00	
Green Roof**	2123	28.5%	7.0	60.0%	17.11%	0.00	0.00	7.00	60.0%	17.1%	0.00	
AT GRADE CONTROLED AREAS												
Landscaping at Grade***	418	5.6%	7.0	60.0%	3.37%	0.00	0.00	7.00	60.0%	3.4%	0.00	
Impervious at Grade****	1672	22.5%	1.0	15.0%	3.37%	3.50	0.00	4.50	47.0%	10.6%	5.85	
0	0	0.0%	0.0	1.0%	0.00%	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0%	0.0%	0.00	
Uncontrolled Areas to Municipal R.O.W.												
Impervious at Grade	47	0.6%	1.0	15.0%	0.09%	0.00	0.00	1.00	15.0%	0.1%	0.00	
Landscape at Grade	0	0.00%	7.0	60.0%	0.00%	0.00	0.00	7.00	60.0%	0.0%	0.00	
Tota	7444	100.0%			30.4%					51.2%	17.00	
	Total Harvested Volume Required =					17.	.00					

340-376 Duffein Street IRRIGATION - POST-DEVELOPMENT WATER BALANCE		
Total Annual Average Rainfall in Toronto (WWFMG) =	840	mm
50% of above is to be retained onsite yearly =	420	mm
% of total annual average rainfall captured through initital abstraction	30.4%	mm
% of total annual average rainfall to be captured through other means (50% $_{30.4\%}$) =	19.6%	mm
Total annual average rainfall to be retained through other means (19.6% of 840mm) =	165	mm
Total annual average rainfall volume to be retained through other means (165mm x Site Area) =	1228.1	m ³

			=======================================
V V I S V V I V V I	SSSS U U A L S U U A A L SS U U AAAAA L SS U U A A L SSSSS UUUUU A A LLLLL	(v 6.1.2003)	
0 0 T 0 0 T 000 T	TTTT H H Y Y M M 000 T H H Y Y MM MM O O T H H Y M M O O T H H Y M M 000 T H H Y M M 000 ted by Smart City Water Inc Smart City Water Inc	ТМ	
***	** DETAILED OUTPUT	****	
Output filename: C:	\Program Files (x86)\Visual OTTHYM \Users\mshabbir\AppData\Local\Civ \Users\mshabbir\AppData\Local\Civ	ica\vH5\2ff07612-3a92-4	af5-96c5-feb13b9923f4\61eb2610-e af5-96c5-feb13b9923f4\61eb2610-e
DATE: 06-24-2022	TIME: 07:03:4	45	
USER:			
COMMENTS:			
** SIMULATION : #1 T	**************************************		
CHICAGO STORM Ptotal= 32.33 mm	IDF curve parameters: A= 531.39 B= 0.000 C= 0.780 used in: INTENSITY = A / (t -	0 0	
	Duration of storm = 6.00 hrs Storm time step = 10.00 min Time to peak ratio = 0.38		
TIME hrs 0.17 0.33 0.50 0.67 0.83 1.00 1.17 1.33 1.50	RAINTIME hrsRAINTIME mm/hrmm/hrhrsmm/hrhrs1.241.673.183.171.321.834.033.331.422.005.673.501.532.1710.993.671.662.3388.193.831.822.5012.864.002.032.677.534.172.292.835.534.332.663.004.444.50	RAINTIMERAINmm/hrhrsmm/hr3.754.671.693.264.831.612.895.001.532.615.171.462.385.331.402.205.501.342.045.671.291.915.831.241.796.001.19	
CALIB STANDHYD (0003) ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min	Area (ha)= 0.21 Total Imp(%)= 1.00 Dir. Conn.		-
	$\begin{array}{c cccc} IMPERVIOUS & PERVIOUS (i) \\ (ha) = & 0.00 & 0.21 \\ (mm) = & 1.00 & 5.00 \\ (\%) = & 1.00 & 2.00 \\ (m) = & 37.62 & 40.00 \\ = & 0.013 & 0.250 \end{array}$)	
NOTE: RAINFA	LL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. T	TIME STEP.	
TIME hrs 0.083 0.167 0.250	TRANSFORMED HYETOGRA RAIN TIME RAIN TIME mm/hr hrs mm/hr hrs 1.24 1.583 3.18 3.083 1.24 1.667 3.18 3.167 1.32 1.750 4.03 3.250	APH RAIN TIME RAIN mm/hr hrs mm/hr 3.75 4.58 1.69 3.75 4.67 1.69 3.26 4.75 1.61	

0.58 0.66 0.75 0.83 0.91 1.00 1.08 1.16 1.25 1.33 1.41 1.50	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2.000 2.083 2.167 2.250 2.333 2.417 2.500 2.583 2.667 2.750 2.833 2.917 3.000	5.67 10.99 10.99 88.19 12.86 12.86 7.53 7.53 5.53 4.44 4.44	3.833 3.917 4.000 4.083 4.167 4.250 4.333 4.417 4.500	2.89 2.61 2.61 2.38 2.38 2.20 2.20 2.20	4.92 5.00 5.17 5.25 5.33 5.42 5.50 5.58	$ \begin{array}{r} 1.61\\ 1.53\\ 1.53\\ 1.46\\ 1.46\\ 1.40\\ 1.34\\ 1.29\\ 1.29\\ 1.29\\ 1.24\\ 1.24\\ 1.19\\ 1.19\end{array} $
Max.Eff.Inten.(over Storage Coeff. Unit Hyd. Tpeak Unit Hyd. peak PEAK FLOW TIME TO PEAK RUNOFF VOLUME TOTAL RAINFALL RUNOFF COEFFICI					*TOT 0. 2 10 32	ALS* 006 (iii) .58 .52 .33	
***** WARNING: STORA ***** WARNING:FOR AR YOU SH (i) CN PROCED CN* = (ii) TIME STEP	GE COEFF. J EAS WITH IN OULD CONSIE URE SELECTE 85.0 Ia (DT) SHOUL STORAGE COE	IS SMALLEF MPERVIOUS DER SPLITT ED FOR PEF = Dep. S1 _D BE SMAU EFFICIENT	R THAN RATIOS TING TH RVIOUS torage LLER OR	TIME STEP! 5 BELOW 20% 1E AREA. LOSSES: (Above) 8 EQUAL	C). 33	
CALIB STANDHYD (0004) ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min Surface Area Dep. Storage Average Slope Length Mannings n NOTE: RAIN	Total In (ha)= (mm)= (%)= (m)= =	np(%)= 99 0.32 1.00 1.00 46.07 0.013	9.00 5 PE	Dir. Conn. RVIOUS (i) 0.00 5.00 2.00 40.00 0.250 5.0 MIN. T			
TIM hr 0.08 0.16 0.25 0.33 0.41 0.50 0.58 0.66 0.75 0.83 0.91 1.00 1.08 1.16 1.25 1.33 1.41	s mm/hr 3 1.24 7 1.24 0 1.32 3 1.32 7 1.42 0 1.42 3 1.53 7 1.66 3 1.66 7 1.82 0 1.82 0 1.82 0 1.82 0 1.82 0 2.03 0 2.29 3 2.66	TIME hrs 1.583 1.667 1.750 1.833 1.917 2.000 2.083 2.167 2.250 2.333 2.417 2.500 2.583 2.667 2.750 2.833 2.917	NSFORME RAIN mm/hr 3.18 4.03 4.03 5.67 5.67 10.99 10.99 10.99 88.19 12.86 12.86 12.86 7.53 7.53 5.53 4.44 4.44	hrs 3.083 3.167 3.250 3.333 3.417 3.500 3.583 3.667 3.750 3.833 3.917 4.000 4.083 4.167 4.250 4.333 4.417	RAIN mm/hr 3.75 3.26 2.89 2.61 2.61 2.38 2.38 2.38 2.38 2.38 2.20 2.20 2.20 2.04 1.91 1.79 1.79	<pre>TIME hrs 4.58 4.67 4.75 4.83 4.92 5.00 5.08 5.17 5.25 5.33 5.42 5.50 5.58 5.58 5.67 5.75 5.83 5.92</pre>	RAIN mm/hr 1.69 1.61 1.61 1.53 1.53 1.46 1.46 1.40 1.40 1.34 1.34 1.29 1.29 1.24 1.24 1.19 1.19
Max.Eff.Inten.(over Storage Coeff. Unit Hyd. Tpeak Unit Hyd. peak PEAK FLOW TIME TO PEAK	(min) (min)=	88.19 5.00 1.69 5.00 0.32 0.08 2.33	(ii)	25.84 5.00 2.87 (ii) 5.00 0.28 0.00 2.33	0.	TALS* 077 (iii) 2.33	

RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	31.33 32.33 0.97	10.35 32.33 0.32	31.12 32.33 0.96	
***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF.	IS SMALLER THA	N TIME STEP!		
(i) CN PROCEDURE SELECT				
CN* = 85.0 Ia (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOU THAN THE STORAGE CO	LD BE SMALLER			
(iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT		OW IF ANY.		
CALIB STANDHYD (0001) Area ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min Total II				
Surface Area (ha)= Dep. Storage (mm)= Average Slope (%)= Length (m)= Mannings n =	IMPERVIOUS 0.00 1.00 1.00 16.69	PERVIOUS (i) 0.04 5.00 2.00 40.00 0.250)	
Mannings n = = = NOTE: RAINFALL WAS T				
NUTE. NAINFALL WAS I		J.U MIN. I	INC JILF.	
TIME RAIN	TRANSFOR TIME RAI	MED HYETOGRA N ' TIME	APH RAIN TIME	E RAIN
hrs mm/hr 0.083 1.24	hrs mm/h 1.583 3.1	r ' hrs 8 3.083	RAIN TIME mm/hr hrs 3.75 4.58 3.75 4.67 3.26 4.75 3.26 4.83 2.89 4.92 2.89 5.00	s mm/hr 1.69
$\begin{array}{cccc} 0.167 & 1.24 \\ 0.250 & 1.32 \\ \end{array}$	1.667 3.1 1.750 4.0	8 3.167 3 3.250	3.75 4.67 3.26 4.75	1.69 1.61
$\begin{array}{cccc} 0.333 & 1.32 \\ 0.417 & 1.42 \\ 0.500 & 1.42 \end{array}$	1.833 4.0 1.917 5.6 2.000 5.6	3 3.333 7 3.417	3.26 4.83 2.89 4.92	1.61 1.53
0.583 1.53		9 3.583 9 3.667	2 61 5 08	1.46
0.750 1.66	2.250 88.1	9 3.750 9 3.833	2.38 5.25	1.40
0.917 1.82				1 2/
1.000 1.02 1.083 2.03 1.167 2.03	2.583 7.5	3 4.083 3 4.167	2.20 5.50 2.04 5.58 2.04 5.67 1.91 5.75 1.91 5.83 1.79 5.92 1.79 6.00	1.29 1.29
1.250 2.29 1.333 2.29	2 750 5 5	3 4.250	1.91 5.75 1.91 5.83	1.24
1.417 2.66 1.500 2.66	2 917 4 4 3 000 4 4	4 4.417 4 4.500	1.79 5.92 1.79 6.00	1.19 1.19
Max_Eff_Inten_(mm/hr)=	88.19	19.25	-	
over (min) Storage Coeff. (min)= Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	5.00 0.92 (ii)	15.00 14.56 (ii))	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	5.00 0.34	0.08	***	
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	0.00	0.00 2.50	*TOTALS* 0.001 (ii 2 50	ii)
PEAK FLOW (cms)= TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	2.33 31.33 32.33	10.35	2.50 9.93 32.33	
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	0.97	32.33 0.32	0.31	
***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. ***** WARNING:FOR AREAS WITH I YOU SHOULD CONSI	IS SMALLER THA MPERVIOUS RATI	N TIME STEP! OS BELOW 20%	6	
(i) CN PROCEDURE SELECT CN* = 85.0 Ia				
(ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOU THAN THE STORAGE CO	LD BE SMALLER			
(iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT	INCLUDE BASEFL	OW IF ANY.		
CALIB STANDHYD (0002) Area ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min Total II	(ha)= 0.17 np(%)= 99.00	Dir. Conn.	(%)= 99.00	
Surface Area (ha)-	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i))	
Surface Area (ha)= Dep. Storage (mm)= Average Slope (%)= Length (m)=	1.00 1.00	5.00 2.00		
Length (m)= Mannings n =	33.39 0.013	40.00 0.250		
2				

$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	TIME hrs 1.583 1.667 1.750 1.833 1.917 2.000 2.083 2.167 5.2.250 2.2.417 2.583 2.2.583 2.2.583 2.2.583 2.2.583 2.2.583 2.2.583 2.2.583 2.2.583 2.2.583 2.2.583 2.2.583 2.2.583 2.2.583 2.2.583 2.2.583 2.2.583 2.2.583 2.2.583 2.2.917 5.3.000	RAIN mm/hr 3.18 4.03 5.67 5.67 10.99 10.99 88.19 88.19 12.86 7.53 7.53 5.53 5.53 4.44 4.44	hrs 3.083 3.167 3.250 3.333 3.417 3.500 3.583 3.667 3.750 3.833 3.917 4.000 4.083 4.167 4.250 4.333 4.417 4.500	RAIN mm/hr 3.75 3.26 2.89 2.61 2.61 2.61 2.61 2.61 2.61 2.61 2.61	TIME hrs 4.58 4.67 4.75 4.83	mm/hr 1.69 1.69 1.61 1.61
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= over (min) Storage Coeff. (min)= Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	88.19 5.00 1.39 5.00 0.33	(ii)	25.84 5.00 2.57 (i 5.00 0.29	i)		
PEAK FLOW (cms)= TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	0.04 2.33 31.33 32.33 0.97		0.00 2.33 10.35 32.33 0.32	3:	14LS* .041 (iii) 2.33 1.12 2.33 0.96	
<pre>(i) CN PROCEDURE SELEC CN* = 85.0 I (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHO THAN THE STORAGE ((iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT ADD HYD (0005) 1 + 2 = 3 ID1= 1 (0001): + ID2= 2 (0002):</pre>	Ia = Dep. 9 DULD BE SM/ COEFFICIENT INCLUDE I AREA QI (ha) (0 0.04 0.0	Storage ALLER OR BASEFLOW PEAK cms) D01	(Above) EQUAL IF ANY. TPEAK (hrs) 2.50	R.V. (mm) 9.93 31.12		
ID = 3 (0005):				=====		
NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NO	INCLUDE	BASEFLOW	S IF ANY	• 		
ADD HYD (0005) 3 + 2 = 1 ID1= 3 (0005): + ID2= 2 (0003):	AREA QI (ha) (d 0.21 0.0 0.21 0.0	cms) 041 006	(hrs) 2.33 2.58	(mm) 26.88 10.52		
ID = 1 (0005): NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT	0.42 0.0	044	2.33	18.64		
ADD HYD (0005) 1 + 2 = 3 ID1= 1 (0005): + ID2= 2 (0004):	AREA QI (ha) (6 0.42 0.0 0.32 0.0	cms) 044 077	(hrs) 2.33 2.33	R.V. (mm) 18.64 31.12		
ID = 3 (0005): NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT	0.74 0.3	121	2.33			

RESERVOIR(0006) IN= 2> OUT= 1 DT= 5.0 min	OVERFLOW I OUTFLOW (cms) 0.0000 0.0299 0.0422 0.0517 0.0597 0.0668	STORAGE (ha.m.) 0.0000 0.0026	OUTFLO (cms) 0.0732 0.0790 0.0890 0.0890 0.0941 0.0000	(ha 2 0	RAGE .m.) .0154 .0179 .0205 .0230 .0256 .0000	
INFLOW : ID= 2 (000 OUTFLOW: ID= 1 (000	(ha 5) 0.7 6) 0.7) (cms 40 0. 40 0.) .33 .42		
PEAK TIME MAXIM	FLOW RE SHIFT OF PE UM STORAGE	DUCTION LQ AK FLOW USED	out/Qinj(% (min) (ha.m.))= 36.65)= 5.00)= 0.000	60	
CALIB STANDHYD (0007) A ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min T					9.00	
Surface Area (h Dep. Storage (m Average Slope (Length (Mannings n	IMPER a)= 0 m)= 1 %)= 1 m)= 5 = 0.	VIOUS P .00 .00 .00 .60 013	ERVIOUS (i) 0.00 5.00 2.00 40.00 0.250)		
NOTE: RAINFALL	WAS TRANSF	ORMED TO	5.0 MIN	TIME STE	Ρ.	
hrs 0.083 0.167 0.250 0.333 0.417 0.500 0.583 0.667 0.750 0.833 0.917 1.000 1.083 1.167 1.250 1.333 1.417 1.500	RAIN TI mm/hr h 1.24 1.5 1.24 1.6 1.32 1.7 1.32 1.8 1.42 1.9 1.42 2.0 1.53 2.0 1.53 2.1 1.66 2.2 1.66 2.3 1.82 2.4 1.82 2.5 2.03 2.5 2.03 2.5 2.03 2.6 2.29 2.7 2.29 2.8 2.66 2.9 2.66 3.0	ME RAIN rs mm/hr 83 3.18 67 3.18 50 4.03 33 4.03 17 5.67 00 5.67 00 5.67 00 5.67 00 5.67 00 5.67 00 10.99 50 88.19 17 12.86 00 12.86 67 7.53 50 5.53 317 4.44 00 4.44	$\begin{array}{c} 3.167 \\ 3.250 \\ 3.333 \\ 3.417 \\ 3.500 \\ 3.583 \\ 3.667 \\ 3.750 \\ 3.833 \\ 3.917 \\ 4.000 \\ 4.083 \\ 4.167 \\ 4.250 \\ 4.333 \\ 4.417 \\ 4.500 \end{array}$	RAIN mm/hr 3.75 3.26 2.89 2.61 2.38 2.61 2.38 2.61 2.38 2.20 2.04 2.04 1.91 1.79	TIME hrs 4.58 4.67 4.75 4.83 4.92 5.00 5.08 5.17 5.25 5.33 5.42 5.50 5.58 5.58 5.75 5.83 5.92	RAIN mm/hr 1.69 1.61 1.61 1.53 1.53 1.46 1.40 1.40 1.40 1.34 1.34 1.29 1.29 1.29 1.24 1.19 1.19
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/h over (mi Storage Coeff. (mi Unit Hyd. Tpeak (mi Unit Hyd. peak (cm	n) 5 n)= 0 n)= 5		25.84 5.00 1.66 (ii) 5.00 0.32			
PEAK FLOW (cm TIME TO PEAK (hr RUNOFF VOLUME (m TOTAL RAINFALL (m RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	(s) = 0 (s) = 2 (m) = 31 (m) = 32 (m) = 0	.00 .33 .33 .33 .97	0.00 2.33 10.35 32.33 0.32	2 22 32	001 (iii) .33 .31 .33	
***** WARNING: STORAGE C	OEFF. IS SM	ALLER THAN	TIME STEP	!		
(i) CN PROCEDURE CN* = 85.0 (ii) TIME STEP (DT THAN THE STOR (iii) PEAK FLOW DOE	Ia = De) SHOULD BE AGE COEFFIC	p. Storage SMALLER O IENT	(Above) R EQUAL			
ADD HYD (0008) 1 + 2 = 3	AREA (ha)	QPEAK (cms)	TPEAK (hrs)	R.V. (mm)		

ID1= 1 (0006): 0.74 0.044 2.42 23.99 + ID2= 2 (0007): 0.00 0.001 2.33 22.31
ID = 3 (0008): 0.74 0.045 2.42 23.98
NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.
V V I SSSSS U U A L (V 6.1.2003) V V I SS U U A A L V V I SS U U AAAAA L V V I SS U U A A L VV I SSSSS UUUUU A A LLLLL
000 TTTTT TTTTT H H Y Y M M 000 TM 0 0 T T H H Y Y MM MM 0 0 0 0 T T H H Y M M 0 0 000 T T H H Y M M 000 Developed and Distributed by Smart City Water Inc Copyright 2007 - 2020 Smart City Water Inc All rights reserved.
***** DETAILED OUTPUT ****
Input filename: C:\Program Files (x86)\Visual OTTHYMO 6.1\VO2\voin.dat Output filename: C:\Users\mshabbir\AppData\Local\Civica\VH5\2ff07612-3a92-4af5-96c5-feb13b9923f4\9825ef9d- Summary filename: C:\Users\mshabbir\AppData\Local\Civica\VH5\2ff07612-3a92-4af5-96c5-feb13b9923f4\9825ef9d-
DATE: 06-24-2022 TIME: 07:03:45
USER:
COMMENTS:

CHICAGO STORM IDF curve parameters: A= 812.623 Ptotal= 46.62 mm E= 0.000 C= 0.790 used in: INTENSITY = A / (t + B)^C
Duration of storm = 6.00 hrs Storm time step = 10.00 min Time to peak ratio = 0.38
TIME hrs mm/hrRAIN hrs hrs mm/hrTIME hrs hrs mm/hrRAIN hrs hrs mm/hrTIME hrs hrs mm/hrRAIN hrs hrs mm/hr0.171.711.674.433.175.234.672.340.331.821.835.633.334.544.832.220.501.962.007.963.504.035.002.110.672.112.1715.583.673.635.172.010.832.302.33131.793.833.315.331.921.002.532.5018.264.003.055.501.841.172.812.6710.624.172.835.671.771.333.182.837.774.332.645.831.70
1.50 3.69 3.00 6.22 4.50 2.48 6.00 1.64
CALIB STANDHYD (0003) Area (ha)= 0.21 ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min Total Imp(%)= 1.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 1.00
IMPERVIOUS PERVIOUS (i) Surface Area (ha)= 0.00 0.21 Dep. Storage (mm)= 1.00 5.00 Average Slope (%)= 1.00 2.00 Length (m)= 37.62 40.00 Mannings n = 0.013 0.250
NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.

TIME hrs 0.083 0.167 0.250 0.333 0.417 0.500 0.583 0.667 0.750 0.833 0.917 1.000	mm/hr 1.71 1.82 1.96 2.11 2.30 2.30 2.53	TIME hrs 1.583 1.667 1.750 1.833 1.917 2.000 2.083 2.167 2.250 2.333 2.417 2.500	RAIN mm/hr 4.43 5.63 7.96 7.96 15.58 15.58 131.79 131.79 131.79 132.20	hrs 3.083 3.167 3.250 3.333 3.417 3.500 3.583 3.667 3.750 3.833 3.917 4.000	RAIN mm/hr 5.23 5.23 4.54 4.54 4.03 3.63 3.63 3.31 3.31 3.31 3.05	TIME hrs 4.58 4.67 4.75 4.83 4.92 5.00 5.08 5.17 5.25 5.33 5.42 5.00	<pre>mm/hr 2.34 2.34 2.22 2.22 2.11 2.11 2.01 2.01 1.92 1.92 1.84 1.84</pre>
1.083 1.167 1.250 1.333 1.417 1.500	2.81 2.81 3.18 3.18 3.69 3.69	2.583 2.667 2.750 2.833 2.917 3.000	10.62 10.62 7.77 7.77 6.22 6.22	4.083 4.167 4.250 4.333 4.417 4.500	2.83 2.83 2.64 2.64 2.48 2.48 2.48	5.58 5.67 5.75 5.83 5.92 6.00	1.77 1.77 1.70 1.70 1.64 1.64
Max.Eff.Inten.(m over Storage Coeff. Unit Hyd. Tpeak Unit Hyd. peak					*тот	ALS*	
PEAK FLOW TIME TO PEAK RUNOFF VOLUME TOTAL RAINFALL RUNOFF COEFFICIE	(cms)= (hrs)= (mm)= (mm)= NT =	0.00 2.33 45.62 46.62 0.98		0.02 2.50 20.04 46.62 0.43	0. 20 46 0	018 (iii) 50 27 62 43)
***** WARNING: STORAG ***** WARNING:FOR ARE/ YOU SHO	E COEFF. I AS WITH IN ULD CONSII	IPERVIOUS	5 RATIOS	BELOW 20%			
(i) CN PROCEDU CN* = 8 (ii) TIME STEP THAN THE S (iii) PEAK FLOW I	5.0 Ia (DT) SHOUL TORAGE COE	= Dep. S _D BE SMA EFFICIENT	Storage ALLER OR F.	(Above) EQUAL			
CALIB STANDHYD (0004) ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min	Area Total In	(ha)= np(%)= 9	0.32 99.00	Dir. Conn.	(%)= 9	9.00	
Surface Area Dep. Storage Average Slope Length Mannings n	(ha)= (mm)= (%)= (m)= =	IMPERVIOU 0.32 1.00 1.00 46.07 0.013		RVIOUS (i) 0.00 5.00 2.00 40.00 0.250			
NOTE: RAINF	ALL WAS TH	RANSFORM	ED TO	5.0 MIN. T	IME STE	Ρ.	
TIME hrs 0.083 0.167 0.250 0.333 0.417 0.500 0.583 0.667 0.750 0.833 0.917 1.000 1.083 1.167 1.250 1.333 1.417 1.500 Max.Eff.Inten.(mu	1.82 1.96 1.96 2.11 2.11 2.30 2.30 2.53 2.53 2.81 3.18 3.69 3.69	TIME hrs 1.583 1.667 1.750 1.833 1.917 2.000 2.083 2.167 2.250 2.333 2.417 2.500 2.583 2.667 2.750 2.833 2.917 3.000	RAIN mm/hr 4.43 5.63 7.96 15.58 15.58 131.79 131.79 18.26 10.62	3.583 3.667 3.750 3.833 3.917	PH RAIN mm/hr 5.23 4.54 4.54 4.03 4.03 3.63 3.31 3.31 3.31 3.31 3.05 2.83 2.64 2.48 2.48	TIME hrs 4.58 4.67 4.75 4.83 4.92 5.00 5.08 5.17 5.25 5.33 5.42 5.58 5.58 5.67 5.83 5.92	RAIN mm/hr 2.34 2.22 2.22 2.11 2.11 2.01 2.01 1.92 1.92 1.84 1.77 1.77 1.70 1.70 1.64 1.64

over (min) Storage Coeff. (min)= Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= Unit Hyd. peak (cms)= PEAK FLOW (cms)= TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =			*TOTALS* 0.116 (iii) 2.33 45.36 46.62 0.97
***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF.]			
(i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTE CN* = 85.0 Ia (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOUL THAN THE STORAGE COE (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT I	= Dep Storage _D BE SMALLER C EFFICIENT	e (Above) DR EQUAL	
CALIB STANDHYD (0001) Area ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min Total In	(ha)= 0.04 np(%)= 1.00	Dir. Conn.(%)= 1.00
Surface Area (ha)= Dep. Storage (mm)= Average Slope (%)= Length (m)= Mannings n =	IMPERVIOUS F 0.00 1.00 1.00 16.69 0.013	PERVIOUS (i) 0.04 5.00 2.00 40.00 0.250	
NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TF	RANSFORMED TO	5.0 MIN. TI	ME STEP.
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	hrs mm/hr 1.583 4.43 1.667 4.43 1.750 5.63 1.917 7.96 2.000 7.96 2.083 15.58 2.167 15.58 2.250 131.79 2.417 18.26 2.583 10.62 2.583 10.62 2.667 10.62 2.750 7.77 2.833 7.77 2.917 6.22 3.000 6.22	TIME hrs 3.083 3.167 3.250 3.333 3.417 5.3.500 3.583 3.667 3.750 3.833 5.3.667 3.750 3.833 5.3.917 5.4.000 4.083 4.167 4.250 4.333 4.417 4.500	PHRAINTIMERAINmm/hrhrsmm/hr 5.23 4.58 2.34 5.23 4.67 2.34 4.54 4.75 2.22 4.54 4.75 2.22 4.54 4.92 2.11 4.03 5.00 2.11 3.63 5.17 2.01 3.63 5.17 2.01 3.31 5.25 1.92 3.31 5.33 1.92 3.05 5.42 1.84 2.83 5.67 1.77 2.83 5.67 1.77 2.64 5.75 1.70 2.48 5.92 1.64 2.48 6.00 1.64
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= over (min) Storage Coeff. (min)= Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= Unit Hyd. peak (cms)= PEAK FLOW (cms)= TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	131.79 5.00 0.78 (ii) 5.00 0.34 0.00 2.33 45.62 46.62 0.98		*TOTALS* 0.004 (iii) 2.42 20.17 46.62 0.43
<pre>***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. I ***** WARNING:FOR AREAS WITH IN YOU SHOULD CONSIL (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTE CN* = 85.0 Ia (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOUL THAN THE STORAGE COE (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT I</pre>	IS SMALLER THAN MPERVIOUS RATIC DER SPLITTING T ED FOR PERVIOUS = Dep. Storage _D BE SMALLER C EFFICIENT.	I TIME STEP! DS BELOW 20% THE AREA. DSSES: (Above) DR EQUAL	
CALIB STANDHYD (0002) Area ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min Total In	(ha)= 0.17 np(%)= 99.00	Dir. Conn.(%)= 99.00

Surface Area Dep. Storage Average Slope Length Mannings n	IMF (ha)= (mm)= (%)= (m)= =	PERVIOUS 0.17 1.00 1.00 33.39 0.013	PERVIOU 0.00 5.00 2.00 40.00 0.250	5 (i)		
NOTE: RAINFA	ALL WAS TRAM	SFORMED -	то 5.0 м	IN. TIME S	TEP.	
TIME hrs 0.083 0.167 0.250 0.333 0.417 0.500 0.583 0.667 0.750 0.833 0.917 1.000 1.083 1.167 1.250 1.333 1.417 1.500	RAIN mm/hr 1.71 1 1.82 1 1.82 1 1.96 1 2.11 2 2.11 2 2.30 2 2.53 2 2.53 2 2.53 2 2.81 2 3.18 2 3.18 2	TIME hrs mi L.583 L.667 L.750 L.833 L.917 2.000 2.083 1 2.167 1 2.250 13 2.333 13 2.417 1 2.500 1 2.583 10 2.583 10 2.583 10 2.583 10 2.583 10 2.583 10 2.583 10 2.583 10 2.750		IME RAI nrs mm/h 33 5.23 57 5.23 50 4.54 33 4.54 33 4.03 30 4.03 33 3.63 57 3.63 50 3.31 33 3.31 33 2.83 50 2.83 57 2.83 50 2.64 33 2.64 17 2.48	N TIME hrs 4.58 4.67 4.75 4.83 4.92 5.00 5.08 5.17 5.25 5.33 5.42 5.50 5.58 5.67 5.75 5.83 5.92	RAIN mm/hr 2.34 2.22 2.22 2.11 2.11 2.01 1.92 1.92 1.84 1.84 1.77 1.77 1.70 1.64 1.64
Unit Hyd. Tpeak Unit Hyd. peak PEAK FLOW	(min) (min)= (min)= (cms)= (cms)=	L31.79 5.00 1.18 (i [.] 5.00 0.33 0.06	5.00 0.31 0.00	*T(DTALS* 0.061 (iii)	
TIME TO PEAK RUNOFF VOLUME TOTAL RAINFALL RUNOFF COEFFICIEN	(mm)=	2.33 45.62 46.62 0.98	2.33 20.04 46.62 0.43		2.33 45.36 46.62 0.97	
(ii) TIME STEP (RE SELECTED 5.0 Ia = (DT) SHOULD FORAGE COEFF	FOR PERV Dep Sto BE SMALL	IOUS LOSSE rage (Abo ER OR EQUA	5: /e) -		
ADD HYD (0005) 1 + 2 = 3 ID1= 1 (0002 + ID2= 2 (0002)	2): 0.17	0.061		R.V. (mm) 20.17 45.36		
ID = 3 (000)	5): 0.21	L 0.064	2.33	40.32		
NOTE: PEAK FLOWS		LUDE DAS				
ADD HYD (0005) 3 + 2 = 1	ARE/ (ha)	A QPEA	<pre></pre>	R.V. (mm) 40.32		
$ \begin{array}{c} \text{ID1= 3 (000)} \\ + \text{ ID2= 2 (000)} \\ \end{array} $				20.27		
ID = 1 (000) NOTE: PEAK FLOWS						
ADD HYD (0005) 1 + 2 = 3	ARE/ (ba)		K TPEAK) (hrs)	R.V. (mm)		

ID = 3 (0005): 0.74 0.190 2.33 36.73 NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. INTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. INTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. INTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. INTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. INTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. INTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. INTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. INTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. INTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. INTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. INTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. INTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. INTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. INTE: PEAK FLOW IS OFF INTE: OUTFLOW STORAGE INTE: OUTFLOW STORAGE INTE: OUTFLOW STORAGE INTE: (cms) INTE: (cms)	
RESERVOIR(0006) OVERFLOW IS OFF IN= 2> OUT= 1 DT= 5.0 min OUTFLOW STORAGE OUTFLOW STORAGE	
IN= 2> OUT= 1 DT= 5.0 min OUTFLOW STORAGE OUTFLOW STORAGE	_
(cms) (ha.m.) (cms) (ha.m.)	-
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
AREA (ha)QPEAK (cms)TPEAK (hrs)R.V. (mm)INFLOW : ID= 2 (0005)0.7400.1902.3336.73OUTFLOW: ID= 1 (0006)0.7400.0582.4236.71	
PEAK FLOW REDUCTION [Qout/Qin](%)= 30.41 TIME SHIFT OF PEAK FLOW (min)= 5.00 MAXIMUM STORAGE USED (ha.m.)= 0.0097	
	-
 CALIB STANDHYD (0007) Area (ha)= 0.00 ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min Total Imp(%)= 99.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 99.00	
IMPERVIOUS PERVIOUS (i) Surface Area (ha)= 0.00 0.00	
$\begin{array}{rcrr} & \text{IMPERVIOUS} & \text{PERVIOUS} & (i) \\ \text{Surface Area} & (ha) = & 0.00 & 0.00 \\ \text{Dep. Storage} & (mm) = & 1.00 & 5.00 \\ \text{Average Slope} & (\%) = & 1.00 & 2.00 \\ \text{Length} & (m) = & 5.60 & 40.00 \\ \text{Mannings n} & = & 0.013 & 0.250 \end{array}$	
NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.	
TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH TIME RAIN TIME RAIN ' TIME RAIN TIME RAIN hrs mm/hr hrs mm/hr ' hrs mm/hr hrs mm/hr	
0.083 1.71 1.583 4.43 3.083 5.23 4.58 2.34 0.167 1.71 1.667 4.43 3.167 5.23 4.67 2.34	
0.2501.821.7505.633.2504.544.752.220.3331.821.8335.633.3334.544.832.220.4171.961.9177.963.4174.034.922.11	
0.500 1.96 2.000 7.96 3.500 4.03 5.00 2.11 0.583 2.11 2.083 15.58 3.583 3.63 5.08 2.01	
0.667 2.11 2.167 15.58 3.667 3.63 5.17 2.01 0.750 2.30 2.250 131.79 3.750 3.31 5.25 1.92	
0.833 2.30 2.333 131.79 3.833 3.31 5.33 1.92	
0.917 2.53 2.417 18.26 3.917 3.05 5.42 1.84	
1.000 2.53 2.500 18.26 4.000 3.05 5.50 1.84 1.083 2.81 2.583 10.62 4.083 2.83 5.58 1.77	
1.0002.532.50018.264.0003.055.501.841.0832.812.58310.624.0832.835.581.771.1672.812.66710.624.1672.835.671.771.2503.182.7507.774.2502.645.751.70	
1.000 2.53 2.500 18.26 4.000 3.05 5.50 1.84 1.083 2.81 2.583 10.62 4.083 2.83 5.58 1.77 1.167 2.81 2.667 10.62 4.167 2.83 5.67 1.77	
1.000 2.53 2.500 18.26 4.000 3.05 5.50 1.84 1.083 2.81 2.583 10.62 4.083 2.83 5.58 1.77 1.167 2.81 2.667 10.62 4.167 2.83 5.67 1.77 1.250 3.18 2.750 7.77 4.250 2.64 5.75 1.70 1.333 3.18 2.833 7.77 4.333 2.64 5.83 1.70 1.417 3.69 2.917 6.22 4.417 2.48 5.92 1.64 1.500 3.69 3.000 6.22 4.500 2.48 6.00 1.64 Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 131.79 55.93	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	

(i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: CN* = 85.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
 (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
 (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

ADD HYD (0008) 1 + 2 = 3 ID1= 1 (0006) + ID2= 2 (0007)	(ha) : 0.74 0	QPEAK TPEAK (cms) (hrs) .058 2.42 .002 2.33	R.V. (mm) 36.71 36.13		
		.058 2.42			
NOTE: PEAK FLOWS	DO NOT INCLUDE	BASEFLOWS IF A	NY.		
V V I SS V V I S V V I	S U U AA	A L AAA L	(v 6.1.2	003)	
0 0 Т	T H H Y T H H T H H ed by Smart Ci	Y M M O Y M M OO ty Water Inc	0 0		
****	* DETAIL	ED OUTP	U T *****		
Input filename: C:\ Output filename: C:\ Summary filename: C:\	Program Files Users\mshabbir Users\mshabbir	(x86)\Visual OT \AppData\Local\ \AppData\Local\	THYMO 6.1\VO2 Civica\VH5\2f Civica\VH5\2f	\voin.dat f07612-3a92-4a f07612-3a92-4a	f5-96c5-feb13b9923f4\5ab8d992-c f5-96c5-feb13b9923f4\5ab8d992-c
DATE: 06-24-2022		TIME: 07:	03:45		
USER:					
COMMENTS:					
**************************************	RONTO 10-YEAR	**			
			~ 1 ^		
CHICAGO STORM Ptotal= 55.38 mm		ameters: A=1023 B= 0 C= 0 TENSITY = A /	000 800		
	Duration of s Storm time st Time to peak	torm = 6.00 h ep = 10.00 m ratio = 0.38	rs in		
TIME hrs 0.17 0.33 0.50 0.67 0.83 1.00 1.17 1.33 1.50	RAINTIME hrs1.941.672.071.832.222.002.402.172.612.332.872.503.202.673.632.834.223.00	mm/hr h 5.08 3.1 6.47 3.3 9.19 3.5 18.14 3.6 162.27 3.8 21.31 4.0 12.30 4.1 8.97 4.3	rs mm/hr 7 6.01 3 5.21 0 4.61 7 4.15 3 3.78 0 3.48 7 3.22 3 3.01	TIMERAIN hrshrsmm/hr4.672.664.832.525.002.405.172.285.332.185.502.095.672.015.831.936.001.86	
CALIB STANDHYD (0003)	Area (ha)=	0.21	1		
ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min Surface Area (IMPERVI	1.00 Dir. C OUS PERVIOUS 0 0.21		00	

Dep. Storage	(mm)=	1.00	5.00
Average Slope	(%)=	1.00	2.00
Length	(m)=	37.62	40.00
Mannings n	=	0.013	0.250

NOTE:	RAINFALL	WAS	TRANSFORMED	то	5.0 MIN.	TIME STE	Ρ.

hrs mm/h 0.083 1.9 0.167 1.9 0.250 2.0 0.333 2.0 0.417 2.2 0.500 2.2	N TIME RAIN	5.500 4.01	TIME RAIN hrs mm/hr 4.58 2.66 4.67 2.66 4.75 2.52 4.83 2.52 4.92 2.40 5.00 2.40
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= over (min) Storage Coeff. (min)= Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	162.27 5.00 1.17 (ii) 5.00	79.01 10.00 8.93 (ii) 10.00 0.12	
PEAK FLOW (cms)= TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	0.00 2.33 54.38 55.38 0.98	0.03 0 2.42 26.66 2 55.38 5	TALS* .029 (iii) 2.42 6.91 5.38 0.49
***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF ***** WARNING:FOR AREAS WITH	IS SMALLER THAN	BELOW 20%	
 (i) CN PROCEDURE SELE CN* = 85.0 (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SF THAN THE STORAGE (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NO 	Ia = Dep. Storage IOULD BE SMALLER OR COEFFICIENT	(Above) EQUAL	
CALIB CALIB STANDHYD (0004) Area ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min Tota]	(ha)= 0.32 Imp(%)= 99.00	Dir. Conn.(%)=	99.00
Surface Area (ha)= Dep. Storage (mm)= Average Slope (%)= Length (m)= Mannings n =	0.32 1.00 1.00 46.07	RVIOUS (i) 0.00 5.00 2.00 40.00 0.250	
NOTE: RAINFALL WAS	5 TRANSFORMED TO	5.0 MIN. TIME ST	EP.
TIME RAI hrs mm/h 0.083 1.9 0.167 1.9 0.250 2.0 0.333 2.0 0.417 2.2 0.500 2.2 0.583 2.4 0.667 2.4 0.667 2.4 0.750 2.6 0.833 2.6 0.917 2.8 1.000 2.8 1.083 3.2	TIME RAIN hrs mm/hr 4 1.583 5.08 4 1.667 5.08 7 1.750 6.47 7 1.833 6.47 2 1.917 9.19 2 2.000 9.19 4 2.167 18.14 5 2.250 162.27 31 2.233 162.27 37 2.417 21.31 37 2.500 21.31	D HYETOGRAPH ' TIME RAIN ' hrs mm/hr 3.083 6.01 3.167 6.01 3.250 5.21 3.333 5.21 3.417 4.61 3.500 4.61 3.583 4.15 3.667 4.15 3.667 4.15 3.750 3.78 3.833 3.78 3.917 3.48 4.000 3.48 4.083 3.22	TIME RAIN hrs mm/hr 4.58 2.66 4.67 2.66 4.75 2.52 4.83 2.52 4.92 2.40 5.00 2.40 5.08 2.28 5.17 2.28 5.25 2.18 5.33 2.18 5.42 2.09 5.50 2.09

1.250 1.333 1.417 1.500	3.20 3.63 3.63 4.22 4.22	2.750 2.833 2.917	8.97 8.97 7.16	4.167 4.250 4.333 4.417 4.500	3.22 3.01 3.01 2.82 2.82	5.75 5.83 5.92	2.01 1.93 1.93 1.86 1.86
Max.Eff.Inten.(m over Storage Coeff. Unit Hyd. Tpeak Unit Hyd. peak	n/hr)= (min) (min)= (min)= (cms)=	162.27 5.00 1.32 5.00 0.33	(ii)	79.01 5.00 2.25 (ii) 5.00 0.30	×то	TALS*	
TIME TO PEAK	(cms)= (hrs)= (mm)= (mm)= NT =	0.14 2.33 54.38 55.38 0.98		0.00 2.33 26.66 55.38 0.48	0 5 5	143 (iii) 2.33 4.10 5.38 0.98	
***** WARNING: STORAG	E COEFF. I	S SMALLE	R THAN	TIME STEP!			
(i) CN PROCEDU CN* = 8 (ii) TIME STEP THAN THE S (iii) PEAK FLOW I	5.0 Ia : (DT) SHOULI TORAGE COEI	= Dep. S D BE SMA FFICIENT	torage LLER OR	(Above) EQUAL			
CALIB							
STANDHYD (0001) ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min	Area Total Im	(ha)= p(%)=	0.04 1.00	Dir. Conn.	(%)=	1.00	
Surface Area Dep. Storage Average Slope Length Mannings n	$(h_2) -$	16 69		RVIOUS (i) 0.04 5.00 2.00 40.00 0.250			
NOTE: RAINE							
	ALL WAS TRA	ANSFORME	D TO	5.0 MIN. T	IME ST	EP.	
TIME hrs 0.083 0.167 0.250 0.333 0.417 0.500 0.583 0.667 0.750 0.833 0.917 1.000 1.083 1.167 1.250 1.333 1.417 1.500	RAIN mm/hr 1.94 1.94 2.07	TRA TIME hrs 1.583 1.667 1.750	NSFORME RM/hr 5.08 6.47 6.47 9.19 9.19 18.14 18.14 162.27 21.31 12.30 12.30 8.97 8.97 7.16	D HYETOGRAF	PH RAIN	- TIME hrs 4.58 4.67 4.75 4.83 4.92 5.00 5.08 5.17 5.25 5.33 5.42 5.58 5.58 5.67 5.75 5.83 5.92	RAIN mm/hr 2.66 2.52 2.40 2.28 2.18 2.28 2.18 2.09 2.01 1.93 1.93 1.86 1.86
TIME hrs 0.083 0.167 0.250 0.333 0.417 0.500 0.583 0.667 0.750 0.833 0.917 1.000 1.083 1.167 1.250 1.333 1.417 1.500 Max.Eff.Inten.(m over Storage Coeff. Unit Hyd. Tpeak	RAIN mm/hr 1.94 1.94 2.07 2.07 2.22 2.40 2.40 2.61 2.61 2.61 2.61 2.61 2.87 3.20 3.20 3.63 4.22 n/hr)= (min) =	TIME hrs 1.583 1.667 1.750 1.833 1.917 2.000 2.083 2.167 2.250 2.333 2.417 2.500 2.583 2.667 2.750 2.833 2.917	NSFORME RAIN mm/hr 5.08 6.47 6.47 9.19 9.19 18.14 162.27 162.27 21.31 12.30 12.30 8.97 8.97 7.16 7.16	D HYETOGRAF TIME hrs 3.083 3.167 3.250 3.333 3.417 3.500 3.583 3.667 3.750 3.833 3.917 4.000 4.083 4.167 4.250 4.333 4.417	PH RAIN mm/hr 6.01 5.21 4.61 4.15 3.78 3.48 3.22 3.01 2.82 2.82	- TIME hrs 4.58 4.67 4.75 4.83 4.92 5.00 5.08 5.17 5.25 5.33 5.42 5.58 5.67 5.75 5.83 5.92 6.00	<pre>mm/hr 2.66 2.62 2.52 2.52 2.40 2.28 2.18 2.09 2.01 2.09 2.01 1.93 1.93 1.86</pre>
TIME hrs 0.083 0.167 0.250 0.333 0.417 0.500 0.583 0.667 0.750 0.833 0.917 1.000 1.083 1.167 1.250 1.333 1.417 1.500 Max.Eff.Inten.(m over Storage Coeff. Unit Hyd. Tpeak Unit Hyd. peak PEAK FLOW	RAIN mm/hr 1.94 2.07 2.07 2.22 2.40 2.40 2.61 2.61 2.61 2.61 2.61 2.61 2.61 2.61 2.87 3.20 3.63 3.63 4.22 n/hr)= (min)= (cms)= (mm)= (mm)=	TIME hrs 1.583 1.667 1.750 1.833 1.917 2.000 2.083 2.167 2.250 2.333 2.167 2.500 2.583 2.667 2.750 2.833 2.917 3.000 162.27 5.00 0.72 5.00	NSFORME RAIN mm/hr 5.08 6.47 6.47 9.19 9.19 18.14 162.27 162.27 21.31 12.30 12.30 8.97 8.97 7.16 7.16	D HYETOGRAF	PH RAIN mm/hr 6.01 5.21 4.61 4.61 4.15 3.78 3.48 3.22 3.01 2.82 2.82 *TO 0 2 5	- TIME hrs 4.58 4.67 4.75 4.83 4.92 5.00 5.08 5.17 5.25 5.33 5.42 5.58 5.58 5.67 5.75 5.83 5.92	<pre>mm/hr 2.66 2.62 2.52 2.52 2.40 2.28 2.18 2.09 2.01 2.09 2.01 1.93 1.93 1.86</pre>

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! ***** WARNING:FOR AREAS WITH IMPERVIOUS RATIOS BELOW 20% YOU SHOULD CONSIDER SPLITTING THE AREA.

(i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: CN* = 85.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
 (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.

CALIB STANDHYD (0002) D= 1 DT= 5.0 min	Area (ha Total Imp(S	a)= 0.17 %)= 99.00	Dir. Cor	ın.(%)= 9	9.00	
Surface Area Dep. Storage Average Slope Length Mannings n	(ha)= (mm)= (%)= (m)=	ERVIOUS I 0.17 1.00 1.00 33.39 0.013	PERVIOUS (0.00 5.00 2.00 40.00 0.250	(i)		
NOTE: RAINF	FALL WAS TRAN	SFORMED TO	5.0 MIN.	TIME STE	P.	
TIME hrs 0.083 0.167 0.250 0.333 0.417 0.500 0.583 0.667 0.750 0.833 0.917 1.000 1.083 1.167 1.250 1.333 1.417 1.500	RAIN	hrs mm/hi .583 5.03 .667 5.03 .750 6.43 .833 6.43 .917 9.19 .000 9.19 .000 9.19 .083 18.14 .167 18.14 .250 162.22 .333 162.23 .417 21.33 .583 12.30 .667 12.30 .750 8.91 .750 8.93 .917 7.10	N ' TIME r hrs 3 3.083 3 3.167 7 3.250 7 3.333 9 3.417 9 3.500 4 3.583 4 3.667 7 3.833 1 3.917	RAIN mm/hr 6.01 5.21 4.61 4.61 4.15 3.78 3.78 3.78 3.48 3.48 3.22 3.01 3.01 2.82	<pre>TIME hrs 4.58 4.67 4.75 4.83 4.92 5.00 5.08 5.17 5.25 5.33 5.42 5.50 5.58 5.67 5.75 5.83 5.92</pre>	RAIN mm/hr 2.66 2.52 2.52 2.40 2.40 2.28 2.18 2.18 2.09 2.01 2.01 1.93 1.93 1.86 1.86
Max.Eff.Inten.(n over Storage Coeff. Unit Hyd. Tpeak Unit Hyd. peak	(min) (min)= (min)=	62.27 5.00 1.09 (ii) 5.00 0.34	79.01 5.00 2.02 (i 5.00 0.31		ALS*	
PEAK FLOW TIME TO PEAK RUNOFF VOLUME TOTAL RAINFALL RUNOFF COEFFICIE	(mm)= (mm)=	0.07 2.33 54.38 55.38 0.98	0.00 2.33 26.66 55.38 0.48	0. 2 54 55	075 (iii) .33 .10 .38 .98)
*** WARNING: STORAC	GE COEFF. IS	SMALLER THAN	N TIME STE	:P!		
(ii) TIME STEP	35.0 Ia = 1 (DT) SHOULD I STORAGE COEFF	Dep. Storage BE SMALLER (ICIENT.	e (Above) DR EQUAL			
$\begin{array}{c cccc} ADD & HYD & (& 0005) \\ 1 & + & 2 & = & 3 & \\ & & ID1 & 1 & (& 000 \\ + & ID2 & 2 & (& 000 \\ \end{array}$	AREA (ha) 01): 0.04 02): 0.17	QPEAK (cms) 0.006 0.075	TPEAK (hrs) 2.42 2.33	R.V. (mm) 26.81 54.10		
ID = 3 (000)				48.64		
NOTE: PEAK FLOW	VS DO NOT INC	UDE BASEFLO	DWS IF ANY	′ .		
ADD HYD (0005) 3 + 2 = 1 ID1= 3 (000 + ID2= 2 (000	AREA (ha) 05): 0.21 03): 0.21	QPEAK (cms) 0.080 0.029	TPEAK (hrs) 2.33 2.42	R.V. (mm) 48.64 26.91		
				=====		

(h	EA QPEAK la) (cms)	TPEAK R.V (hrs) (mm)
	42 0.104 32 0.143		=
ID = 3 (0005): 0. NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT I	74 0.247	2.33 44.75	
		W3 IF ANT.	
RESERVOIR(0006) OVERFL IN= 2> OUT= 1 OUTFLO DT= 5.0 min OUTFLO (cms) 0.000 0.042 0.051 0.059 0.066	(ha.m.) 0 0.0000 9 0.0026 2 0.0051 7 0.0077 97 0.0102 88 0.0128	OUTFLOW (cms) 0.0732 0.0790 0.0845 0.0896 0.0945 0.0000	STORAGE (ha.m.) 0.0154 0.0179 0.0205 0.0230 0.0236 0.0256 0.0000
INFLOW : ID= 2 (0005) OUTFLOW: ID= 1 (0006)	(ha) (cms 0.740 0.	247 2.33	(mm) 44.75
	REDUCTION [Q F PEAK FLOW RAGE USED		5.00
CALIB STANDHYD (0007) Area ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min Total Im	(ha)= 0.00 np(%)= 99.00	Dir. Conn.(%)	= 99.00
Surface Area (ha)-	0.00	ERVIOUS (i) 0.00 5.00 2.00 40.00 0.250	
NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TR	ANSFORMED TO	5.0 MIN. TIME	STEP.
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	TIMERAINhrsmm/hr1.5835.081.6675.081.7506.471.8336.471.9179.192.0009.192.08318.142.16718.142.250162.272.333162.272.41721.312.50021.312.58312.302.66712.302.7508.972.8338.972.9177.163.0007.16	hrs mm 3.083 6. 3.167 6. 3.250 5. 3.333 5. 3.417 4. 3.500 4. 3.583 4. 3.667 4. 3.750 3. 3.833 3. 3.917 3. 4.000 3. 4.083 3. 4.167 3. 4.333 3. 4.417 2. 4.500 2.	
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= over (min) Storage Coeff. (min)= Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	162.27 5.00 0.37 (ii) 5.00 0.34	79.01 5.00 1.30 (ii) 5.00 0.33	*70741 5*
PEAK FLOW (cms)= TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	0.00 2.33 54.38 55.38 0.98	0.00 2.33 26.66 55.38 0.48	*TOTALS* 0.002 (iii) 2.33 43.56 55.38 0.79

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!
<pre>(i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: CN* = 85.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)</pre>
(ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
(iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.
ADD HYD (0008) 1 + 2 = 3 AREA QPEAK TPEAK R.V.
(ha) (cms) (hrs) (mm) ID1= 1 (0006): 0.74 0.067 2.42 44.73
+ ID2 = 2 (0007): 0.00 0.002 2.33 43.56 ID = 3 (0008): 0.74 0.067 2.42 44.72
NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.
V V I SSSSS U U A L (V 6.1.2003) V V I SS U U A A L V V I SS U U AAAAA L V V I SS U U A A L VV I SSSSS UUUUU A A LLLLL
0 0 T T H H Y Y MM MM 0 0 0 0 T T H H Y M M 0 0 000 T T H H Y M M 000
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**** DETAILED OUTPUT ****
Input filename: C:\Program Files (x86)\Visual OTTHYMO 6.1\VO2\voin.dat
Output filename: C:\Users\mshabbir\AppData\Local\Civica\VH5\2ff07612-3a92-4af5-96c5-feb13b9923f4\2ff74081 Summary filename: C:\Users\mshabbir\AppData\Local\Civica\VH5\2ff07612-3a92-4af5-96c5-feb13b9923f4\2ff74081
DATE: 06-24-2022 TIME: 07:03:45
USER:
COMMENTS:

 CHICAGO STORM IDF curve parameters: A=1195.800 Ptotal= 64.68 mm B= 0.000
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Duration of storm = 6.00 hrs Storm time step = 10.00 min
Time to peak ratio = 0.38
Time to peak ratio = 0.38 TIME RAIN TIME RAIN TIME RAIN TIME RAIN
Time to peak ratio = 0.38 TIME RAIN TIME RAIN ' TIME RAIN TIME RAIN hrs mm/hr hrs mm/hr ' hrs mm/hr hrs mm/hr 0.17 2.26 1.67 5.93 3.17 7.02 4.67 3.11 0.33 2.41 1.83 7.55 3.33 6.08 4.83 2.94
Time to peak ratio = 0.38 TIME RAIN TIME RAIN TIME RAIN TIME RAIN hrs mm/hr hrs mm/hr ' hrs mm/hr hrs mm/hr 0.17 2.26 1.67 5.93 3.17 7.02 4.67 3.11 0.33 2.41 1.83 7.55 3.33 6.08 4.83 2.94 0.50 2.59 2.00 10.73 3.50 5.38 5.00 2.80 0.67 2.80 2.17 21.19 3.67 4.85 5.17 2.67
Time to peak ratio = 0.38 TIME RAIN TIME RAIN ' TIME RAIN TIME RAIN hrs mm/hr hrs mm/hr hrs mm/hr hrs mm/hr hrs mm/hr 0.17 2.26 1.67 5.93 3.17 7.02 4.67 3.11 0.33 2.41 1.83 7.55 3.33 6.08 4.83 2.94 0.50 2.59 2.00 10.73 3.50 5.38 5.00 2.80 0.67 2.80 2.17 21.19 3.67 4.85 5.17 2.67 0.83 3.05 2.33 189.52 3.83 4.41 5.33 2.55 1.00 3.36 2.50 24.89 4.00 4.06 5.50 2.44
Time to peak ratio = 0.38 TIME RAIN Image: Main and the state of

CALIB STANDHYD (0003) ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min	Area Total Imp		.21	Dir. Conn.((%)= 1	. 00	
Surface Area Dep. Storage Average Slope Length Mannings n	IN (ha)= (mm)= (%)= (m)= =	MPERVIOUS 0.00 1.00 37.62 0.013		RVIOUS (i) 0.21 5.00 2.00 40.00 0.250			
NOTE: RAINF	ALL WAS TRA	ANSFORMED	то	5.0 MIN. TI	IME STEP		
TIME hrs 0.083 0.167 0.250 0.333 0.417 0.500 0.583 0.667 0.750 0.833 0.917 1.000 1.083 1.167 1.250 1.333 1.417 1.500	RAIN mm/hr 2.26 2.41 2.41 2.59 2.59 2.80 2.80 3.05 3.05 3.36 3.36 3.74 4.24 4.24 4.24 4.93	TIME hrs 1.583 1.667 1.750 1.833 1.917 2.000 2.083 2.167 2.250 1 2.333 1 2.417 2.500 2.583 2.667 2.750 2.833 2.917	RAIN mm/hr 5.93 7.55 7.55 10.73 10.73 21.19 21.19 21.19 21.19 89.52 89.52 24.89 24.89 24.89 14.37 10.47 10.47 8.36	D HYETOGRAF	RAIN mm/hr 7.02 6.08 6.08 5.38 5.38 4.85 4.85 4.85 4.41 4.41 4.41 4.06 3.77 3.77 3.52 3.52 3.30 3.30	TIME hrs 4.58 4.75 4.83 4.92 5.00 5.08 5.17 5.25 5.33 5.42 5.58 5.58 5.58 5.58 5.58 5.75 5.83 5.92 6.00	RAIN mm/hr 3.11 2.94 2.94 2.94 2.80 2.80 2.67 2.67 2.67 2.55 2.44 2.44 2.34 2.34 2.25 2.25 2.17 2.17
Storage Coeff. Unit Hyd. Tpeak	(min) (min)=	189.52 5.00 1.10 (5.00 0.34	ii)	02.70 10.00 8.08 (ii) 10.00 0.13	*TOTA	۱ ۵*	
	(cms)= (hrs)= (mm)= (mm)= NT =	0.00 2.33 63.68 64.68 0.98		0.04 2.42 34.08 64.68 0.53		39 (iii) 42 35 68	
***** WARNING: STORAG ***** WARNING:FOR ARE YOU SHO	E COEFF. IS AS WITH IM ULD CONSID	PERVIOUS	RATIOS	BELOW 20%			
(ii) TIME STEP	5.0 Ia = (DT) SHOULI TORAGE COEI	= Dep. St D BE SMAL FFICIENT	orage LER OR	(Above) EQUAL			
CALIB STANDHYD (0004) ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min	Area Total Imp	(ha)= 0 p(%)= 99	.32	Dir. Conn.((%)= 99	. 00	
Surface Area Dep. Storage Average Slope Length Mannings n	(ha)= (mm)= (%)=	MPERVIOUS 0.32 1.00 1.00 46.07 0.013		RVIOUS (i) 0.00 5.00 2.00 40.00 0.250			
NOTE: RAINF	ALL WAS TRA	ANSFORMED	• то	5.0 MIN. TI	IME STEP		
TIME hrs 0.083 0.167 0.250 0.333 0.417 0.500	RAIN mm/hr 2.26 2.26 2.41 2.41 2.41 2.59	TIME hrs 1.583 1.667 1.750 1.833 1.917	RAIN mm/hr 5.93 5.93 7.55 7.55 10.73	D HYETOGRAF TIME hrs 3.083 3.167 3.250 3.333 3.417 3.500	PH RAIN mm/hr 7.02 6.08 6.08 5.38 5.38	TIME hrs 4.58 4.67 4.75 4.83 4.92 5.00	RAIN mm/hr 3.11 3.11 2.94 2.94 2.80 2.80 2.80

	3.05 3.05 3.36 3.36 3.74 4.24 4.24 4.93 4.93	2.417 2.500 2.583 2.667 2.750 2.833 2.917 3.000	24.89 24.89 14.37 14.37 10.47 10.47 8.36 8.36	3.667 3.750 3.833 3.917 4.000 4.083 4.167 4.250 4.333 4.417 4.500	4.85 4.41 4.41 4.06 4.06 3.77 3.77 3.52 3.52 3.30 3.30	5.25 5.33 5.42 5.50 5.58 5.67 5.75 5.83	2.67 2.55 2.55 2.44 2.44 2.34 2.25 2.25 2.25 2.17 2.17
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm over (Storage Coeff. (Unit Hyd. Tpeak (Unit Hyd. peak (/nr)= min) min)= min)= cms)=	189.52 5.00 1.24 5.00 0.33	(ii)	5.00 2.11 (ii) 5.00 0.31	*тот	ΔI S*	
ТІМЕ ТО РЕАК ((mm)=	2.33 63.68		0.00 2.33 34.08 64.68 0.53	0. 2 63 64	167 (iii) .33 .38	
***** WARNING: STORAGE	COEFF. I	S SMALLE	R THAN	TIME STEP!			
(i) CN PROCEDUR CN* = 85 (ii) TIME STEP (THAN THE ST (iii) PEAK FLOW D	.0 Ia DT) SHOUL ORAGE COE	= Dep. S D BE SMA FFICIENT	torage LLER OR	(Above) EQUAL			
CALIB STANDHYD (0001) ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min	Area Total Im	(ha)= p(%)=	0.04 1.00 I	Dir. Conn.((%)=	1.00	
Surface Area Dep. Storage Average Slope Length Mannings n	I (ha)= (mm)= (%)= (m)= =	MPERVIOU 0.00 1.00 1.00 16.69 0.013	S PE	RVIOUS (i) 0.04 5.00 2.00 40.00 0.250			
NOTE: RAINFA					IME STE	Ρ.	
TIME hrs 0.083 0.167 0.250 0.333 0.417 0.500 0.583 0.667 0.750 0.833 0.917 1.000 1.083 1.167 1.250 1.333 1.417 1.500	RAIN mm/hr 2.26 2.241 2.41 2.59 2.59 2.80 2.80 3.05 3.05 3.36 3.36 3.36 3.74 4.24 4.93 4.93	TIME hrs 1.583 1.667 1.750 1.833 1.917 2.000 2.083 2.167 2.250	NSFORMEI RAIN mm/hr 5.93 7.55 7.55 10.73 10.73 21.19 21.19 24.89 24.89 24.89 14.37 10.47 10.47 10.47 8.36 8.36	D HYETOGRAF	PH RAIN mm/hr 7.02 - 6.08 - 5.38 - 4.85 - 4.85 - 4.41 - 4.06 - 3.77 - 3.52 - 3.52 - 3.30 -	TIME hrs 4.58 4.67 4.75 4.83 4.92 5.00 5.08 5.17 5.25 5.33 5.42 5.50 5.58 5.50 5.58 5.67 5.75 5.83 5.92 6.00	RAIN mm/hr 3.11 2.94 2.94 2.80 2.67 2.67 2.67 2.55 2.44 2.34 2.34 2.25 2.44 2.34 2.25 2.17 2.17
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min) min)=	189.52 5.00 0.68 5.00 0.34	(ii)	02.70 10.00 7.66 (ii) 10.00 0.13	*тот	A1 5*	
TIME TO PEAK (cms)= hrs)= (mm)= (mm)= T =	0.00 2.33 63.68 64.68 0.98		0.01 2.42 34.08 64.68 0.53	0. 2 34 64	ALS* 008 (iii) .42 .25 .68 .53	

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

***** WARNING:FOR AREAS WITH IMPERVIOUS RAT YOU SHOULD CONSIDER SPLITTING	
 (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIO CN* = 85.0 Ia = Dep. Stora (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT. (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEF 	ge (Above) OR EQUAL
CALIB STANDHYD (0002) Area (ha)= 0.17 ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min Total Imp(%)= 99.00	Dir. Conn.(%)= 99.00
IMPERVIOUS Surface Area (ha)= 0.17 Dep. Storage (mm)= 1.00 Average Slope (%)= 1.00 Length (m)= 33.39 Mannings n = 0.013	
NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	93 3.083 7.02 4.58 3.11 93 3.167 7.02 4.67 3.11 55 3.250 6.08 4.75 2.94 55 3.333 6.08 4.83 2.94 73 3.417 5.38 4.92 2.80 73 3.500 5.38 5.00 2.80 19 3.583 4.85 5.08 2.67 19 3.667 4.85 5.17 2.67 52 3.750 4.41 5.25 2.55 52 3.833 4.41 5.33 2.55 89 3.917 4.06 5.42 2.44 89 4.000 4.06 5.50 2.44 37 4.083 3.77 5.58 2.34 37 4.167 3.77 5.67 2.34 47 4.250 3.52 5.75 2.25 36 4.417 3.30 5.92 2.17 36 4.500 3.30 6.00 2.17
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 189.52 over (min) 5.00 Storage Coeff. (min)= 1.02 (ii) Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= 5.00 Unit Hyd. peak (cms)= 0.34	5.00 1.89 (ii) 5.00 0.32
PEAK FLOW (cms)= 0.09 TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 2.33 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 63.68 TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= 64.68 RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.98	*TOTALS* 0.00 0.088 (iii) 2.33 2.33 34.08 63.38 64.68 64.68 0.53 0.98
<pre>***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER TH (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIO CN* = 85.0 Ia = Dep. Stora (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT. (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEF</pre>	AN TIME STEP! US LOSSES: ge (Above) OR EQUAL
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEF	
ADD HYD (0005) 3 + 2 = 1 AREA QPEAK	TPEAK R.V.

ID1= 3 (0005): + ID2= 2 (0003):	(ha) (c 0.21 0.0 0.21 0.0	ns) (hrs) 94 2.33 39 2.42	(mm) 57.55 34.35	
ID = 1 (0005):	0.42 0.1	28 2.33	45.86	
NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO N	OT INCLUDE B	ASEFLOWS IF AN	Y.	
ADD HYD (0005) 1 + 2 = 3 ID1= 1 (0005): + ID2= 2 (0004): ID = 3 (0005):	(ha) (c 0.42 0.1 0.32 0.1	EAK TPEAK ns) (hrs) 28 2.33 67 2.33 ===================================	(mm) 45.86 63.38 =======	
NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO N				
IN= 2> OUT= 1 DT= 5.0 min OU 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	cms (ha .0000 0.1 .0299 0.1 .0422 0.1 .0517 0.1 .0597 0.1 .0668 0.1	RAGE OUTF .m.) (cm 0000 0.0 0026 0.0 0051 0.0 0077 0.0 0102 0.0 0128 0.0		.) 154 179 205 230 256 000
TIME SHI	LOW REDUCT	QPEAK TP (cms) (h 0.295 0.074 ION [Qout/Qin] LOW (m SED (ha.	(%)= 24.98 in)= 10.00	V. n) 3.40 3.38
CALIB STANDHYD (0007) Area ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min Tota	(ha)= 1 Imp(%)= 9	0.00 9.00 Dir. Co	nn.(%)= 99.0	00
Surface Area (ha)= Dep.Storage (mm)= Average Slope (%)= Length (m)= Mannings n =	1.00 1.00 5.60	S PERVIOUS 0.00 5.00 2.00 40.00 0.250		
NOTE: RAINFALL WA	S TRANSFORME	о то 5.0 MIN	. TIME STEP.	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	IN TIME hr hrs 26 1.583 26 1.667 41 1.750 41 1.750 41 1.833 59 1.917 59 2.000 80 2.083 80 2.167 05 2.250 05 2.333 36 2.417 36 2.500 74 2.583 74 2.667 24 2.750 24 2.833 93 2.917 93 3.000	NSFORMED HYETO RAIN ' TIM mm/hr ' hr 5.93 3.083 5.93 3.167 7.55 3.250 7.55 3.333 10.73 3.417 10.73 3.417 10.73 3.500 21.19 3.683 21.19 3.667 189.52 3.750 189.52 3.750 189.52 3.833 24.89 3.917 24.89 4.000 14.37 4.083 14.37 4.167 10.47 4.250 10.47 4.333 8.36 4.417 8.36 4.500	E RAIN s mm/hr 7.02 7.02 6.08 6.08 5.38 4.85 4.85 4.41 4.41 4.41 4.06 3.77 3.77 3.52 3.30	TIME RAIN hrs mm/hr 4.58 3.11 4.67 3.11 4.75 2.94 4.83 2.94 4.83 2.94 4.92 2.80 5.00 2.80 5.00 2.80 5.08 2.67 5.17 2.67 5.25 2.55 5.33 2.55 5.42 2.44 5.58 2.34 5.57 2.34 5.67 2.34 5.67 2.34 5.67 2.34 5.67 2.25 5.83 2.25 5.83 2.25 5.92 2.17 6.00 2.17
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= over (min) Storage Coeff. (min)= Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	5.00 0.35 5.00	102.70 5.00 (ii) 1.22 (5.00 0.33	ii)	

TOTALS 0.00 0.002 (iii) 0.00 PEAK FLOW (cms) =2.33 52.46 TIME TO PEAK (hrs) =2.33 2.33 34.08 RUNOFF VOLUME 63.68 (mm)= 64.68 TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= 64.68 64.68 RUNOFF COEFFICIENT 0.98 0.53 0.81 = ***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP! (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: CN* = 85.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL (ii) THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT. (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY. ADD HYD (0008) 1 + 2 = 3 AREA QPEAK TPEAK R.V. (cms) (hrs) (ha) (mm) _____ 53.38 ID1= 1 (0006): 0.074 2.50 0.74 + ID2= 2 (0.00 0.002 52.46 0007): 2.33 _____ ____ ____ _____ ID = 3 (0008):0.74 0.074 2.50 53.38 NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. _____ V Ι SSSSS U U А (v 6.1.2003) ν L ۷ Ι SS ΑΑ v U U L v v Ι SS U U AAAAA L SS V V Ι U U Α А L UUUUU VV Ι SSSSS А А LLLLL 000 TTTTT TTTTT н н Υ Υ М М 000 ΤМ 0 Т ΥY MM MM 0 0 0 Т Н Н 0 0 Т т н н Υ М М 0 0 000 т Т Н н Υ М М 000 Developed and Distributed by Smart City Water Inc Copyright 2007 - 2020 Smart City Water Inc All rights reserved. ***** DETAILED O U T P U T ***** Input filename: C:\Program Files (x86)\Visual OTTHYMO 6.1\V02\voin.dat
Output filename: C:\Users\mshabbir\AppData\Local\Civica\VH5\2ff07612-3a92-4af5-96c5-feb13b9923f4\acc481b8-4
Summary filename: C:\Users\mshabbir\AppData\Local\Civica\VH5\2ff07612-3a92-4af5-96c5-feb13b9923f4\acc481b8-4 DATE: 06-24-2022 TIME: 07:03:46 USER: COMMENTS: ** SIMULATION : #5 TORONTO 50-YEAR ** IDF curve parameters: A=1415.390 CHICAGO STORM B= 0.000 Ptotal= 76.56 mm 0.800 C= INTENSITY = $A / (t + B)^{C}$ used in: Duration of storm = 6.00 hrs Storm time step = 10.00 minTime to peak ratio = 0.38RAIN | TIME RAIN TIME TIME RAIN TIME RAIN mm/hr | 8.31 | mm/hr mm/hr hrs hrs hrs hrs mm/hr 3.17 4.67 0.17 2.68 1.67 7.02 3.68 3.33 3.50 0.33 2.86 1.83 8.94 7.20 4.83 3.49 0.50 2.00 12.71 6.37 3.31 3.07 5.00 0.67 3.31 2.17 25.08 3.67 5.74 5.17 3.16 0.83 3.61 2.33 224.32 3.83 5.33 3.02 5.23

	1.00 1.17 1.33 1.50	3.97 4.43 5.02 5.84	2 67	29.45 17.01 12.39 9.90	4.00 4.17 4.33 4.50	4.81 4.46 4.16 3.91	5.50 5.67 5.83 6.00	2.89 2.77 2.67 2.57
CALIB STANDHYD (000 ID= 1 DT= 5.0 m ⁻¹ Surface Area Dep. Storage	in т 	otal II		1.00	 Dir. Conn. RVIOUS (i) 0.21 5.00		1.00	
Surface Area Dep. Storage Average Slop Length Mannings n NOTE: F					2.00 40.00 0.250 5.0 min. t	IME STE	P.	
	TIME hrs 0.083 0.167 0.250 0.333 0.417 0.500 0.583 0.667 0.750 0.833 0.917 1.000 1.083 1.167 1.250	RAIhr 2.6886 2.886 3.071 3.661 3.6977 4.402 5.88 4.402 5.88 5.88 5.88 5.88 5.88 5.88 5.88 5.8	TR/ TIME hrs 1.583 1.667 1.750 1.833 1.917 2.000 2.083 2.167 2.250 2.333 2.417 2.500 2.583 2.667 2.750 2.833 2.917	ANSFORME RAIN mm/hr 7.02 7.02 8.94 8.94 12.71 12.71 12.71 25.08 224.32 29.46 29.45 17.01 17.01 17.01 12.39 9.90	D HYETOGRA	PH RAIN mm/hr 8.31 8.31 7.20 7.20 6.37 5.74 5.74 5.74 5.23 5.23 5.23 4.81 4.81 4.46 4.46 4.16 3.91	TIME 4.58 4.67 4.75 4.83 4.92 5.00 5.08 5.17 5.25 5.33 5.42 5.58 5.67 5.75 5.83 5.92	<pre>mm/hr 3.68 3.49 3.49 3.31 3.16 3.16 3.02 2.89 2.89 2.77 2.77 2.67 2.67 2.67</pre>
Max.Eff.Inte Storage Coet Unit Hyd. T Unit Hyd. pe PEAK FLOW TIME TO PEAF RUNOFF VOLUM TOTAL RAINFA RUNOFF COEFF	over (mi ff. (mi peak (mi eak (cm (cm (cm (cm (cm (cm (cm (cm (cm (cm	n) n)= s)= s)= s)= m)= m)= =	5.00 1.03 5.00 0.34 0.00 2.33 75.56 76.56 0.99	(ii)	0.14 0.05 2.42 44.00 76.56 0.57	*TOT 0. 2 44 76 0	ALS* 053 (iii) .42 .29 .56 .58)
***** WARNING:FOF YOU (i) CN PRO CN* (ii) TIME S	R AREAS J SHOULD DCEDURE = 85.0 STEP (DT THE STOR	WITH IN CONSIN SELECT Ia) SHOU AGE CO	MPERVIOUS DER SPLIT ED FOR PE = Dep. S LD BE SMA EFFICIENT	S RATIOS TING TH ERVIOUS Storage ALLER OR	BELOW 20% E AREA. LOSSES: (Above) EQUAL			
CALIB STANDHYD (000 ID= 1 DT= 5.0 m ⁻	04) Д in Т						9.00	
Surface Area Dep. Storage Average Slop Length Mannings n	a (h e (m be (a)= m)= %)= m)= =	IMPERVIOU 0.32 1.00 1.00 46.07 0.013		RVIOUS (i) 0.00 5.00 2.00 40.00 0.250			
NOTE: F	RAINFALL	WAS T			5.0 MIN. T D.HYETOGRA			

hrs 0.083 0.167 0.250 0.333 0.417 0.500 0.583 0.667 0.750 0.833 0.917 1.000 1.083 1.167 1.250 1.333 1.417	2.68 2.86 2.86 3.07 3.31 3.31 3.61 3.61 3.97 4.43 5.02 5.84	$ \begin{array}{c} 1.583\\ 1.667\\ 1.750\\ 1.833\\ 1.917\\ 2.000\\ 2.083\\ 2.167\\ 2.250\\ 2.333\\ 2.417\\ 2.500\\ 2.583\\ 2.667\\ 2.750\\ 2.833\\ 2.917\\ \end{array} $	7.02 8.94 8.94 12.71 12.71 12.71 25.08 25.08 24.32 29.46 29.45 17.01 17.01 12.39 12.39 9.90	$\begin{array}{c} 3.167\\ 3.250\\ 3.333\\ 3.417\\ 3.500\\ 3.583\\ 3.667\\ 3.750\\ 3.833\\ 3.917\\ 4.000\\ 4.083\\ 4.167\\ 4.250\\ 4.333\\ 4.417\end{array}$	5.74 5.23 5.23 4.81 4.81 4.81 4.46	4.58 4.67 4.75 4.83 4.92 5.00 5.08 5.17 5.25 5.33 5.42 5.50 5.58 5.67 5.75 5.83 5.92	mm/hr 3.68 3.49 3.31 3.31 3.16 3.02 2.89 2.89 2.89 2.77 2.67 2.67 2.57 2.57
Max.Eff.Inten.(m over Storage Coeff. Unit Hyd. Tpeak Unit Hyd. peak PEAK FLOW TIME TO PEAK RUNOFF VOLUME TOTAL RAINFALL RUNOFF COEFFICIE	(cms)= (hrs)= (mm)= (mm)=	0.20 2.33 75.56 76.56	4	34.53 5.00 1.97 (ii) 5.00 0.31 0.00 2.33 14.00 76.56 0.57	0. 2 75 76	ALS* 198 (iii) .33 .24 .56 .98	
(ii) TIME STEP THAN THE S (iii) PEAK FLOW	RE SELECTI 5.0 Ia (DT) SHOUI TORAGE COI DOES NOT I	ED FOR PER = Dep. St _D BE SMAL EFFICIENT. INCLUDE BA	VIOUS L orage LER OR SEFLOW	OSSES: (Above) EQUAL IF ANY.			
STANDHYD (0001) ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min Surface Area Dep. Storage Average Slope Length Mannings n	(ha)= (mm)= (%)= (m)= =	IMPERVIOUS 0.00 1.00 1.00 16.69 0.013	PER 4 C	RVIOUS (i) 0.04 5.00 2.00 40.00 0.250			
NOTE: RAINF	ALL WAS TH	RANSFORMED	то 5	5.0 MIN. T	IME STE	Ρ.	
TIME	RAIN	TRAN	SEORMER				
hrs 0.083 0.167 0.250 0.333 0.417 0.500 0.583 0.667 0.750 0.833 0.917 1.000 1.083 1.167 1.250 1.333 1.417 1.500 Max.Eff.Inten.(m	mm/hr 2.68 2.86 2.86 3.07 3.31 3.31 3.61 3.61 3.61 3.97 4.43 4.43 5.02 5.84 5.84	$ \begin{array}{c} 1.583\\ 1.667\\ 1.750\\ 1.833\\ 1.917\\ 2.000\\ 2.083\\ 2.167\\ 2.250\\ 2.333\\ 2.417\\ 2.500\\ 2.583\\ 2.667\\ 2.750\\ 2.833\\ 2.917\\ \end{array} $	RAIN mm/hr 7.02 8.94 8.94 12.71 12.71 12.70 25.08 25.08 24.32 29.46 29.45 17.01 17.01 17.01 12.39 12.39 9.90 9.90	hrs 3.083 3.167 3.250 3.333 3.417 3.500 3.583 3.667 3.750 3.833 3.917 4.000 4.083 4.167 4.250 4.333 4.417	RAIN mm/hr 8.31 8.31 8.31 7.20 6.37 6.37 5.74 5.74 5.23 5.74 5.23 4.81 4.46 4.46 4.46 4.16 3.91 3.91	TIME	RAIN mm/hr 3.68 3.49 3.49 3.31 3.31 3.16 3.16 3.02 2.89 2.89 2.77 2.77 2.67 2.67 2.57 2.57

PEAK FLOW (cms)= TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	0.00 2.33 75.56 76.56 0.99	0.01 2.42 44.00 76.56 0.57	0.011 (iii) 2.42 44.17 76.56 0.58	
***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. 3 ***** WARNING:FOR AREAS WITH IN YOU SHOULD CONSI	PERVIOUS RATIO	s below 20%		
(i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTI CN* = 85.0 Ia (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOUI THAN THE STORAGE COI (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT :	= Dep. Storage _D BE SMALLER O EFFICIENT.	(Above) R EQUAL		
CALIB STANDHYD (0002) Area ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min Total In	(ha)= 0.17 np(%)= 99.00	Dir. Conn.(%)	= 99.00	
Surface Area (ha)= Dep. Storage (mm)= Average Slope (%)= Length (m)= Mannings n =	IMPERVIOUS P 0.17 1.00 1.00 33.39 0.013	ERVIOUS (i) 0.00 5.00 2.00 40.00 0.250		
NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TI			STEP.	
0.167 2.68 0.250 2.86 0.333 2.86 0.417 3.07 0.500 3.07 0.583 3.31 0.667 3.31 0.750 3.61 0.917 3.97 1.000 3.97 1.083 4.43 1.167 4.43 1.250 5.02 1.333 5.02 1.417 5.84 1.500 5.84 Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	hrsmm/hr1.5837.021.6677.021.7508.941.8338.941.91712.712.00012.712.08325.082.16725.082.250224.322.333224.322.41729.462.50029.452.58317.012.66717.012.75012.392.83312.392.9179.903.0009.90224.32	' TIME R 3.083 8. 3.167 8. 3.250 7. 3.333 7. 3.417 6. 3.583 5. 3.667 5. 3.750 5. 3.750 5. 3.833 5. 3.917 4. 4.000 4. 4.083 4. 4.167 4. 4.250 4. 4.333 4. 4.417 3. 4.500 3.	AIN TIME /hr hrs 31 4.58 31 4.67 20 4.75 20 4.83 37 5.00 74 5.08 74 5.17 23 5.25 23 5.33 81 5.42 81 5.50 46 5.58 46 5.75 16 5.83 91 5.92	RAIN mm/hr 3.68 3.49 3.49 3.31 3.16 3.16 3.16 3.02 2.89 2.89 2.89 2.77 2.77 2.77 2.77 2.57 2.57
over (min) Storage Coeff. (min)= Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= Unit Hyd. peak (cms)= PEAK FLOW (cms)= TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	5.00 0.96 (ii) 5.00 0.34 0.10 2.33 75.56 76.56	5.00 1.77 (ii) 5.00 0.32 0.00 2.33 44.00 76.56	*TOTALS* 0.104 (iii) 2.33 75.24 76.56	
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	0.99	0.57	0.98	
(i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTI CN* = 85.0 IA (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOUL THAN THE STORAGE COL (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT :	ED FOR PERVIOUS = Dep. Storage LD BE SMALLER O EFFICIENT.	LOSSES: (Above) R EQUAL		
ID1= 1 (0001): 0 + ID2= 2 (0002): 0		TPEAK R.V (hrs) (mm 2.42 44.17 2.33 75.24) =	
ID = 3 (0005): 0	.21 0.113	2.33 69.03		

ADD HYD (0005) 3 + 2 = 1 ID1= 3 (0005): + ID2= 2 (0003):	AREA QPE (ha) (cn 0.21 0.11 0.21 0.05	AK TPEAK (hrs) 3 2.33 3 2.42	R.V. (mm) 69.03 44.29	
ID = 1 (0005):				
NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO N	OT INCLUDE BA	SEFLOWS IF AN	NY.	
ADD HYD (0005) 1 + 2 = 3 ID1= 1 (0005): + ID2= 2 (0004):	AREA QPE (ha) (cn 0.42 0.16 0.32 0.19	AK TPEAK IS) (hrs) 0 2.33 18 2.33	R.V. (mm) 56.56 75.24	
ID = 3 (0005):				
NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO N	OT INCLUDE BA	SEFLOWS IF AN	NY.	
(0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	TFLOW STOP cms) (ha. .0000 0.0 .0299 0.0 .0422 0.0 .0517 0.0 .0597 0.0 .0668 0.0	CAGE OUTI m.) (cr 0000 0.0 0026 0.0 0051 0.0 0077 0.0 0102 0.0 0128 0.0		.m.) .0154 .0179 .0205 .0230 .0256 .0000
INFLOW : ID= 2 (0005) OUTFLOW: ID= 1 (0006) PEAK F TIME SHI MAXIMUM	LOW REDUCTI	QPEAK TI (cms) (l 0.358 0.083 CON [Qout/Qin] OW (r ED (ha	(%)= 23.10	
CALIB STANDHYD (0007) Area ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min Tota	(ha)= (1 Imp(%)= 99).00).00 Dir.Co	onn.(%)= 9	9.00
Surface Area (ha)= Dep. Storage (mm)= Average Slope (%)= Length (m)= Mannings n =	$1.00 \\ 1.00 \\ 5.60$	5 PERVIOUS 0.00 5.00 2.00 40.00 0.250	(i)	
NOTE: RAINFALL WA	S TRANSFORMED	то 5.0 мі	N. TIME STE	Ρ.
hrs mm/ 0.083 2. 0.167 2. 0.250 2. 0.333 2. 0.417 3.	IN TIME hr hrs 68 1.583 68 1.667 86 1.750	ISFORMED HYET(RAIN TIN mm/hr h 7.02 3.08 7.02 3.16 8.94 3.25(8.94 3.33 12.71 3.41 12.71 3.50	ME RAIN rs mm/hr 3 8.31 7 8.31 0 7.20 3 7.20 7 6.37	

0.233 0.417 0.500 0.583 0.667 0.750 0.833 0.917 1.000	2.86 3.07 3.31 3.31 3.61 3.61 3.97 3.97	1.833 1.917 2.000 2.083 2.167 2.250 2.333 2.417 2.500	8.94 12.71 12.71 25.08 25.08 224.32 224.32 29.46 29.45	3.333 3.417 3.500 3.583 3.667 3.750 3.833 3.917 4.000	7.20 6.37 6.37 5.74 5.23 5.23 4.81	4.83 4.92 5.00 5.08 5.17 5.25 5.33 5.42 5.50	3 49 3 31 3 16 3 16 3 02 3 02 2 89 2 89
							• • = •
1.000 1.083	3.97 4.43	2.500	29.45 17.01	4.000	4.81 4.46	5.50 5.58	2.89 2.77
1.167	4 43 5 02	2.667	17.01 12.39	4.167	4.46 4.16	5.67	2.77
1.333	5.02 5.84	2.833	12.39	4.333	4.16	5.83 5.92	2.67
⊥.4⊥/	5.04	2.91/	9.90	4.417	3.91	5.92	2.57

1.500 5.84 3.000 9.90 4.500 3.91 6.00 2.57
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 224.32 134.53 over (min) 5.00 5.00 Storage Coeff. (min)= 0.33 (ii) 1.14 (ii) Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= 5.00 5.00 Unit Hyd. peak (cms)= 0.34 0.34 *TOTALS*
PEAK FLOW (cms)= 0.00 0.00 0.003 (iii) TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 2.33 2.33 2.33 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 75.56 44.00 63.69 TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= 76.56 76.56 76.56 RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.99 0.57 0.83
***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!
 (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: CN* = 85.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above) (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT. (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.
ADD HYD (0008) 1 + 2 = 3 AREA QPEAK TPEAK R.V. ID1= 1 (0006): 0.74 0.083 2.50 64.58 + ID2= 2 (0007): 0.00 0.003 2.33 63.69
ID = 3 (0008): 0.74 0.083 2.50 64.57
NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.
V V I SSSSS U U A L (v 6.1.2003) V V I SS U U A A L V V I SS U U AAAAA L V V I SS U U AAAAA L V V I SS U U A A L VV I SSSSS UUUUU A A LLLLL
000 TTTTT TTTTT H H Y Y M M 000 TM 0 0 T T H H Y Y MM MM 0 0 0 0 T T H H Y M M 0 0 000 T T H H Y M M 000 Developed and Distributed by Smart City Water Inc Copyright 2007 - 2020 Smart City Water Inc All rights reserved.
***** DETAILED OUTPUT *****
Input filename: C:\Program Files (x86)\Visual OTTHYMO 6.1\VO2\voin.dat Output filename: C:\Users\mshabbir\AppData\Local\Civica\VH5\2ff07612-3a92-4af5-96c5-feb13b9923f4\a9828841- Summary filename: C:\Users\mshabbir\AppData\Local\Civica\VH5\2ff07612-3a92-4af5-96c5-feb13b9923f4\a9828841-
DATE: 06-24-2022 TIME: 07:03:46
USER:
COMMENTS:

CHICAGO STORM IDF curve parameters: A=1579.410 Ptotal= 85.43 mm E= 0.000 C= 0.800
used in: INTENSITY = A / (t + B)^C Duration of storm = 6.00 hrs Storm time step = 10.00 min Time to peak ratio = 0.38

TIME RAIN hrs mm/hr 0.17 2.99 0.33 3.19 0.50 3.42 0.67 3.70 0.83 4.03 1.00 4.43 1.17 4.94 1.33 5.61 1.50 6.51	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3.17 9.2 3.33 8.0 3.50 7.1	AIN TIME RAIN /hr hrs mm/hr 27 4.67 4.11 03 4.83 3.89 1 5.00 3.70 40 5.17 3.52 33 5.33 3.37 36 5.50 3.22 97 5.67 3.09 54 5.83 2.98 36 6.00 2.87
CALIB STANDHYD (0003) ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min Surface Area (ha)= Dep. Storage (mm)= Average Slope (%)= Length (m)= Mannings n = NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TR	np(%)= 1.00 IMPERVIOUS PE 0.00 1.00 1.00 37.62 0.013	RVIOUS (i) 0.21 5.00 2.00 40.00 0.250	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	hrsmm/hr1.5837.831.6677.831.7509.981.8339.981.91714.182.00014.182.08327.992.16727.992.250250.322.333250.322.41732.872.58318.982.66718.982.75013.832.83313.832.91711.043.00011.04	' TIME RA ' hrs mm/ 3.083 9.2 3.167 9.2 3.250 8.0 3.333 8.0 3.417 7.1 3.500 7.1 3.583 6.4 3.667 6.4 3.750 5.8 3.833 5.8 3.917 5.3 4.000 5.3 4.083 4.9 4.167 4.9 4.250 4.6 4.333 4.6	AIN TIME RAIN /hr hrs mm/hr 27 4.58 4.11 27 4.67 4.11 23 4.75 3.89 23 4.83 3.89 24 5.00 3.70 25 3.70 1.1 26 5.08 3.52 27 3.52 3.37 28 5.25 3.37 29 5.33 3.22 20 5.50 3.22 26 5.50 3.22 27 5.58 3.09 27 5.67 3.09 24 5.75 2.98 24 5.83 2.98 26 5.92 2.87
over (min) Storage Coeff. (min)= Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= Unit Hyd. peak (cms)= PEAK FLOW (cms)= TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	5.00 0.98 (ii) 5.00 0.34 0.00 2.33 84.43 85.43 0.99 US SMALLER THAN APERVIOUS RATIOS DER SPLITTING TH ED FOR PERVIOUS = DEP. Storage D BE SMALLER OR EFFICIENT.	10.00 6.84 (ii) 10.00 0.14 0.06 2.42 51.64 85.43 0.60 TIME STEP! BELOW 20% E AREA. LOSSES: (Above) EQUAL	TOTALS* 0.064 (iii) 2.42 51.95 85.43 0.61
I Surface Area (ha)= Dep. Storage (mm)= Average Slope (%)=	np(%)= 99.00 IMPERVIOUS PE 0.32 1.00 1.00	Dir. Conn.(%)= RVIOUS (i) 0.00 5.00 2.00 40.00	= 99.00

NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.

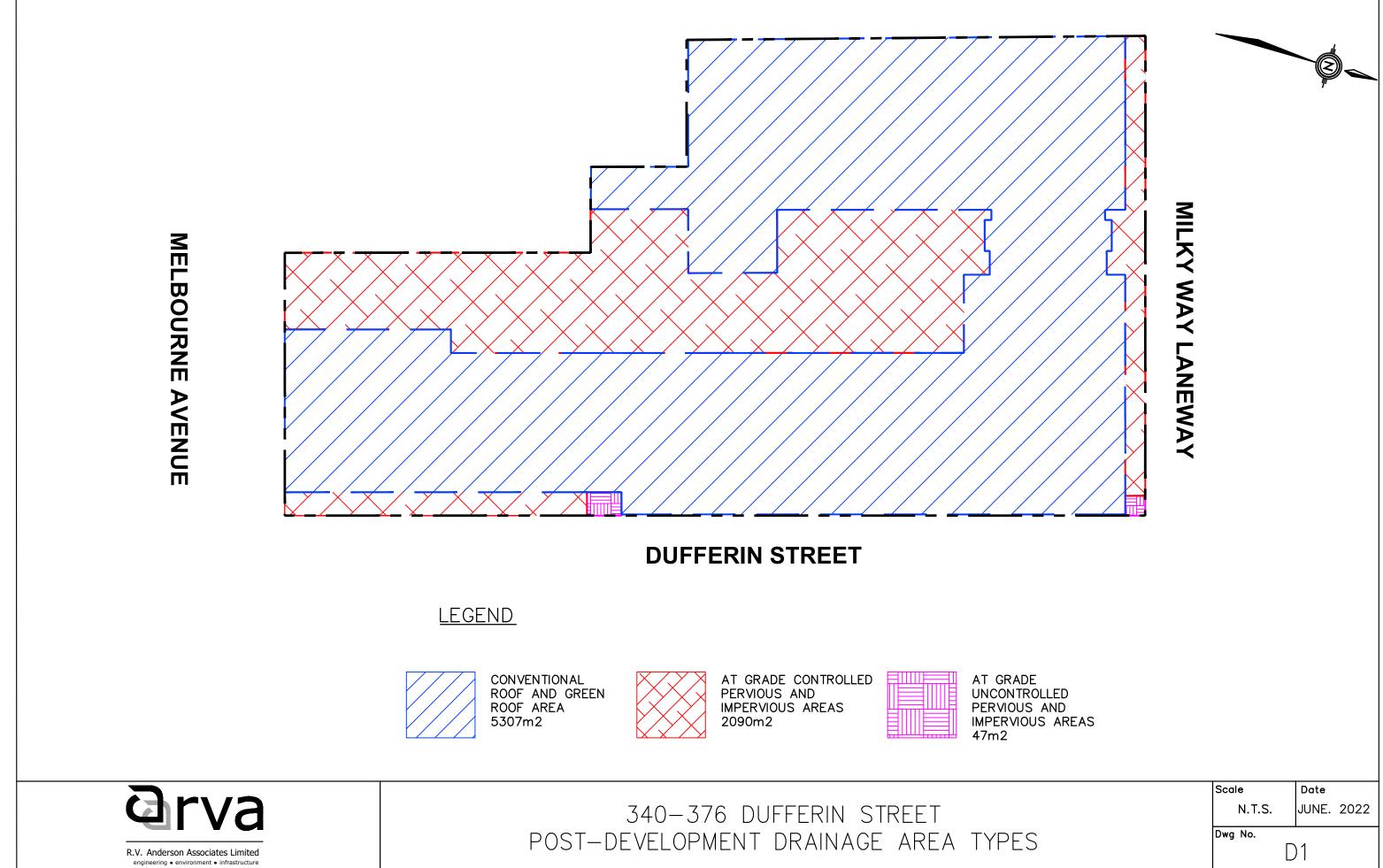
0.750 0.833 0.917 1.000	RAIN mm/hr 2.99 3.19 3.19 3.42 3.42 3.70 3.70 4.03 4.03 4.43 4.43	TIME hrs 1.583 1.667 1.750 1.833 1.917 2.000 2.083 2.167 2.250 2.333 2.417 2.500	RAIN mm/hr 7.83 9.98 9.98 14.18 14.18 27.99 27.99 250.32 250.32 32.87 32.87		RAIN mm/hr 9.27 9.27 8.03 7.11 7.11 6.40 6.40 6.40 5.83 5.83 5.36 5.36	TIME hrs 4.58 4.67 4.75 4.83 4.92 5.00 5.08 5.17 5.25 5.33 5.42 5.50	RAIN mm/hr 4.11 4.11 3.89 3.89 3.70 3.70 3.52 3.52 3.52 3.52 3.52 3.22 3.09 3.09 2.98 2.98 2.87 2.87
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/ł over (m ⁻ Storage Coeff. (m ⁻ Unit Hyd. Tpeak (m ⁻ Unit Hyd. peak (cr	nr)= in) in)= in)= ns)=	250.32 5.00 1.11 5.00 0.34	1 (ii)	59.16 5.00 1.89 (ii) 5.00 0.32	*101	-41 6*	
PEAK FLOW (cr TIME TO PEAK (hr RUNOFF VOLUME (r TOTAL RAINFALL (r RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	ns)= rs)= nm)= nm)= =	0.22 2.33 84.43 85.43 0.99		2.33 51.64 85.43 0.60	2 84 85 0	221 (111) 2.33 1.10 5.43 0.98	
***** WARNING: STORAGE (COEFF. I	S SMALL	ER THAN	TIME STEP!			
(i) CN PROCEDURE CN* = 85.((ii) TIME STEP (D THAN THE STOR (iii) PEAK FLOW DOR) Ia F) SHOUL RAGE COE	= Dep. S D BE SMA FFICIEN	Storage ALLER OR F.	(Above) EQUAL			
CALIB STANDHYD (0001) ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min	Area Fotal Im	(ha)= up(%)=	0.04 1.00	Dir. Conn.	(%)=	1.00	
Dep.Storage (n Average Slope (I nm)= (%)= (m)= =	MPERVIO 0.00 1.00 1.00 16.69 0.013		RVIOUS (i) 0.04 5.00 2.00 40.00 0.250			
NOTE: RAINFALI	_ WAS TR	ANSFORM	ED TO	5.0 MIN. T	IME STE	P.	
TIME hrs 0.083 0.167 0.250 0.333 0.417 0.500 0.583 0.667 0.750 0.833 0.917 1.000 1.083 1.167 1.250 1.333 1.417 1.500	RAIN mm/hr 2.99 3.19 3.42 3.42 3.42 3.70 4.03 4.03 4.03 4.43 4.43 4.94 5.61 5.61 6.51 6.51	TR/ TIME hrs 1.583 1.667 1.750 1.833 1.917 2.000 2.083 2.167 2.250 2.333 2.417 2.500 2.583 2.417 2.500 2.583 2.667 2.750 2.833 2.917 3.000	ANSFORME RAIN mm/hr 7.83 7.83 9.98 9.98 14.18 14.18 27.99 27.99 250.32 32.87 18.98 13.83 13.83 11.04	D HYETOGRA TIME hrs 3.083 3.167 3.250 3.333 3.417 3.500 3.583 3.667 3.750 3.833 3.917 4.000 4.083 4.167 4.250 4.333 4.417 4.500	PH RAIN 9.27 9.27 8.03 8.03 7.11 7.11 6.40 6.40 5.83 5.83 5.36 4.97 4.64 4.36 4.36 4.36	TIME	RAIN mm/hr 4.11 3.89 3.89 3.70 3.70 3.52 3.52 3.52 3.52 3.37 3.22 3.22 3.09 2.98 2.98 2.87 2.87

Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= over (min) Storage Coeff. (min)= Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	5.00 0.60 (ii) 5.00	159.16 10.00 6.47 (ii) 10.00 0.14	*TOTALS*	
PEAK FLOW (cms)= TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	2.33 84.43 85.43	0.01 2.42 51.64 85.43 0.60	0.013 (iii) 2.42 51.91 85.43 0.61	
***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. 3 ***** WARNING:FOR AREAS WITH IM YOU SHOULD CONSI	MPERVIOUS RATIO	s below 20%		
(i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTI CN* = 85.0 Ia (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOUI THAN THE STORAGE COI (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT I	= Dep. Storage LD BE SMALLER O EFFICIENT.	(Above) R EQUAL		
CALIB STANDHYD (0002) Area ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min Total Ir			(%)= 99.00	
Surface Area (ha)=	IMPERVIOUS P 0.17 1.00 1.00 33.39 0.013	ERVIOUS (i) 0.00 5.00 2.00 40.00 0.250		
NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TH	RANSFORMED TO	5.0 MIN. T	IME STEP.	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	hrsmm/hr1.5837.831.6677.831.7509.981.8339.981.91714.182.00014.182.00014.182.08327.992.16727.992.250250.322.333250.322.41732.872.58318.982.66718.982.75013.832.83313.832.91711.043.00011.04	' TIME ' hrs 3.083 3.167 3.250 3.333 3.417 3.500 3.583 3.667 3.750 3.833 3.917 4.000 4.083 4.167 4.250 4.333 4.417 4.500	RAIN TIME mm/hr hrs	RAIN mm/hr 4.11 4.11 3.89 3.70 3.70 3.52 3.52 3.37 3.52 3.37 3.22 3.09 3.09 2.98 2.98 2.87 2.87
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= over (min) Storage Coeff. (min)= Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	5.00	159.16 5.00 1.69 (ii) 5.00 0.32	*TOTALS*	
	0.12 2.33 84.43 85.43 0.99	0.00 2.33 51.64 85.43 0.60	0.116 (iii) 2.33 84.10 85.43 0.98	
***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. 3	IS SMALLER THAN	TIME STEP!		
(i) CN PROCEDURE SELECT CN* = 85.0 Ia (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOUI THAN THE STORAGE COI (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT I	= Dep. Storage LD BE SMALLER O EFFICIENT.	(Above) R EQUAL		

ADD HYD (0005) 1 + 2 = 3 ID1= 1 (0001): + ID2= 2 (0002):	(ha) (c 0.04 0.0 0.17 0.1	EAK TPEAK ms) (hrs) 13 2.42 16 2.33	(mm) 51.91 84.10	
ID = 3 (0005):				
NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NO	T INCLUDE B	ASEFLOWS IF A	NY.	
$\begin{vmatrix} ADD & HYD & (& 0005) \\ 3 & + & 2 & = & 1 \\ & ID1 = & 3 & (& 0005) \\ + & ID2 = & 2 & (& 0003) \\ & & & \\ ID & = & 1 & (& 0005) \\ & & & \\ ID & = & 1 & (& 0005) \\ & & & \\ \hline \end{tabular}$				
NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NO	T INCLUDE B	ASEFLOWS IF A	NY.	
$\begin{vmatrix} ADD HYD & (0005) \\ 1 + 2 = 3 \end{vmatrix}$ $ID1= 1 (0005):$ $+ ID2= 2 (0004):$ $ID = 3 (0005):$				
NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NO	T INCLUDE B	ASEFLOWS IF A	NY.	
(c 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.	FLOW STO ms) (ha 0000 0. 0299 0. 0422 0. 0517 0. 0597 0. 0668 0.	RAGE OUT .m.) (c 0000 0. 0026 0. 0051 0. 0077 0. 0102 0. 0128 0.) 0.0154 0.0179 0.0205 0.0230 0.0256 0.0000
INFLOW : ID= 2 (0005) OUTFLOW: ID= 1 (0006) PEAK FL TIME SHIF MAXIMUM	0.740 0.740 OW REDUCT	QPEAK T (cms) (0.406 0.089 ION [Qout/Qin LOW (SED (ha	2.33 2.50](%)= 21.93	73.05 73.04
CALIB STANDHYD (0007) Area ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min Total				9.00
Surface Area (ha)= Dep. Storage (mm)= Average Slope (%)= Length (m)= Mannings n =	$ \begin{array}{c} 0.00 \\ 1.00 \\ 1.00 \\ 5.60 \end{array} $	S PERVIOUS 0.00 5.00 2.00 40.00 0.250	(i)	
NOTE: RAINFALL WAS	TRANSFORME	D TO 5.0 MI	N. TIME STE	Ρ.
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	N TIME r hrs 9 1.583 9 1.667 9 1.750 9 1.833 2 1.917 2 2.000 0 2.083 0 2.167		ME RAIN rs mm/hr 3 9.27 7 9.27 0 8.03 3 8.03 7 7.11 0 7.11 3 6.40 7 6.40	TIME RAIN hrs mm/hr 4.58 4.11 4.67 4.11 4.75 3.89 4.83 3.89 4.92 3.70 5.00 3.70 5.08 3.52 5.17 3.52

1.333 5.6 1.417 6.5	3 2.500 32.87 4 2.583 18.98 4 2.667 18.98 1 2.750 13.83 1 2.833 13.83	4.000 5.3 4.083 4.9 4.167 4.9 4.250 4.6 4.333 4.6	6 5.50 3.22 7 5.58 3.09 7 5.67 3.09 4 5.75 2.98
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= over (min) Storage Coeff. (min)= Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	5.00 0.31 (ii) 5.00 0.34	0.34 *	TOTALS*
PEAK FLOW (cms)= TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	0.00 2.33 84.43 85.43 0.99	0.00 2.33 51.64 85.43	0.003 (iii) 2.33 72.54 85.43 0.85
<pre>***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF (i) CN PROCEDURE SELE CN* = 85.0 (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SH THAN THE STORAGE (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NO</pre>	CTED FOR PERVIOUS Ia = Dep. Storage OULD BE SMALLER OF COEFFICIENT.	LOSSES: (Above) R EQUAL	
ADD HYD (0008) 1 + 2 = 3 ID1= 1 (0006): + ID2= 2 (0007):	(ha) (cms) 0.74 0.089 0.00 0.003	TPEAK R.V. (hrs) (mm) 2.50 73.04 2.33 72.54	
ID = 3 (0008):	0.74 0.089	2.50 73.03	
NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NO	T INCLUDE BASEFLOW	/S IF ANY.	

FINISH



	Scale	Date	
	N.T.S.	JUNE. 2022	
S	Dwg No.		

APPENDIX E

CIVIL DRAWINGS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. ALL WORK TO CONFORM TO THE LATEST CITY OF TORONTO STANDARD DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS AS WELL AS THE LATEST ADOPTED ONTARIO PROVINCIAL STANDARD DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS.
- DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS: 2. ALL WORK SHALL BE COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CURRENT 'OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY ACT AND REGULATION FOR CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS'. THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL BE DEAMED TO BE THE CONSTRUCTOR AS DEFINED IN THE ACT.
- ALL TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL AND SIGNAGE DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CURRENT ONTARIO TRAFFIC MANUAL BOOK 7: TEMPORARY

- ACCORDANCE WITH THE CURRENT UNITARD TRAFFIC MANUAL BOOK 7: TEMPORARY CONDITIONS FIELD EDITION. ALL TRENCHES WITHIN THE EXISTING RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE BACKFILLED WITH UNSHRINKABLE FILL. TEMPORARY REPARS TO UTLITY CUTS WILL BE AS PER MUNICIPAL CONSENT REQUIREMENTS, APPENDIX D, TEMPORARY REPARS TO UTLITY CUTS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL RECTEY ALL DISTURBED AREAS TO THE CRIGNAL CONDITION OR BETTER AND TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF TECHNICAL SERVICES. PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY WORK WITHIN THE MUNICIPAL RIGHT-OF-WAY THE CONTRACTOR OR DEVELOPER OR CONSULTANT WILL OBTAIN ALL NECESSARY ROAD OCCUPANCY PERMITS FROM THE CITY'S RIGHT-DE-WAY AMAAGREFIENT SECTION. FROM THE CITY'S RIGHT-OF-WAY MANAGEMENT SECTION.
- CONTACT CITY INSPECTOR AND ENGINEER 48 HOURS BEFORE EXCAVATION, INSTALLATION OF BACKFILL. 8. LOCATION AND COMPLETENESS OF EXISTING SERVICES/UTILITIES SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS
- ARE NOT GUARANTEED. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE UTILITY COMPANIES AT LEAST FORTY-EIGHT (48) HOURS PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ANY LOCATION WORK. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL COSTS TO LOCATE THE EXISTING SERVICES
- 9 THE DRAWINGS INDICATE EXISTING SERVICES AND DID NOT ATTEMPT TO LOCATE ANYTHING

- ON SILE.
 O. THE DRAWINGS INDICATE EXISTING SERVICES AND DID NOT ATTEMPT TO LOCATE ANYTHING OTHER THAN THESE SERVICES (I.E. ABANDONED BUILDING FOUNDATIONS AND OTHER EXISTING FACILITIES WERE NOT INVESTIGATED OR SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS).
 10. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVE THE EXACT LOCATION AND SIZE OF ALL SERVICES AND STRUCTURES AND SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ADEQUATELY PROTECTING THEM AGAINST DAMAGE ASSUMING ALL LIABUITES FOR DAMAGE.
 11. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BEREYOR DO WORK AND SHALL SCHEDULE CONSTRUCTION WORK AVODING CONSTRUCTION DELAYS CAUSED WORK AND SHALL SCHEDULE CONSTRUCTION WORK AVODING CONSTRUCTION DELAYS CAUSED BY SUCH CONFLICT.
 12. MAINTAIN VEHICULAR AND PEDESTRIAN TRAFFIC AT ALL TIMES.
 13. ALL SERVICES TO BE SUPPORTED AS PER CITY STD 1-1007.01 TO 1-1007.01-10.
 14. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BECOME SOLE OWNER OF ALL EXCESS MATERIAL.
 16. WITHIN THE PROPOSED PAVED AREAS AND EASEMINTS AND LICENSES BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY WORK.
 17. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BECOME SOLE OWNER OF ALL EXCESS MATERIAL.
 18. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BECOME SOLE OWNER OF ALL EXCESS MATERIAL.
 16. WITHIN THE PROPOSED PAVED AREAS AND EASEMINT GARN. B SHALL BE USED AS BACKFILL WITHIN IM FROM MANHOLES, VALVE CHAMBERS AND CACHBASINS, AND APPROVED NATIVE OR IMPORTED BACKFILL SHALL BE USED FOR ALL OTHER AREAS.
 19. ROTOCT ALL TRESE REAM DEAKCHIL SHALL BE USED FOR ALL OTHER AREAS.
 10. REMOVE OBJECTS AS PER OFSS 510, INCLUDING APPROVED COMPACTED BACKFILL AND ABANDON PIPE AS PER OFSS 510, INCLUDING APPROVED COMPACTED BACKFILL AND ABANDON PIPE AS PER OFSS 510, INCLUDING APPROVED COMPACTED BACKFILL AND ABANDON PIPE AS PER OFSS 510, INCLUDING APPROVED COMPACTED BACKFILL AND ABANDON PIPE AS PER OFSS 510, INCLUDING APPROVED COMPACTED BACKFILL AND ABANDON PIPE AS PER OFSS 510, INCLUDING APPROVED COMPACTED BACKFILL AND ABANDON PIPE AS PER OFSS 510, INCLUDING APPROVED COMPACTED BACKFILL AND ABANDON PIPE AS PER OFSS 510, INCLUDING APPROVED COMPACTED BACKF
- TEMUVE UNLECTS AS PER UPSS 510, INCLUDING APROVED COMPACTED BACKFILL AN ABANDON PIPE AS PER OPSS 510 INCLUDING SEALING OF PIPE AND FILLING IT WITH ' CONCRETE OR GROUT.
 ADJUST ALL EXISTING MANHOLE, CATCHBASIN AND VALVEBOX FRAMES TO PROPOSED ENVICENC PEAPE
- 19. ADJOST ALL EXISING MANHOLE, CAICHHASIN AND VALVEDOX FRAMES ID PROPOSED FINISHED GRADE. 20. RELOCATE EXISTING SERVICES AS REQUIRED TO CONSTRUCT PROPOSED INFRASTRUCTURE. 21. CONTRACTOR TO WORK IN DRY CONDITIONS. TEMPORARY PLUGGING OF SEWER UP AND DOWN STREAM WILL BE REQUIRED. PROVISION FOR WET WEATHER SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR.
- 22. WHERE THE STABILITY, SAFETY OR FUNCTION OF THE EXISTING ROADWAY OR UNDERGROUND 22. WHERE THE STABILITY, SAFETY OR FUNCTION OF THE EXISTING ROADWAY OR UNDERGROUND. FACILITES MAY BE IMPARED DUE TO THE CONTRACTOR'S METHOD OF OPERATIONS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE SUCH PROTECTION AS MAY BE REQUIRED INCLUDING SHEETIN. SHORING AND DRIVING PILES WHERE NECESSARY. CONSTRUCTION OF SHORING, BRACING AN PROTECTION SCHEWES SHALL CONFORM TO 0PSS 538 AND OPSS 539. 23. ANY AREA OUTSIDE THE LUMIT OF WORK THAT IS DISTURBED SHALL BE RESTORED TO ITS ORIGINAL CONDITION BY THE CONTRACTOR AT NO COST TO THE OWNER. 24. REQUIRED SHOP DRAVMONS SHALL BE BASED ON FIELD MEASUREMENT AND LAYOUT VERFICATION BY THE CONTRACTOR.

- VERIFICATION BY THE CONTRACTOR. 25. WHERE NEW PAVING OF EARTHWORK MEETS EXISTING PAVING OR EARTHWORK, SMOOTHLY BLEND LINE AND GRADE OF EXISTING WITH NEW. 26. EXPANSION JOINT FILLER SHALL BE PLACED WHERE PAVEMENT MEETS STRUCTURES—INCLUDING WALLS, LICHT POLES, HYDRANTS, BUILDINGS AND BUILDING COLUMNS, STAIRS AND AT OTHER CONDITIONS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS. 27. EXCAVATION REQUIRED WITHIN PROVINTY OF UTILITY LINES AND WITHIN THE TREE PROTECTION ZONE OF TREES DESIGNATED TO REMAIN SHALL BE DONE BY HAND. CONTRACTOR SHALL PEALE ANY DAMAGE TO EXISTING LITLITY LINES CON SETUCTIBES
- CONTRACTOR SHALL REPAIR ANY DAMAGE TO EXISTING UTILITY LINES OR STRUCTURES INCURRED DURING CONSTRUCTION OPERATION AT NO COST TO THE UTILITY COMPANIES OR THE OWNER.

LAYOUT AND MATERIALS

- ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS ARE IN METERS, EXCEPT PIPE DIAMETERS, WHICH ARE IN MILLIMETERS, UNLESS OTHERMISE SHOWN.
 CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT BY CONTRACTOR.
 ALL HORIZONTAL DIMENSION ARE TO CENTER OF OBJECT OR TO GUTTER OF CURB.

- LASER ALIGNMENT CONTROL IS MANDATORY. AS-BUILT OF PIPE INVERT ELEVATIONS WITH CORRESPONDING STATIONS SHALL BE RECORDED PRIOR TO BACK FILLING OF TRENCH.
 SAS-BUILT ELEVATION AND COORDINATES SHALL BE PROVIDED AT ZOM INTERVALS, AND AT
- AS-BUILT ELEVATION AND COURDINATES SHALL BE PROVIDED AT ZOM INTERVALS, AND AT EVERY HORZONTAL AND VERTICAL CHANGE OF ALIGNMENT AND UFSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM OF EACH SANITARY OR STORM MAHHOLE, AND WATERMAIN VALVE CHAMBERS. HORZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL BASED ON THE CITY OF TORONTO PUBLISHED BENCHMARKS AND HORIZONTAL CONTROL MARKERS.
 ALL LINE AND GRADE WORK PER DRAWING AND SPECIFICATION SHALL BE LAID OUT BY A REGISTERED CIVIL ENGINEER OR SURVEYOR.

DEWATERING AND SOIL STABILIZATION

1. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL DEWATERING AND SOIL STABILIZATION.

SANITARY AND STORM SEWERS

- 1. MAIN LINE PVC PIPE AS PER DR 35 CSA B182.2-06 CERTIFIED ASTM D3034-04A, F679-03. SERVICE CONNECTION PVC PIPE TO BE AS PER DR 28 CSA B182.2-06 CERTIFIED ASTM D3034-04A
- BEDDING FOR FLEXIBLE PIPE SHALL BE AS PER OPSD 802.010, 802.013 OR 802.014.
- 3. ULTRA-RIB PIPE IS NOT PERMITTED WITHIN THE MUNICIPAL RIGHT OF WAY.
- MAINTENANCE HOLES AS PER CITY OF TORONTO STADDARD, 1-701.010 (1200MM), T-701.011 (1500MM), T-701.012-1(1800MM), T-701.013 (2400MM) OR OPSD 701.014(3000MM). FRAME AND COVER AS PER OPSD 401.010 TYPE A CLOSED (SANITARY) TYPE B OPEN (STORM). 5. BENCHING SHALL BE AS PER CITY OF TORONTO STANDARD T-701.021.
- 6. DROP STRUCTURES TO BE AS PER CITY OF TORONTO STANDARD T-1003.01 (EXTERNAL) AND T-1003.01-2 (INTERNAL).
- SANITARY SERVICE CONNECTIONS SHALL BE SINGLE, 150MM# MINIMUM, PVC CLASS DR 28 INSTALLED AT 2 PERCENT AND THE COLOUR SHALL BE GREEN, FOR SINGLE RESIDENTIAL DWELLINGS.
- 8. SANITARY MAINTENANCE HOLE SHALL HAVE WATERTIGHT FRAME AND COVER IN PONDING AREAS AS PER OPSD 401.030.
- REINFORCED CONCRET PIPE SHALL BE AS PER CSA A257.2-03 (MINIMUM 65-D). HEIGHT OF FILL TO BE VERIFIED USING OPSD TABLES 807.010 AND 807.030.
 NON-REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE 150 MM TO 250 MM SHALL BE AS PER CSA A257.1-03 CLASS 3. HEIGHT OF FILL TO BE VERIFIED USING OPSD TABLES 807.040.
- 11. BEDDING FOR RIGID PIPE SHALL BE CLASS B AS PER OPSD 802.030, 802.031, 802.032 OR
- 802.033. 12. SINGLE CATCHBASINS SHALL BE AS PER CITY OF TORONTO STANDARD T-705.010 COMPLETE WITH GOSS TRAP WHERE SPECIFIED. FRAME AND COVER AS PER OPSD 400.070.
- WITH GOSS TRAP WHERE SPECIFIED. FRAME AND COVER AS PER OPSD 400.070. 13. DOUBLE CATCHABASINS SHALL BE AS PER CITY OF TORONTO STANDARD T-705.020 COMPLETE WITH GOSS TRAP WHERE SPECIFIED. FRAME AND COVER AS PER OPSD 400.070. 14. SERVICE CONNECTIONS AND UTILITY CUTS TO BE BACKFILLED WITH UNSHRINKABLE FILL. 15. CATCHABASIN LEADS TO BE 200MMØ PVC DR 33 FOR SINCLE CATCHABASINS AND 250MMØ PVC DR 35 FOR DOUBLE CATCHBASINS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

- UPON COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION, SEWERS ARE TO BE CLEANED AND HAVE CCTV INSPECTION PER TS 409 AND MANDRELL TEST PER TS 410. SEWERS TO HAVE DEFLECTION NO GREATER THAN 5.0%
- 17. REAR YARD CATCHEASINS & CATCHBASINS IN PARKS SHALL BE AS PER CITY OF TORONTO STANDARD 235 T-705.010 COMPLETE WITH GOSS TRAP. FRAME AND COVER AS PER OPSD

WATERMAINS

- ALL SERVICE CONNECTIONS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH T-1104.01, T-1104.02-1, T-1104.02-2, T-1105.02-1 ND T-1105.02-2.
 WATERMAIN AND WATERMAIN AFPURTENANCES SHALL CONFORM TO CITY OF TORONTO
- MATERIAL/MANUFACTURER SPECIFICATIONS, SEE CHAPTER 6, MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS,
- MATEMAL/MANUFACTURER SPECIFICATIONS. SEE CHAPTER 6, MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS. ALL POLYNNYL CHLORDE (PVC) PIFES, RANGING IN 325 FROM 100 MM IN THROUGH 300 MM IN DIAMETER SHALL BE PRESSURE CLASS 235, DR 18 AND MANUFACTURED IN ACCORDANCE AWMA 2300-07 AND TO CS B 137.3-05 AND SHALL HAVE CAST IRON OUTSDE DIAMETER DIMENSIONS. ALL PVC PIFE LARGER THAN 350 MM THROUGH 400 MM IN DIAMETER, SHALL BE PRESSURE CLASS 235, DR 18 AND MANUFACTURED IN ACCORDANCE TO AWWA C306-97 STANDARD AND CSA B137.3-05 AND SHALL HAVE CAST IRON OUTSDE DIAMETER DIMENSIONS.
- BEDDING FOR FLEXIBLE PIPE SHALL BE AS PER OPSD 802.010, 802.013 OR 802.014 MINIMUM COVER ON WATERMAINS WILL BE 1.8 METRES.
- PROVISIONS FOR FLUSHING THE WATER LINE PRIOR TO TESTING AND SO FORTH MUST BE PROVIDED WITH AT LEAST A 50 MM OUTLET ON 100 MM AND LARGER LINES AS PER T-1104.03-1. COPPER LINES ARE TO HAVE FLUSHING POINTS AT THE END, THE SAME SIZE AS THE LINE, ON FIRE LINES, FLUSHING OUTLET TO BE 100 MM DIAMETER MINIMUM OR A HYDRANT
- ALL HYDRANTS TO BE AS PER CITY OF TORONTO STANDARD T-1105 01 IT SHALL CONFORM O CITY OF TORONTO MATERIAL /MANUFACTURER SPECIFICATIONS. SEE CHAPTER 6, MATERIAL
- SINGLE WATER SERVICE CONNECTIONS SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 19 MM DIAMETER AND CONFORM TO ASTM B88-03 (ASTM B88M-05 FOR METRIC SIZES) TYPE "K" SOFT COPPER AS
- ALL CURB AND VALVE BOXES TO BE LOCATED AT STREET LINE.
- 9. ALL COMB AND VALVE BOXES TO BE LOCATED AT STREET LINE. TO MECHANICAL THRUST RESTRAINTS SHALL BE INSTALLED AT ALL FITTINGS, BENDS, TEES, CROSSES, REDUCERS AND VALVES FOR ALL WATERNAIN SIZES. MECHANICAL RESTRAINTS AT JOINTS SHALL BE INSTALLED WITHIN 6.1 METRES OF EITHER SIDE OF THE VALVE FOR WATERNAINS 300 MM DIAMETER OR LARGER. MECHANICAL THRUST RESTRAINTS SHALL COMFORM TO THE MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS CONTAINED IN CITY OF TORONTO
- CONFORM TO THE MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS CONTAINED IN CITY OF TORONTO MATERIAL/MANUFACTURES SPECIFICATIONS. SEE CHAPTER 6, MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS. 11. ALL TEES, PLUGS, HORIZONTAL, VERTICAL BENDS, REDUCERS AND HYDRANTS TO HAVE CONCRETE THRUST BLOCKS AS PER CITY OF TORONTO STANDARD T-1103.001, T-1103.002. 2. WATERMAINS MUST FOLLOW THE MINISTRY OF THE ENVROMMENT PROCEDURES THAT GOVERN THE SEPARATION OF SEWERS AND WATERMAINS F-6-1. A MINIMUM VERTICAL CLEARANCE OF 0.20 LETER OFFICIAL CHAPTER OFFICIES CHAPTER OF MALL ONLINE UTFOR MENTICAL CLEARANCE OFFICIAL CLEARANCE OF 0.21 LETER OFFICIAL CLEARANCE OFFICIAL CLEA
- 0.30 METRE OVER, 0.5 METRE UNDER SEWERS AND ALL OTHER UTILITIES WHEN CROSSING. MUST ALSO MAINTAIN 2.5 METRES HORIZONTAL SEPARATION WITH SEWERS.
- 13. ALL VALVES LESS THAN 400 MM WILL BE IN A VALVE AND BOX AS PER CITY OF TORONTO STANDARD T-1101.02-2. ALL VALVES 400 MM AND LARGER WILL BE IN A CHAMBER.
- SIANDARD I-TIOIDZ-2, ALL VALVES 400 MM AND LANGER WILL BE IN A CHAMBER. 14. SACRIFICAL ANODES TO BE INSTALLED FOR ALL METAL PIPES AND APPURTENANCES, WATER SERVICES AND FITTINGS AS PER CITY OF TORONTO STANDARD T-1106.04, T-1106.05 AND T-1106.06 CONSTRUCTION SECLIFICATION T.S. 7.22.
- 15. TRACER WIRE INSTALLATION AS PER CITY OF TORONTO CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION T.S.
- 7.40. IS ALL PROPOSED WATER PIPING MUST BE ISOLATED FROM EXISTING LINES IN ORDER TO ALLOW INDEPENDENT PRESSURE TESTING AND CHLORINATING FROM THE EXISTING SYSTEM. FLUSHING, SWABBING, AND TESTING OF WATERMAIN AS PER ONTARIO PROVINCIAL STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS (OPSS), AS WELL AS CITY OF TORONTO SPECIFICATION TS 7.30 OR LATEST MENDMENT.
- 17. AFTER PASSING THE HYDROSTATIC PRESSURE TEST AND LEAKAGE TEST. CHLORINATION CAN A FLEM PASSING THE HYDROSTATIC PRESSURE TEST AND LEAKAGE TEST, CHLORINATION CAN PROCEED. SAMPLING OF THE NEW MAINS IS TO BE DONE AT THE REQUIRED LOCATIONS PRIOR TO CONNECTING TO THE CITY WATERMAIN SYSTEM. THE TEE FITTING IS TO BE CUT INTO THE EXISTING WATERMAIN TO MAKE THE CONNECTION. TO MAINTAIN THE PRESSURE IN THE NEW MAIN DURING INSTALLATION OF SERVICE, A 50 MM BY-PASS WITH AN APPROVED PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL BACKFLOW PREVENTER, MOUNTED ABOVE CROUND LEVEL IS TO BE INSTALLED AROUND THE CLOSED ISOLATING VALVE.
- 18. CITY IN-SERVICE WATER VALVES CAN ONLY BE OPERATED BY TORONTO WATER STAFF. WATERNAMS TO BE INSTALLED TO GRADE AS SHOWN ON A APPROVED TO BE INSTALLED TO GRADE SHEET MUST BE SUPPLIED TO INSPECTOR PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK, WHEN REQUESTED BY INSPECTOR.
- 17. INSULATE WATERMAIN WHERE COVER IS LESS THAN 1.8M.

WATERMAIN - FILL AREAS

- PIPES ARE NOT TO BE LAID ON FILL UNTIL THE FIELD DENSITY TEST REPORTS HAVE BEEN SUBMITTED AND APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
 FILL TO BE PLACED TO A MINIMUM OF 600 MM ABOVE THE WATERMAIN GRADES AND TO 3 METRES MINIMUM ON EACH SIDE PRIOR TO WATERMAIN LAYING COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM OF 100 PERCENT STANDARD PROTOTO DENSITY IN 300 MM LIFTS.
 SOLL DENSITY TESTS SHALL BE TAKEN ALONG CONTRELINE OF THE WATERMAIN AND ON LINES 1.5 METRES ON EITHER SIDE OF SAME AT A MAXIMUM INTERVAL OF 30 METRES. TESTS TO BE TAVEN AT EACH GOILM LIFT.
- BE TAKEN AT EACH 600 MM LIFT. ALL HYDRANTS, TEES, VALVES, BENDS, PLUGS AND EACH PIPE JOINT ARE TO BE
- MECHANICALLY RESTRAINED
- 5. PIPE JOINT DEFLECTIONS ARE NOT ALLOWED.

ADDITIONAL SEWER NOTES

- 1. MODULGC RINGS SHALL EXTEND 300MM MAXIMUM BELOW CATCHBASIN OR MANHOLE COVER FRAME AND THE REMANING DISTANCE SHALL BE BUILT UP WITH PRECAST CONCRETE ADJUSTNETT UNITS 1200MM OR LARGER
- 2. MANHOLES OVER 5M DEEP SHALL HAVE SAFETY PLATFORMS ACCORDING TO OPSD-404.020 MODIFIED WITH FIBRE REINFORCED PLASTIC LANDINGS.
- 3. INSTALL FACTORY MADE TESS (CITY STD. 1-708.01 AND T-708.03) FOR LATERAL CONNECTIONS TO SEWERS INCLUDING CORE DRILLING AND FACTORY MADE SADDLES FOR CONNECTION TO EXISTING SEWERS.
- 4. AT ALL MANNULSS USE TEXPLEX PIPE-TO-MANHOLE CONNECTORS KOR-N-SEAL ASSEMBLIES FOR 450MM DIAMETER PIPES OR SMALLER, EXCLUDING DROP CONNECTIONS. 5. INSULATE SEWERS AS PER CITY STD. T-708.01-4 WHERE COVER IS LESS THAN 1.2m.
- 6. CATCHBASIN CONNECTION TO MAIN SEWER AS PER OPSD-708.010 GOSS TRAPS SHALL NOT RESTRICT FLOWS
- GRANULAR MATERIALS INCLUDING SEWER EMBEDMENT SHALL NOT CONSIST OF RECLAIMED/RECYCLED MATERIAL
- 9. THE USE OF HIGH PERFORMANCE BEDDING (HPB) FOR SEWER PIPE BEDDING/BACKFILL WILL NOT BE PERMITTED UNLESS REQUIRED AS A RESULT OF A SPECIFIC TRENCH CONDITIONS AND SUPPORTED WITH A RECOMMENDATION FROM A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER WHICH WILL INCLUDE THE POTENTIAL FOR MIGRATION OF NATIVE FINES INTO HPB VOIDS AND ITS MITIGATION

9. GRANULAR EMBEDMENT MATERIALS FOR SEWERS SHALL BE NATIVE GRANULAR A MATERIAL

GRADING & ROAD / PAVEMENTS

- 1 ALL AREA GRADING AND RESULTING DRAINAGE PATTERNS SHALL NOT ADVERSELY AFFECT
- ADJACENT LANDS. THE STORM DRAINAGE SHALL BE SELF CONTAINED WITHIN THE SUBJECT PROPERTY UNTIL IT CAN BE DISCHARGED, REUSED, INFILTRATED AND/OR EVAPOTRANSPIRATED IN A MANNER ACCEPT
- MINIMUM GENERALLY ACCEPTED GRADIENT 2.0%
- MAXIMUM GENERALLY ACCEPTABLE GRADIENT 5.0%
- 5. MAXIMUM ACCEPTABLE SLOPE 3 PARTS HORIZONTAL TO 1 PART VERTICAL (3:1). MONIMUM ADDL TADLE LOUID INTO TONICUTATE TO THAT TENTOR (US 1) AND ADDLE LOUID ADDLE TONICUTATE TO THAT TANNA ADDLE LOUID ADDLE TO THE CITY.
- MINIMUM SWALE GRADIENT 2.0%.
- MINIMUM SWALE DEPTH 150MM.

SURFACES

DIVISION.

EILL

CONTENT

5. FILL SHALL BE PLACED AS FOLLOWS:

MANAGER DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING

7. FILL SHALL MEET THE REMEDIATION PLAN REQUIREMENTS

ACCEPTED TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CITY OF TORONTO STANDARDS. THIS ACCEPTANCE IS NOT TO BE CONSTRUED AS VERIFICATION OF ENGINEERING

REQUIREMENTS.

- . ALL SWALES OR DITCHES HAVING A VELOCITY IN EXCESS OF 1.5M/S SHALL BE DESIGNED TO NCORPORATE FROSION PROTECTION
- 10. THE MINIMUM GRADIENT ON ANY DRIVEWAY SHALL BE 2.0%. THE MAXIMUM DRIVEWAY GRADIENT IS 8.0%.
- 1. RETAINING WALLS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED ENTIRELY ON THE UPPER PROPERTY SO THAT THE BACKS (IF REQUIRED) DO NOT CROSS PROPERTY BOUNDARIES.

15. THE CONCRETE CURB, CONCRETE SIDEWALK (IF APPLICABLE) AND ALL RESTORATION ALONG FRONTING ROADWAYS TO THE SITE MUST BE CONSTRUCTED AND CARRIED OUT IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE AND CURRENT CITY OF TORONTO STANDARDS.

T-600.11-1 - CONCRETE CURB (BORDERING DRIVEWAY RETURN CURB AT ENTRANCES)

16. PRIOR TO PAVING, REMOVE UNSUITABLE MATERIAL AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. 17. CRUSHED LIME STONE SHALL BE USED FOR ALL GRANULAR BASE MATERIAL BELOW ASPHALT

TEQUITEMENTS. 21. SET EXISTING AND PROPOSED MANHOLES, CATCHBASINS, VALVES, ETC. TO BASE ASPHALT IF TOP ASPHALT WILL BE PAVED AFTER THE UPCOMING WINTER AND RAISE THEM PRIOR TO PLACING TOP ASPHALT.

23. MINIMUM ROAD CURB SLOPE IS 0.6% AND AT HORIZONTAL CURVES (AT INTERSECTIONS) THE CURB

SLOPE IS TUDE TSOMM SUB DRAIN AS PER CITY STANDARD T-216.02-8.
24. SUPPLY AND PLACE TSOMM SUB DRAIN AS PER CITY STANDARD T-216.02-8.
25. STANDARD SIDEWALK THICKNESS SHALL BE ISOMM AND WILL BE INCREASED TO A THICKNESS OF 180MM AT ALL ENTRANCES CONCRETE SIDEWALKS INCLUDE 150MM GRANULAR BASE AS OUTLINED IN CITY OF TORONTO SPECIFICATION T.S.3.70

UNLESS INDICATED OTHERWISE, ALL WORK WITHIN THE CITY RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF TORONTO DESIGN STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATION AND THE UNDERTAKING, ONTARIO PROVINCIAL STANDARDS MAY, SUBJECT TO THE APPROVAL OF THE CITY OF TORONTO, BE USED WHERE NO STANDARD OR SPECIFICATION IS NOTED. ANY DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN SITE CONDITIONS AND THE DRAWINGS MUST BE REPORTED TO THE CONSULTING ENGINEER/CITY PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION AND APPROPRIATE ACTION TAKEN TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE CITY OF TORONTO.

ALL SURVEY POINTS SHALL BE VERIFIED IN THE FIELD BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO

CONSTRUCTION. ANY DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN THE DRAWINGS AND THE LAYOUT SHALL BE

REPORTED TO THE CONSULTING ENGINEER/CITY AND THE CONSULTING ENGINEER/CITY SHALL NOTIFY THE CITY OF THE NECESSARY CHANGES.

NOTIFY THE CITY OF THE NECESSARY CHANGES. NO PORTION OF THE WORK SHALL BE CARRED OUT WITHOUT FIRST HAWING OBTAINED APPROVED CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS, APPROVED PROJECT SCHEDULE(S), APPROVED TRAFFIC STAGING PLANS AND PERMITS FOR SUCH PORTION OF THE INFRASTRUCTURE WORK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS HEREOF AND GIVING 10 WORKING DAYS PRIOR WRITEN NOTICE TO THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, TECHNICAL SERVICES THAT SUCH WORK IS TO BE CARRIED OUT WITH SUCH NOTICE TO SPECIFY THE ANTICIPATED DATE OF COMMENCEMENT OF THE WORK. A PRE-CONSTRUCTION COORDINATION MEETING WITH CITY STAFF IS TO BE HELD A WINIMUM OF FIVE WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE WORK.

THE REMOVAL OF TREES REQUIRES THE APPROVAL OF PARKS, FORESTRY AND RECREATION

DIMISION. ALL AREAS DISTURBED DURING CONSTRUCTION WITHIN THE CITY'S RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE RESTORED TO ORIGINAL OR BETTER CONDITION. GRASSED AREAS SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH 100 MM OF TOPSOIL AND SHALL BE SODDED AS PER T.S. 5.00 AND T.S. 5.10. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REFER TO THE ONTARIO TRAFFIC MANUAL BOOK 7, TEMPORARY CONDITIONS FOR TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION SIGNAGE. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERFY AND MATCH EXISTING AND LATEST STANDARD PAVEMENT STRUCTURE SHALL BE REPORTED TO THE CONSULTANT PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION AND APPROPRIATE ACTION TAKEN TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE CITY OF TORONTO.

ANY DAMAGE TO PROPERTY ADJACENT TO THE CONSTRUCTION SITE SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR.

10. CONCRETE SIDEWALK TO BE COMPLETE WITH 150 MM GRANULAR BASE OR AS DIRECTED BY THE

1. FILL SHALL BE NATIVE MATERIAL UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN, THE NATIVE MATERIAL SHALL BE FILE STALE BE UNITE MATERIAL DURESS OF MASE SHOWS, THE VALUE MATERIAL STALE OF FREE OF ORGANICS AND DEBRS AND WITH A NATURAL MOSTURE CONTENT WHICH IS WITHIN 2% OF THE OPTIMUM MOSTURE CONTENT. WET MATERIAL MAY REQUIRE AERATION FOR PROPER COMPACITON BY SPREADING THEM THINLY ON THE GROUND.

COMPACIENT BI STREAMING HINEL OF HINE COMPACTED TO 95% OF SPMDD. ALL PIPE BEDDING MATERIAL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 95% OF SPMDD. FILL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 95% SPMDD, EXCEPT UNDER PAVED SURFACES, WHERE THE UPPER 1.0M OF THE SUBGRADE SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 96% SPMDD. THE LIFT OF EACH LAYER SHALL BE LIMITED TO 200MM OR THE LIFT THICKNESS SHALL BE DETERMINED BY TEST

STONES CREATER THAN 75MM IN ANY DIMENSION WILL NOT BE PERMITTED IN BACKFILL PLACED WITHIN 300MM OF UTILITIES AND PAVEMENT SUBGRADE.

6. REFER TO "WATERMAIN-FILL AREAS" NOTES FOR FILL REQUIREMENTS AT PROPOSED WATERMAINS.

THE AREA SHALL BE STRIPPED OF ALL EXISTING TOPSOL AND OTHER UNSUITABLE MATERIALS. ALL SOFT SPOTS SHALL BE SUB-EXCAVATED. THE EXPOSED NATVE SUBGRADE SHALL BE EXAMINED BY THE SOLS CONSULTANT PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF FILL THE FILL SHALL BE PLACED, SUCH THAT THE SPECIFIED FILL GEOMETRY IS ACHIEVED. TYPICALLY THE FILL MUST NOT BE PLACED BETWEEN THE PERIOD BETWEEN LATE NOVEMBER AND EARLY APRIL, AS IT IS DIFFICULT TO ENSURE THAT THE FILL IS FREE OF FROZEN SOLS. IF GRANULAR MATERIAL/RECYCLED CONCRETE IS USED, THE ABOVE PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES ARE NOT NECESSARY.

IM TORONTO ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION SERVICES

DATE

1.1 THE AREA SHALL BE STRIPPED OF ALL EXISTING TOPSOIL AND OTHER UNSULTABLE

22. SAW CUT EXISTING PAVED SURFACES FULL DEPTH AND IN STRAIGHT LINES, WHERE PROPOSED AND EXISTING PAVED SURFACES MEET.

12. MAXIMUM PONDING DEPTH 0.3 METERS. MAXIMUM PONDING DEPTH 0.3 METERS.
 MAXIMUM PONDING DEPTH 0.3 METERS.
 ROPORSED SPOT ELEVATIONS WILL BE SHOWN FOR ASPHALT, LANDSCAPE OR CONCRETE AREAS. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, TOP OF CURB ELEVATIONS ARE 0.15M ABOVE ASPHALT ELEVATIONS EXCEPT AT CURB DEPRESSIONS AND WHEEL CHAIR RAMPS.
 MIERE NEW ASPHALT WATCHES EXSTING ASPHALT, GRIND EXSTING ASPHALT A MINIMUM OF 300MW MOVE AND 40MW DEPE FOR KEYNG. APPLY HOT RUBBER SEALING COMPOUND IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSS 1212. ALL SURFACES TO BE TACK COATED WITH SS-1.
 THE ONLOTET CONFORMED (CONFORMED (CONFORMED)) ADD ALONG

- CITY OF TORONTO STANDARDS INCLUDE BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO: T-350.01 – URBAN ENTRANCES T-310.010-2 – CONCRETE SIDEWALK WITH BOULEVARD T-310.010-4 – COMBINED CONCRETE CURB AND SIDEWALK

T-600.050-1 - CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER

20. REFER TO TORONTO STANDARD SPECIFICATION 310 FOR PAVEMENT COMPACTION

18. GRANULAR ROAD BASE SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 100% SPMDD. 19. ASPHALT SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 92.0% TO 96.5% MRD.

SLOPE IS 1.0% MINIMUM UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN.

ADDITIONAL ROAD IMPROVEMENT NOTES:

SEDIMENT BARRIERS, CHECK DAMS, AND TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ACCESS TO BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO THE BEGINNING OF CONSTRUCTION.

ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES TO BE ROUTINELY INSPECTED AND MAINTAINED IN PROPER WORKING ORDER

IF NECESSARY, TRUCKS WILL BE WASHED DOWN BEFORE LEAVING THE SITE.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

UNTIL AREA IS STABILIZED.

FRONTACE

CONSTRUCTION

APPROPRIATE LOCAL AGENCY

ARCHITECT - SWEENY&CO ARCHITECTS INC.

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT - LAND ART DESIGN

PROVIDED BY OTHERS:

CONTROL SYSTEMS

TANK STRUCTURAL DESIGN TANK WATERPROOFING PROPRIETARY SWM EQUIPMENT GREYWATER IRRIGATION SYSTEM

GREYWATER TOILET FLUSHING SYSTEM

MAINTENANCE BY BUILDING OWNER

THE INTENDED FUNCTION.

TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY NOTES:

OBSTRUCTIONS

TANK VENTING

RESOLUTION.

THE STE WILL BE WET DOWN IN EXCESSARY TO CONTROL DUST. ALL CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT MUST BE PARKED ON-SITE. ALL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY WILL COMPLY WITH CITY OF TORONTO NOISE BYLAW.

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE TO BE AS PER CITY OF TORONTO STANDARD T-219.130-ALL CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES TO ENTER AND EXIT SITE FROM TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ACCESS.

ALL CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES TO ENTER AND EXIT SITE FROM TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ACCESS. ALL TOPSOLI STOCKPILES TO DE SURROUNDED WITH SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCING. FILTER FABRIC TO BE PLACED UNDER GRATES ON ALL CATCHBASINS TO TRAP SEDIMENT. SILT TRAPS ARE TO BE QLEANED REGULARLY AND ARE NOT TO BE REMOVED UNTIL SUCH TIME AS THE CURBS ARE CONSTRUCTED AND THE BOULEVARDS ARE SODED OR BACKYARDS GRADED AND SODDED. FILTER FABRIC FOR SILT CONTROL TO BE TERRA FIX 270R OR APPROVED EQUIVALENT. 11. FILTER CLOTH WILL BE PLACED ON THE CATCHBASINS ON PUBLIC STREET ACROSS THE PROPERTY'S

FRONTAGE.
IN THE CASE OF ANY CONFLICT WITH ANOTHER PLAN, THIS PLAN PREVAILS ONLY IN RESPECT TO CONSTRUCTION MEASURES AND ACTIVITIES SUCH AS THE CONSTRUCTION ACCESS, SILT FENCE, SECURITY FENCING, SEDIMENT CONTROL, AND MUD MATS.
STREET SWEEPING, CATCH BASIN CLEANING AND DUST CONTROL ARE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEVELOPER AND MUST BE KEPT UNDER CONTROL ON ALL ROADWAYS TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE CITY.
MUD MATS TO BE INSTALLED AT ALL TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ACCESS POINTS.

15. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE TO DETERMINE LOCATIONS OF TOPSOIL AND/OR GRANULAR STOCKPILES WITHIN THE SITE. LOCATION OF STOCKPILES MAY CHANGE TO SUIT VARIOUS STAGES OF

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE SEPERATE STORAGE AREAS WITHIN THE SITE FOR HAZARDOUS AND WASTE MATERIALS. THE STORAGE AREAS SHALL BE LOCATED AWAY FROM ANY RECEIVING WATER BODIES, INCLUDING PONDS, SEWERS, DITCHES, ETC. AND INCLIDE SPILL CONTAINMENT AREAS WITH IMPERVIOUS SURFACES. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSELE FOR ADDRESSING AND REPORTING ANY HAZARDOUS WASTE SPILLS TO THE

APPROPRIATE LOCAL AGENCY. 17. CONTRACTOR TO ENSUME THAT PORTABLE TOILETS ARE LOCATED OFF PAVED ROADWAYS AND AWAY FROM ANY RECEIVING WATERS SUCH AS PONDS AND SEWERS. 18. THE SEDIMENT CONTROLS, INCLUDING SEDIMENTS, SHALL BE REMOVED OFF SITE AFTER GRASS SURFACES HAVE BEEN RESTORED TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE ENCINEER. 18. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROLS, AS DESCRIBED

THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ADDITIONAL SEDMENT AND EROSION CONTROLS, AS DESCRIBED IN THE "GTA CA'S EROSION & SEDMENT CONTROL GUIDELINES FOR URBAN CONSTRUCTION" AND/OR OTHER CITY OF TORONTO REQUIREMENTS ON A SITE—BY—SITE BASIS SUCH AS INTERCEPTOR SWALES/DIKES, ROCK CHECK DAMS, SEDMENT TRAPS, ETC. TO PREVENT SEDMENTS FROM THEIR CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS FROM ENTERING THE EXISTING AND PROPOSED STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEMS. AFTER ROAD CONSTRUCTION AND PRIOR TO LANDSCAPE OR SODDING OF SITE, CONTRACTOR TO INSTALL SEDMENT CONTROLS, SUCH AS SEDMENT FENCING, ALONG DOWNSTREAM EDGES OF INDIVIDUAL BLOCKS.

NOTES FOR SITE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS:

DESIGN / CONSTRUCTION RESPONSIBILITIES FOR SWM SYSTEMS WITHIN BUILDING FOOTPRINT: THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT (SWA) SYSTEM DEPICIED ON THIS DRAWING SET ESTABLISHES THE FUNCTIONAL PARAMETERS TO MEET THE OBJECTIVES OF THE APPROVED SWA PLAN. THESE PARAMETERS INCLUDE SIZE AND SHAPE OF THE TANK(S), OMICS ZIZE(S), PROPRIETARY TREATMENT UNIT(S), PIPE SIZE(S), INVERT(S), WEIR ELEVATION(S) AND ACCESS OPENING FRAME AND GRATE MODELS AND LOCATION(S).

THE HYDROLOGIC FUNCTION OF THE SWM SYSTEM IS BASED ON THE GROUND AND BUILDING SURFACES AND AREA MATERIALS (I.E. EXTENT OF GREEN ROOF, PAVING STONES AND OTHER LANDSCAPING) OUTLINED IN THE APPROVED SWM REPORT. CHANGES TO THESE MATERIALS WILL AFFECT THE SWM SYSTEM

HOWEVER, SINCE THE PRESCRIBED BUILDING SURFACES (I.E. GREEN ROOFS, ROOFTOP LANDSCAPING AND ROOF DRAIN CONVEYANCE) ARE BUILDING SYSTEMS, DETAILED DESIGN OF THESE SYSTEMS ARE UNDERTAKEN BY OTHERS. IN THAT REGARD, THE FOLLOWING PARTIES AND THEIR RESPECTIVE DESIGN DRAWINGS AND DOCUMENTATION SHOULD BE REFERRED TO WITH RESPECT TO THE CONSTRUCTION AND DECREMINGT AND MY SYSTEM.

STRUCTURAL - RJC ENGINEERS MECHANICAL - SMITH AND ANDERSON CONSULTING ENGINEERING

DETAILED DESIGN AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR THE FOLLOWING ITEMS ASSOCIATED WITH THE SWM SYSTEM ARE

 LANDSCAPE SURFACES AND GREEN ROOF SYSTEMS
 ROOF DRAINS AND AREA DRAINS (TO BE DESIGNED TO CAPTURE 100-YEAR DESIGN STORM) • STORM PIPING WITHIN THE BUILDING ENVELOPE (TO BE DESIGNED TO CAPTURE 100-YEAR DESIGN STORM) TANK(S) INLET PIPING LOCATIONS AND INVERTS

PUMPING SYSTEMS AND ASSOCIATED PIPING, VALVES, UNIONS, CHECK VALVES, FILTERS, ETC.

ELECTRICAL SUPPLY, DISTRIBUTION AND CLASSIFICATION OF AREAS

DURING CONSTRUCTION, THE CONTRACTOR IS TO IDENTIFY ANY DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN THE VARIOUS DESIGN INFORMATION PERTAINING TO THE SWM SYSTEM TO R.V.ANDERSON ASSOCIATES LIMITED FOR COORDINATION OF

THE SWM SYSTEM DEPICTED ON THE DRAWING SET REQUIRES ONGOING MAINTENANCE IN ORDER TO PRESERVE

B. CATCHEASINS, AREA DRAINS, STRIP DRAINS, ROOF DRAINS AND OTHER INLETS REQUIRE ONGOING ROUTINE CONDITION INSPECTION AND CLEANING TO ENSURE THAT THEY REMAIN FREE OF ANY BLOCKAGE OR

OBSTRUCTIONS. C. THE SWM TANK, CATCHBASINS, AREA DRAINS, STORMWATER FILTRATION SYSTEMS, AND AREA DRAIN SUMPS WILL ACCUMULATE SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS AND ONGOING ROUTINE INSPECTION AND CLEANING MUST BE PERFORMED BY A QUALIFIED/LICENSED SERVICE PROVIDER. D. OTHER MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS PRESCRIBED BY THE STRUCTURAL ENGINEER, ARCHITECT, MECHANICAL ENGINEER AND SPECIALITY CONSULTANTS DESIGNING THE GREYWATER SYSTEMS SHOULD ALSO BE ADHERED TO.

E. THE SWM TANK IS A CONFINED SPACE UNDER THE OHSA, AND THEREFORE APPLICABLE CONFINED SPACE ENTRY PROCEDURES APPLY FOR TANK ENTRY.

THE BUILDING OWNER IS CAUTIONED THAT CHANGES TO THE BUILDING AND SITE SURFACE MATERIALS MAY ALTER THE PERFORMANCE OF THE SWM SYSTEMS AND SHOULD BE REVIEWED BY A QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL

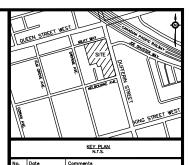
3. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM - FUNCTIONAL/DESIGN PARAMETERS REFER TO SITE SERVICING AND STAGE 2 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT - DATED JUNE 2022

TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY WAS PREPARED BY KRCMAR SURVEYORS LIMITED, DWG NAME 15-285BT01, ISSUE APRIL 25, 2019

BEARING NOTE BEARINGS SHOWN HEREON ARE ASTRONOMIC AND ARE REFERRED TO THE NORTHERLY UNIT OF MELBOURNE STREET (NOW MELBOURNE AVENUE) AS SHOWN ON REGISTERED PLAN 418 HAVING A BEARING OF N74'00'00'E.

DISTANCE NOTE BOUNDARY BEARINGS AND DISTANCES SHOWN HEREON ARE IN ACCORDANCE WITH

BENCHMARK ELEVATIONS SHOWN HEREON ARE GEODETIC AND ARE RELATED TO CITY OF TORONTO BENCH MARK No. CT1577 HAVING AN ELEVATION OF 93.128 METRES.



NO.		Commenta
1	2022/07/20	ISSUED FOR ZBA/SPA
[THIS DRAWING ALL OTHER RV	SHALL BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH

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This Drawing is Not To Be Used For Construction Until Signed By The Engineer.

NOTE: THE INFORMATION DENOTED IN BOXES WITHIN THE DRAWING DETAILS ON THIS SHEET ARE CONSIDERED TO BE PROPOSED DESIGN/SPECIFICATIONS. ALL OTHER INFORMATION IS SHOWN FOR CONTEXT ONLY. REFER TO THE APPROPRIATE DRAWINGS BY THE ARCHITECT, ALMISCAFE ARCHITECT, STRUCTURAL ENGINEER, AND MECHANICAL ENGINEER FOR DETAIL DESIGN AND SPECIFICATION OF OTHER DESIGN LELEMENTS.





R.V. Anderson Associates Limited

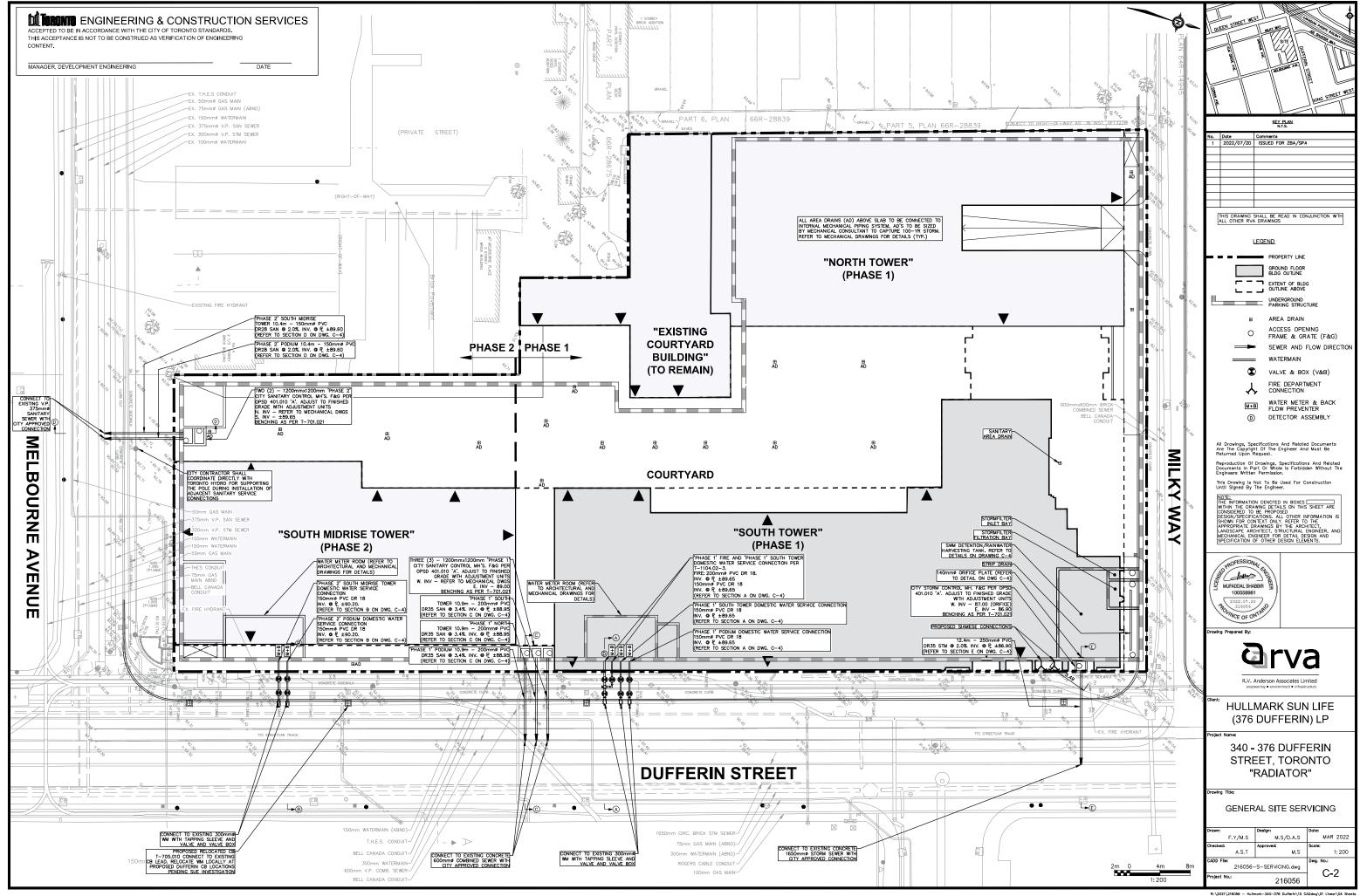
HULLMARK SUN LIFE (376 DUFFERIN) LP

340 - 376 DUFFERIN STREET, TORONTO "RADIATOR"

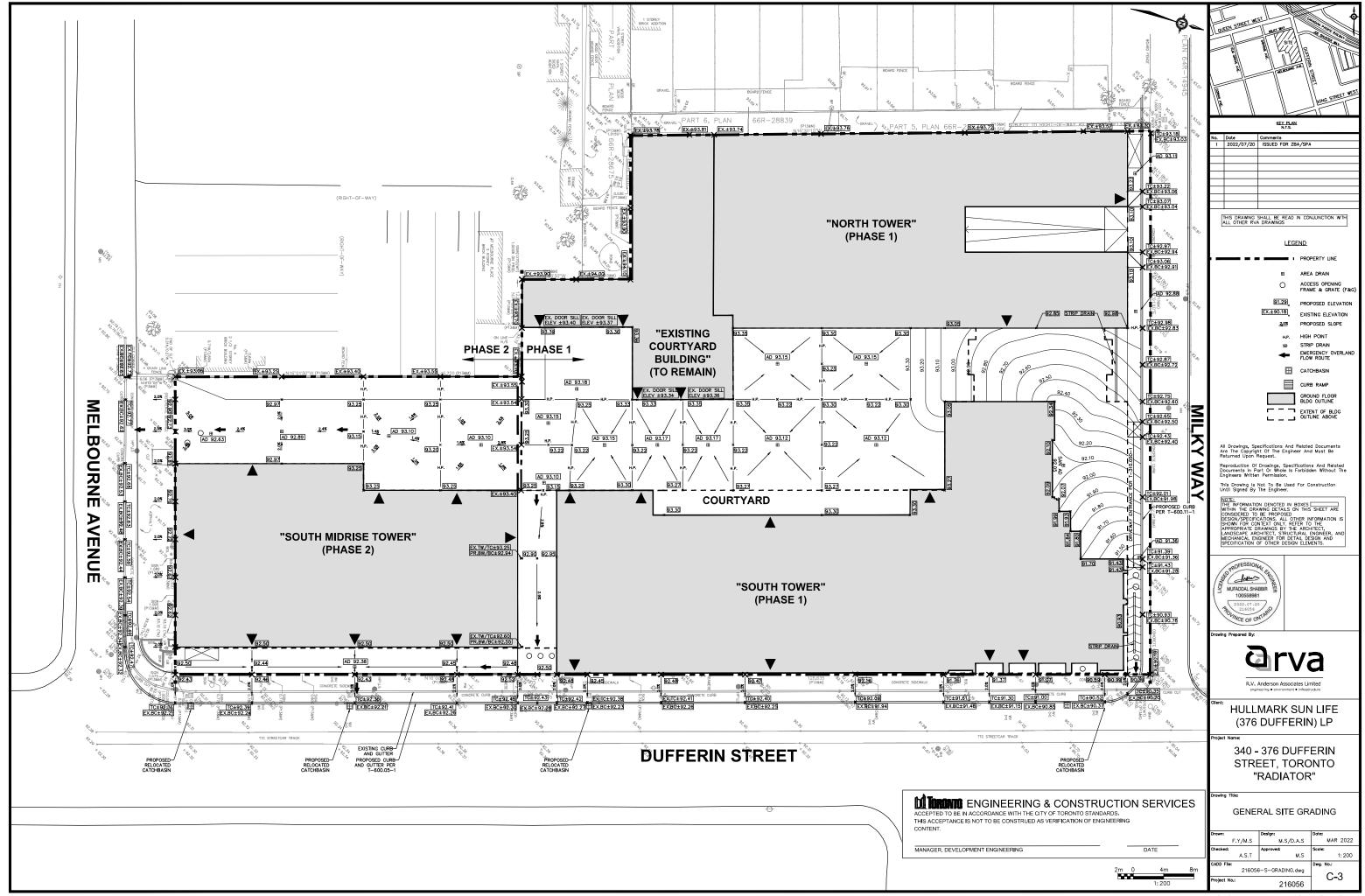
GENERAL NOTES

Drawn:	Design:	Date:
F.Y/M.S	M.S/D.A.S	MAR 2022
Checked:	Approved:	Scale:
A.S.T	M.S	1:200
CADD File:		Dwg. No.:
216056-S-GE	C-1	
Project No.:	216056	0-1

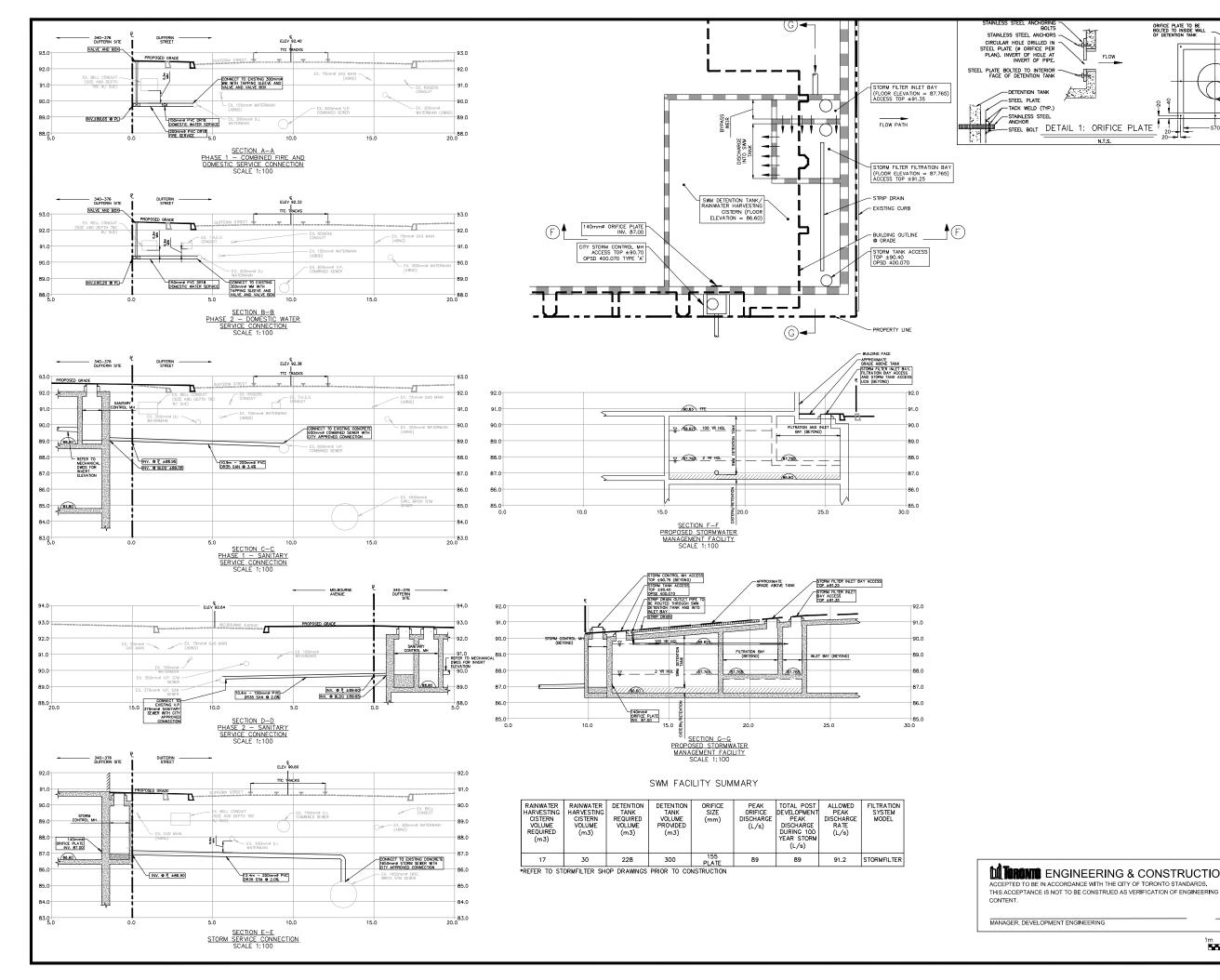
1:\2021\216056 - Hullmark-340-376 Dufferin\10 CADdwg\01 Linear\04 Shee

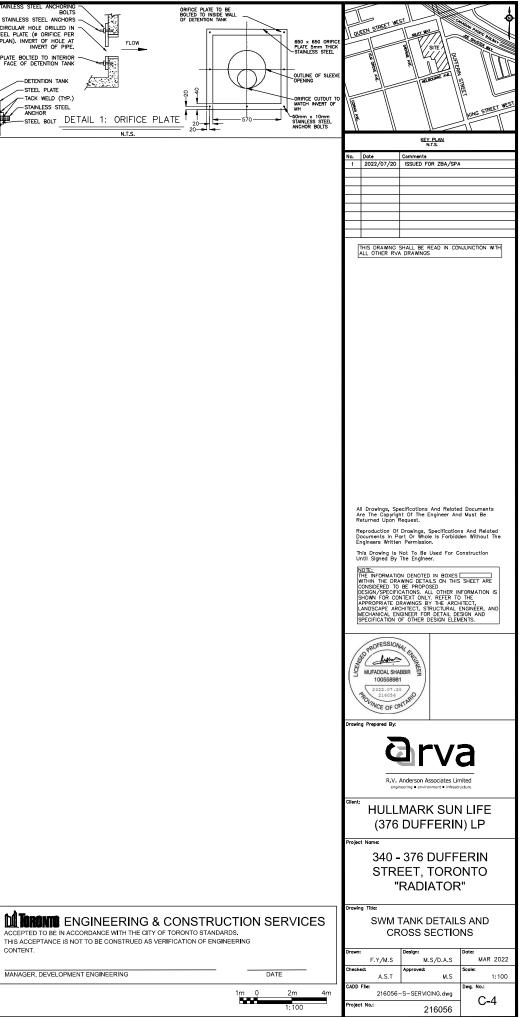


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STORMFILTER® SIZING INFORMATION

APPENDIX G



Determining Number of Cartridges for Flow Based Systems

17/03/2022 Black Cells = Calculation

Date	17/03/2022	Black Cells =			
Site Information					
Project Name	340 - 376 Dufferin Street				
Project Location	Toronto, ON				
OGS ID	OGS (PH 1&2)				
Drainage Area, Ad	1.84 ac	(0.7444 ha)			
Impervious Area, Ai	1.47 ac	. ,			
Pervious Area, Ap	0.37				
% Impervious	80%				
Runoff Coefficient, Rc	0.77				
Treatment storm flow rate, Q _{treat}	1.12 cfs	(31.8 L/s)			
Peak storm flow rate, Q _{peak}	TBD cfs				
Filter System					
Filtration brand	StormFilter				

F

Filtration brand Cartridge height Specific Flow Rate Flow rate per cartridge

StormFilter

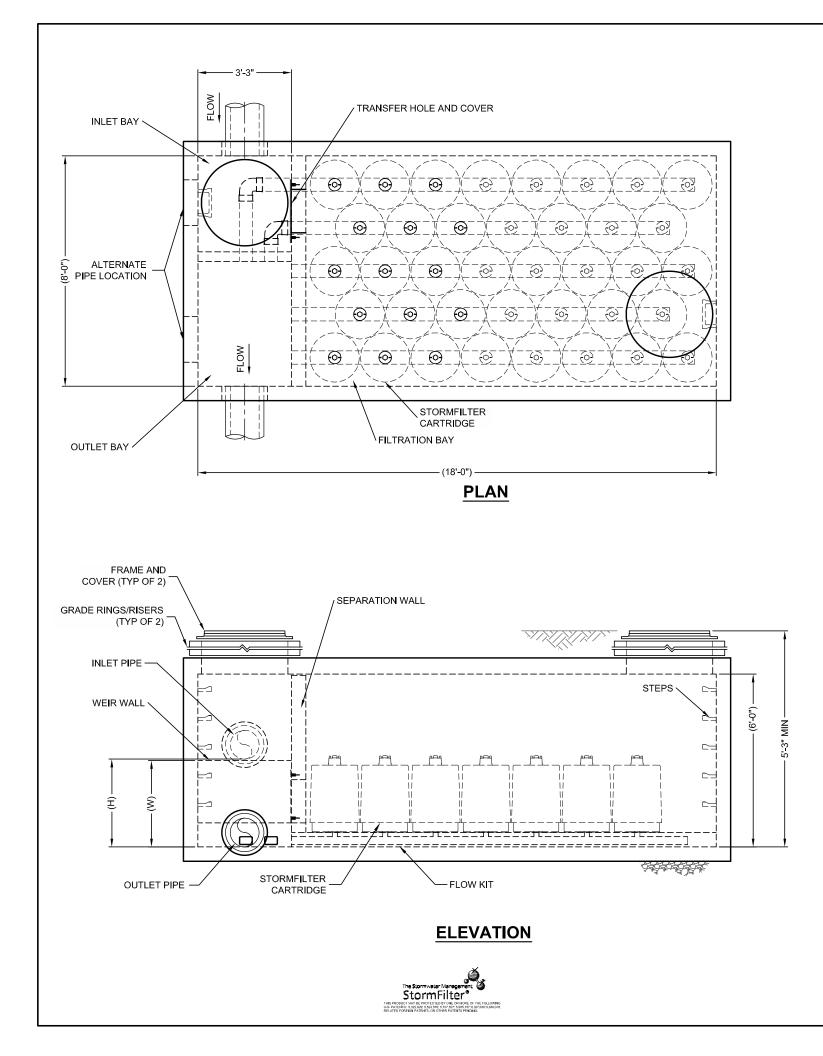
18 in 2.00 gpm/ft² 15.00 gpm

SUMMARY

Number of Cartridges	34
Media Type	Perlite
Event Mean Concentration (EMC)	150 mg/L
Annual TSS Removal	80%
Percent Runoff Capture	90%

Recommend SFPD0818 vault or CIP

200 Enterprise Drive Scarborough, ME 04074 Phone 877-907-8676 Fax 207-885-9825

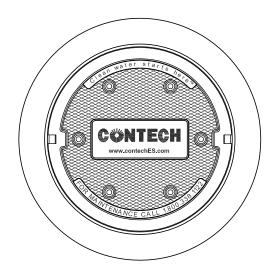


- SPECIFIC FLOW RATE. PEAK CONVEYANCE CAPACITY TO BE DETERMINED BY ENGINEER OF RECORD.
- ALL PARTS AND INTERNAL ASSEMBLY PROVIDED BY CONTECH UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

- CARTRIDGE SELECTION

CARTRIDGE HEIGHT	27" 3.05'			18" 2.3' 2.25'		LOW DROP			
RECOMMENDED HYDRAULIC DROP (H)						1.8' 1.75'			
HEIGHT OF WEIR (W)	3.00'								
SPECIFIC FLOW RATE (gpm/sf)	2 gpm/sf	1.67* gpm/sf	1 gpm/sf	2 gpm/sf	1.67* gpm/sf	1 gpm/sf	2 gpm/sf	1.67* gpm/sf	1 gpm/sf
CARTRIDGE FLOW RATE (gpm)	22.5	18.79	11.25	15	12.53	7.5	10	8.35	5

* 1.67 gpm/sf SPECIFIC FLOW RATE IS APPROVED WITH PHOSPHOSORB [®] (PSORB) MEDIA ONLY



FRAME AND COVER (DIAMETER VARIES)

N.T.S.

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATION

FILTER CARTRIDGES SHALL BE MEDIA-FILLED, PASSIVE, SIPHON ACTUATED, RADIAL FLOW, AND SELF CLEANING. RADIAL MEDIA DEPTH SHALL BE 7-INCHES. FILTER MEDIA CONTACT TIME SHALL BE AT LEAST 38 SECONDS. SPECIFIC FLOW RATE SHALL BE 2 GPM/SF (MAXIMUM), SPECIFIC FLOW RATE IS THE MEASURE OF THE FLOW (GPM) DIVIDED BY THE MEDIA SURFACE CONTACT AREA (SF). MEDIA VOLUMETRIC FLOW RATE SHALL BE 6 GPM/CF OF MEDIA (MAXIMUM).

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. CONTECH TO PROVIDE ALL MATERIALS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- 2. DIMENSIONS MARKED WITH () ARE REFERENCE DIMENSIONS. ACTUAL DIMENSIONS MAY VARY.
- REPRESENTATIVE. www.ContechES.com
- THIS DRAWING. CONTRACTOR TO CONFIRM STRUCTURE MEETS REQUIREMENTS OF PROJECT.
- CASTINGS SHALL MEET AASHTO M306 AND BE CAST WITH THE CONTECH LOGO.

INSTALLATION NOTES

- SHALL BE SPECIFIED BY ENGINEER OF RECORD.
- В. STRUCTURE (LIFTING CLUTCHES PROVIDED).
- C. CONTRACTOR TO INSTALL JOINT SEALANT BETWEEN ALL SECTIONS AND ASSEMBLE STRUCTURE.



STORMFILTER DESIGN NOTES

• THE 8' x 18' PEAK DIVERSION STORMFILTER TREATMENT CAPACITY VARIES BY CARTRIDGE COUNT AND LOCALLY APPROVED SURFACE AREA • THE PEAK DIVERSION STORMFILTER IS AVAILABLE IN A LEFT INLET (AS SHOWN) OR RIGHT INLET CONFIGURATION.

SITE SPECIFIC DATA REQUIREMENTS						
STRUCTURE ID						
WATER QUALITY	FLOW RAT	E (0	cfs)		*	
PEAK FLOW RAT	E (cfs)				*	
RETURN PERIOD	OF PEAK F	LO	W (yrs)		*	
CARTRIDGE HEIGHT (27", 18", LOW DROP(LD))				*		
NUMBER OF CARTRIDGES REQUIRED					*	
CARTRIDGE FLOW RATE			*			
MEDIA TYPE (PERLITE, ZPG, PSORB)			*			
PIPE DATA: I.E. MATERIAL DIAMETER						
INLET PIPE	1.∟. *	-			*	
OUTLET PIPE	*		*		*	
UPSTREAM RIM ELEVATION					*	
DOWNSTREAM RIM ELEVATION				*		
ANTI-FLOTATION BALLAST WIDTH			HEIGHT			
*				*		
NOTES/SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS:						
* PER ENGINEER OF RECORD						

3. FOR FABRICATION DRAWINGS WITH DETAILED STRUCTURE DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS, PLEASE CONTACT YOUR CONTECH

4. STORMFILTER WATER QUALITY STRUCTURE SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL DESIGN DATA AND INFORMATION CONTAINED IN 5. STRUCTURE SHALL MEET AASHTO HS20 LOAD RATING, ASSUMING EARTH COVER OF 0' - 5' AND GROUNDWATER ELEVATION AT, OR BELOW. THE OUTLET PIPE INVERT ELEVATION. ENGINEER OF RECORD TO CONFIRM ACTUAL GROUNDWATER ELEVATION.

A. ANY SUB-BASE, BACKFILL DEPTH, AND/OR ANTI-FLOTATION PROVISIONS ARE SITE-SPECIFIC DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS AND

CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE EQUIPMENT WITH SUFFICIENT LIFTING AND REACH CAPACITY TO LIFT AND SET THE STORMFILTER

D. CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE, INSTALL, AND GROUT PIPES. MATCH OUTLET PIPE INVERT WITH OUTLET BAY FLOOR. E. CONTRACTOR TO TAKE APPROPRIATE MEASURES TO PROTECT CARTRIDGES FROM CONSTRUCTION-RELATED EROSION RUNOFF. F. CONTRACTOR TO REMOVE THE TRANSFER HOLE COVER WHEN THE SYSTEM IS BROUGHT ONLINE.

THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STORMFILTER 8' x 18' PEAK DIVERSION STORMFILTER STANDARD DETAIL